

OPTR: **Order-Preserving** Translation and Recovery Design for **SSDs** with a Standard Block Device Interface

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Solid-State Drives (SSDs)

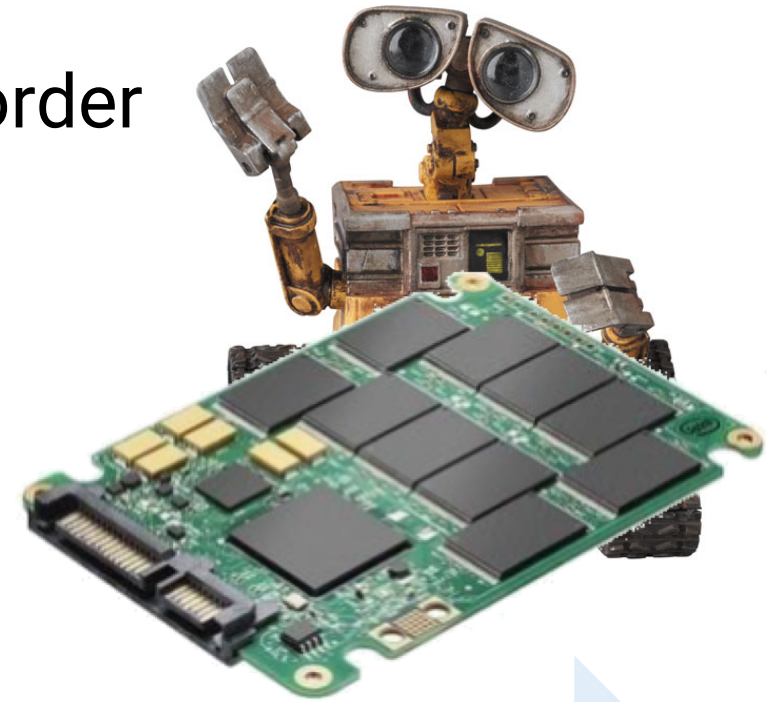
- Inherit the **interface** and a **weak guarantee** from HDDs
 - **Permit** persisting write requests in an **arbitrary order**
- Implication to FS and DBS
 - Need to frequently **flush** SSDs to ensure order
 - At the cost of performance degradation



