

Config2Spec:

Mining Network Specifications from Network Configurations



Rüdiger Birkner, Dana Drachsler-Cohen,
Martin Vechev, Laurent Vanbever

nsg.ee.ethz.ch

NSDI'20

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ETH zürich

Many tools are available that allow you to check that your network behaves as intended

Standard recipe:

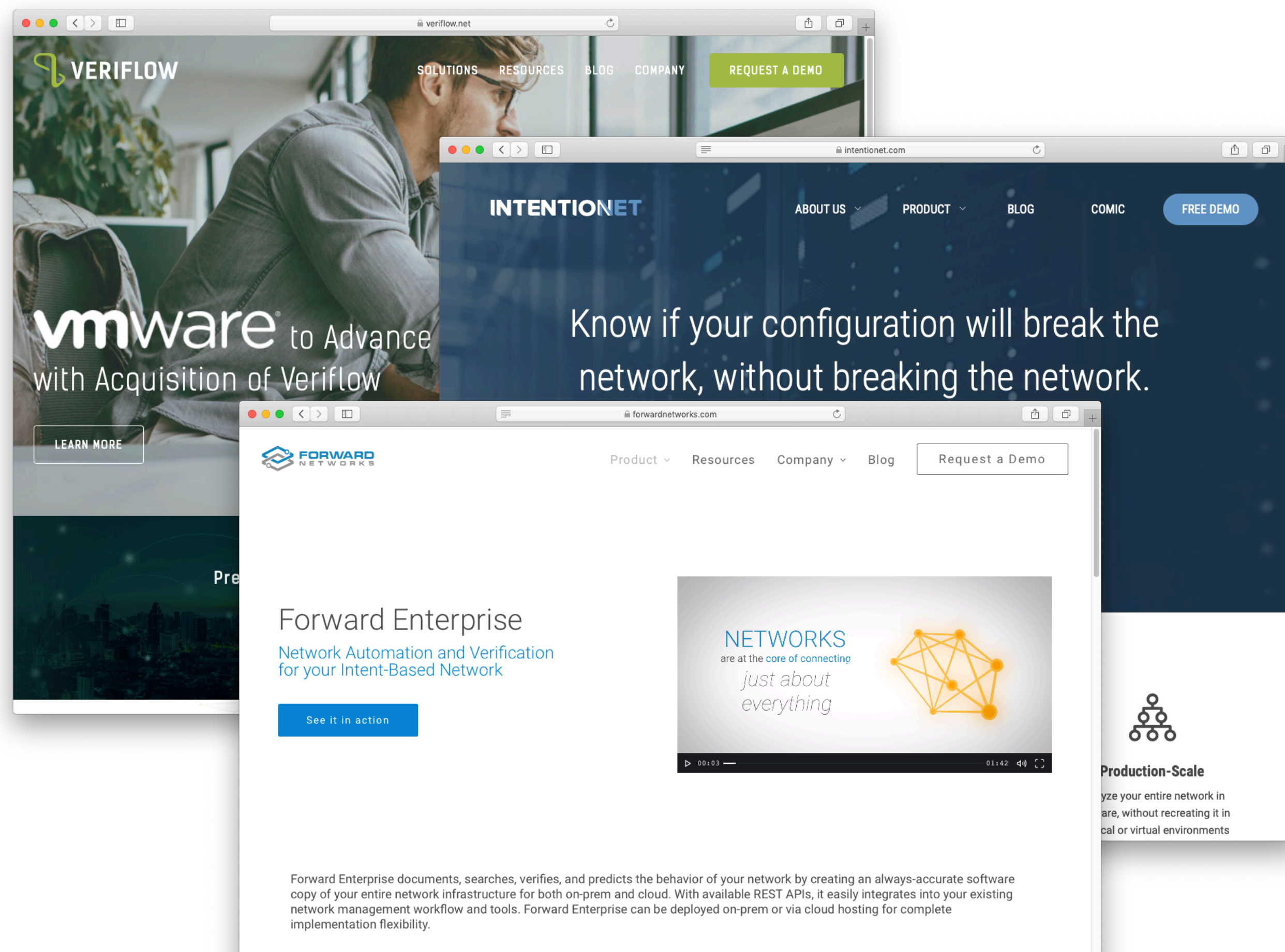
- 1 Upload configurations
- 2 Define specification
- 3 Run the tool
- 4 Iterate & deploy

The image displays three overlapping browser windows showcasing network verification tools. The top window is for Veriflow (veriflow.net), featuring a navigation menu with 'SOLUTIONS', 'RESOURCES', 'BLOG', and 'COMPANY', and a prominent 'REQUEST A DEMO' button. The middle window is for Intentionet (intentionet.com), with a dark blue header and the headline 'Know if your configuration will break the network, without breaking the network.' The bottom window is for Forward Networks (forwardnetworks.com), displaying 'Forward Enterprise' as 'Network Automation and Verification for your Intent-Based Network' and including a video player with the text 'NETWORKS are at the core of connecting just about everything'.

Many tools are available that allow you to check that your network behaves as intended

Standard recipe:

- 1 Upload configurations
- 2 **Define specification**
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Definition

The specification of a **network** is the **set of all policies** that hold...

Set of policies

reachability(r1, p1)