1989



1999

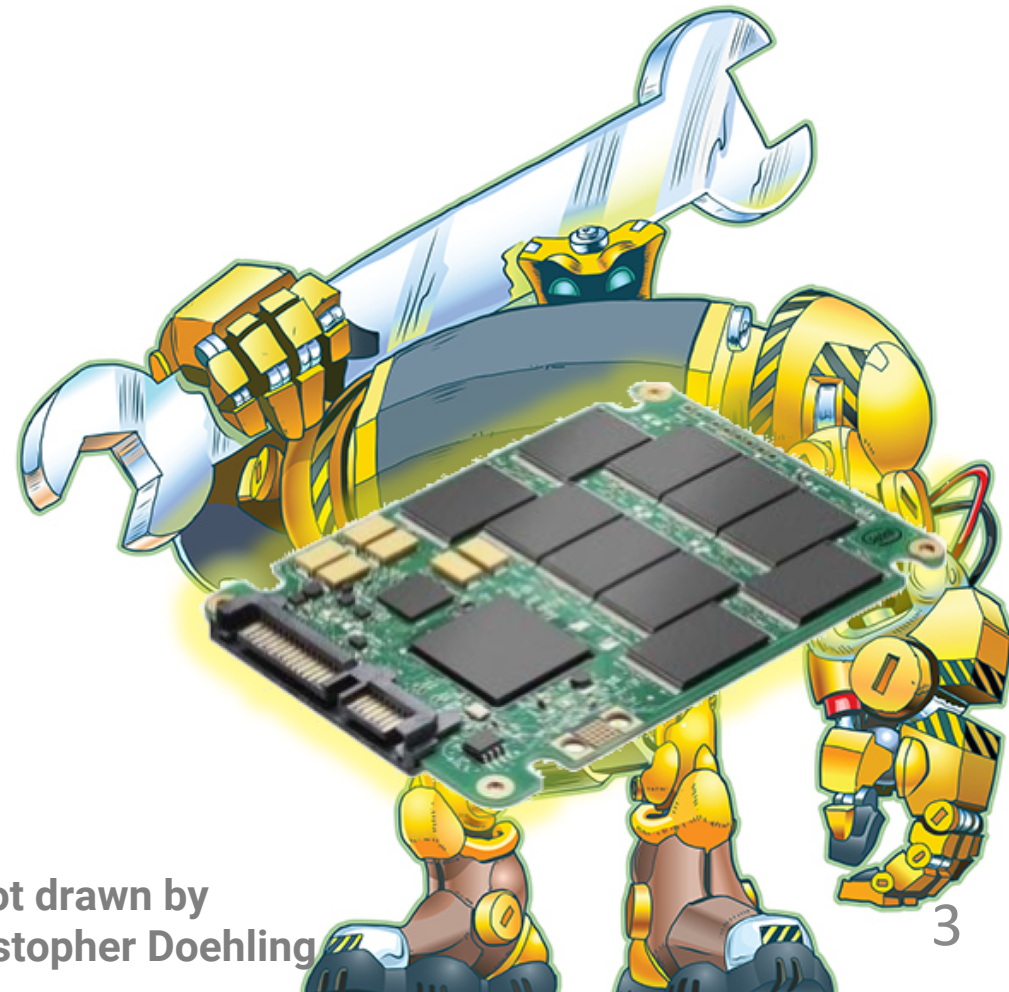


2009

2019

Order-Preserving SSDs (OP-SSDs)

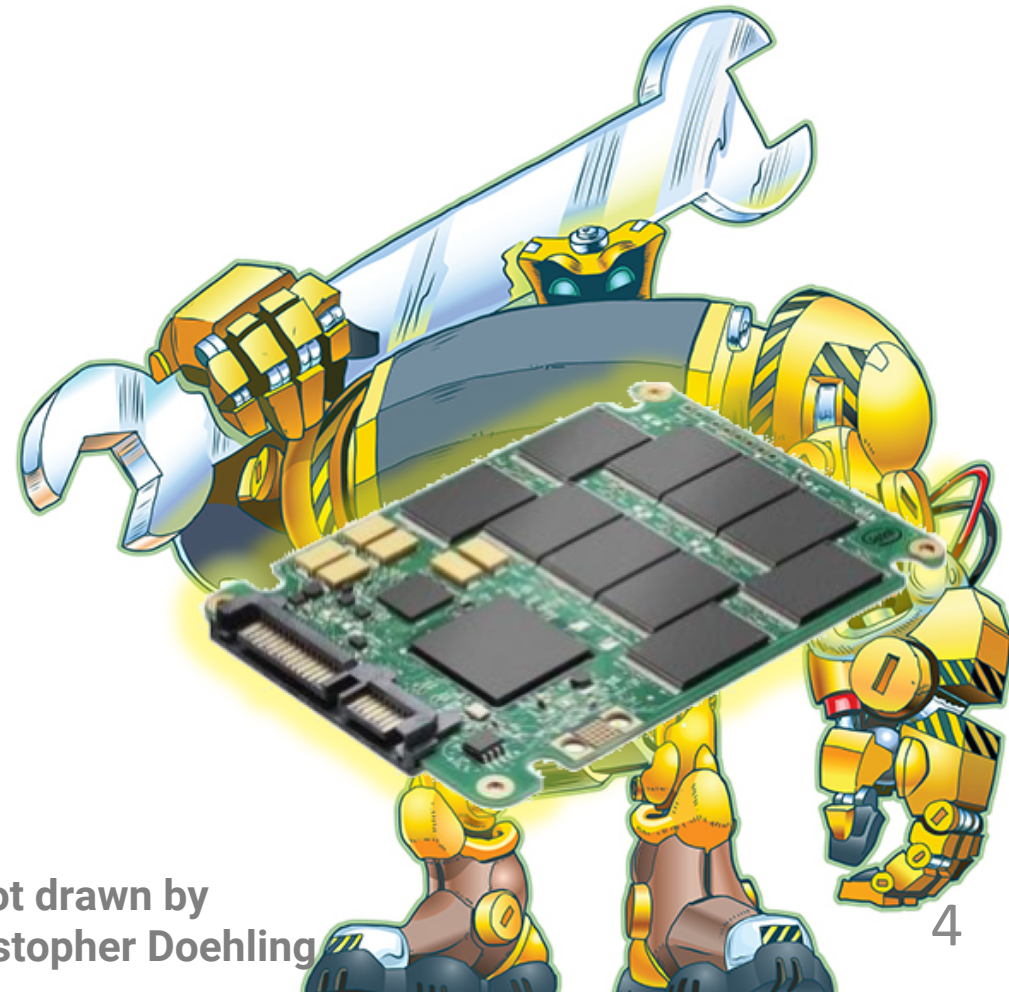
- **Strong** request-level guarantees
 - Persist all write requests **in order**
 - Persist each write request **atomically** (a bonus)
- Invariants
 - **Identical** interface to existing software, i.e., read, write, and flush
 - **Comparable** performance to traditional SSDs



Robot drawn by
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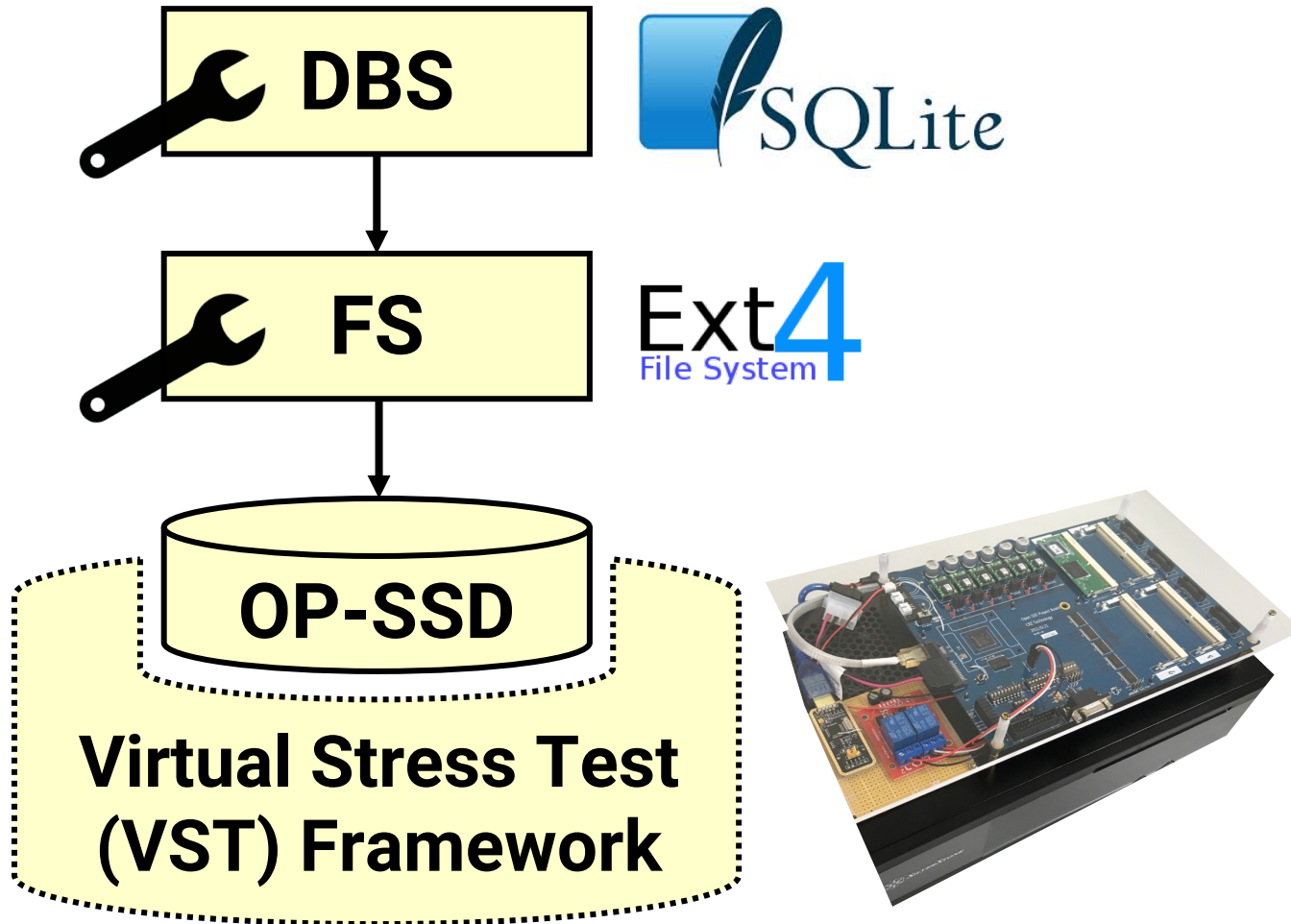
OP-SSDs in Computer Systems

- Optimize **existing FS and DBS**
 - Remove unnecessary flushes
 - Practical and manageable because OP-SSDs keep the interface intact
- Inspire **new FS and DBS**
 - Exploit the strong crash guarantees
- New **SSD firmware** research area
 - Flash-translation layers (FTLs)

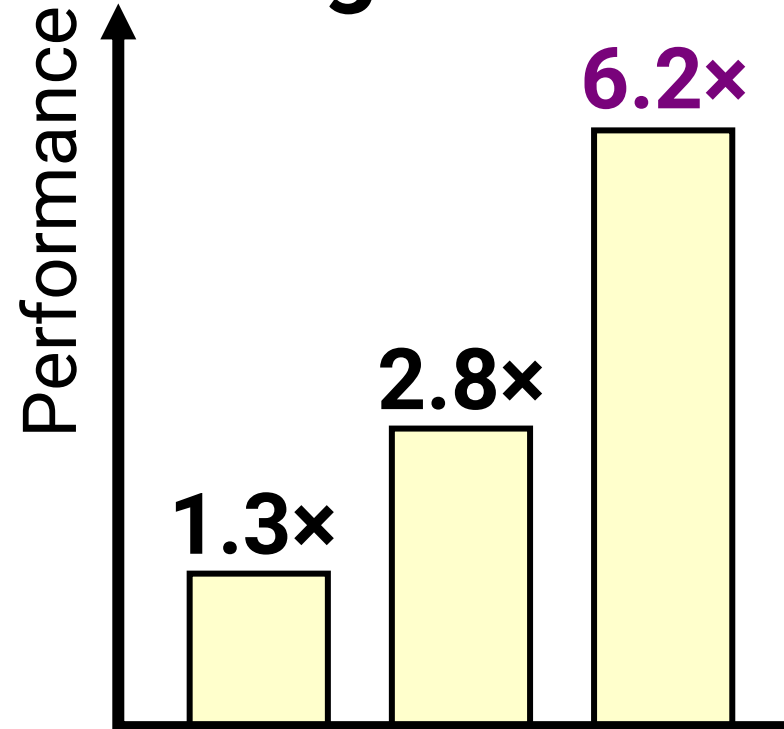


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Contributions of this Work



- Identify three usage modes



Order-Preserving SSDs

Friday 11:50 AM

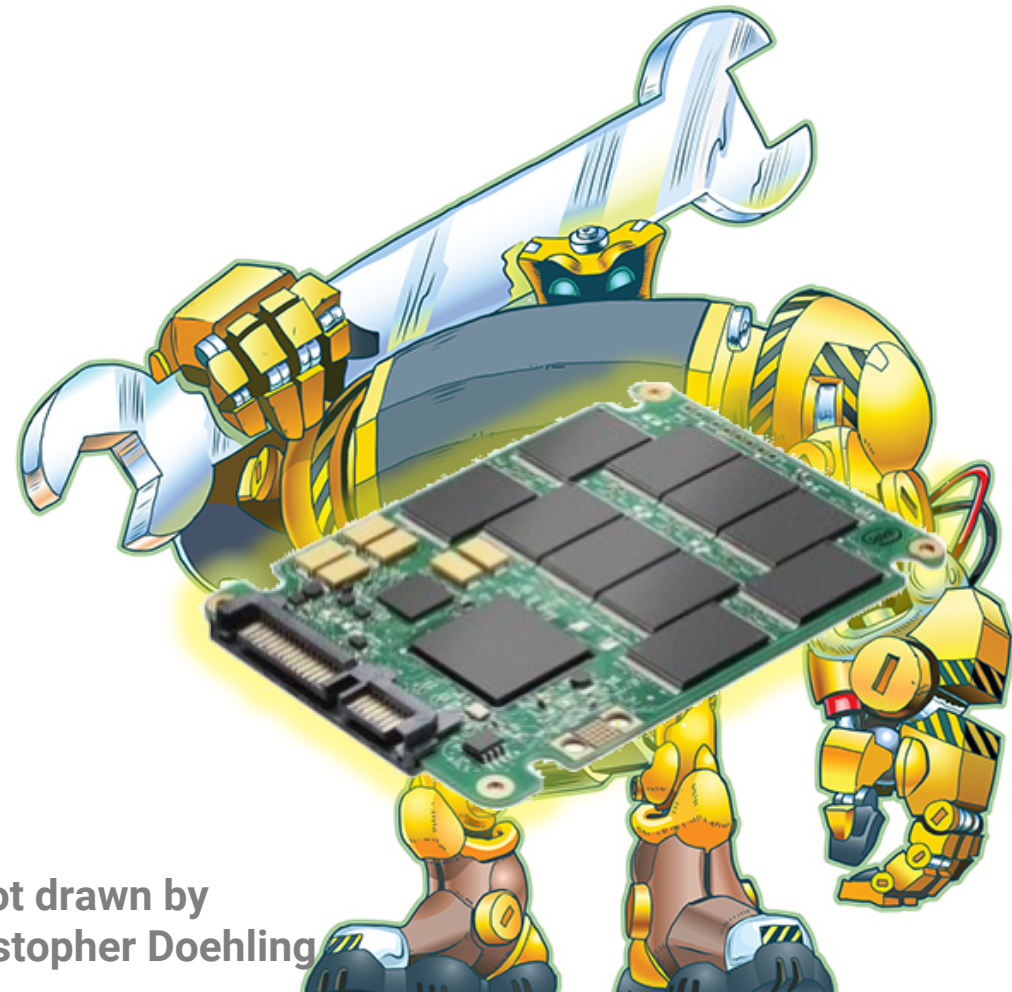
Last talk, last session

Track 1 Storage Failure & Recovery



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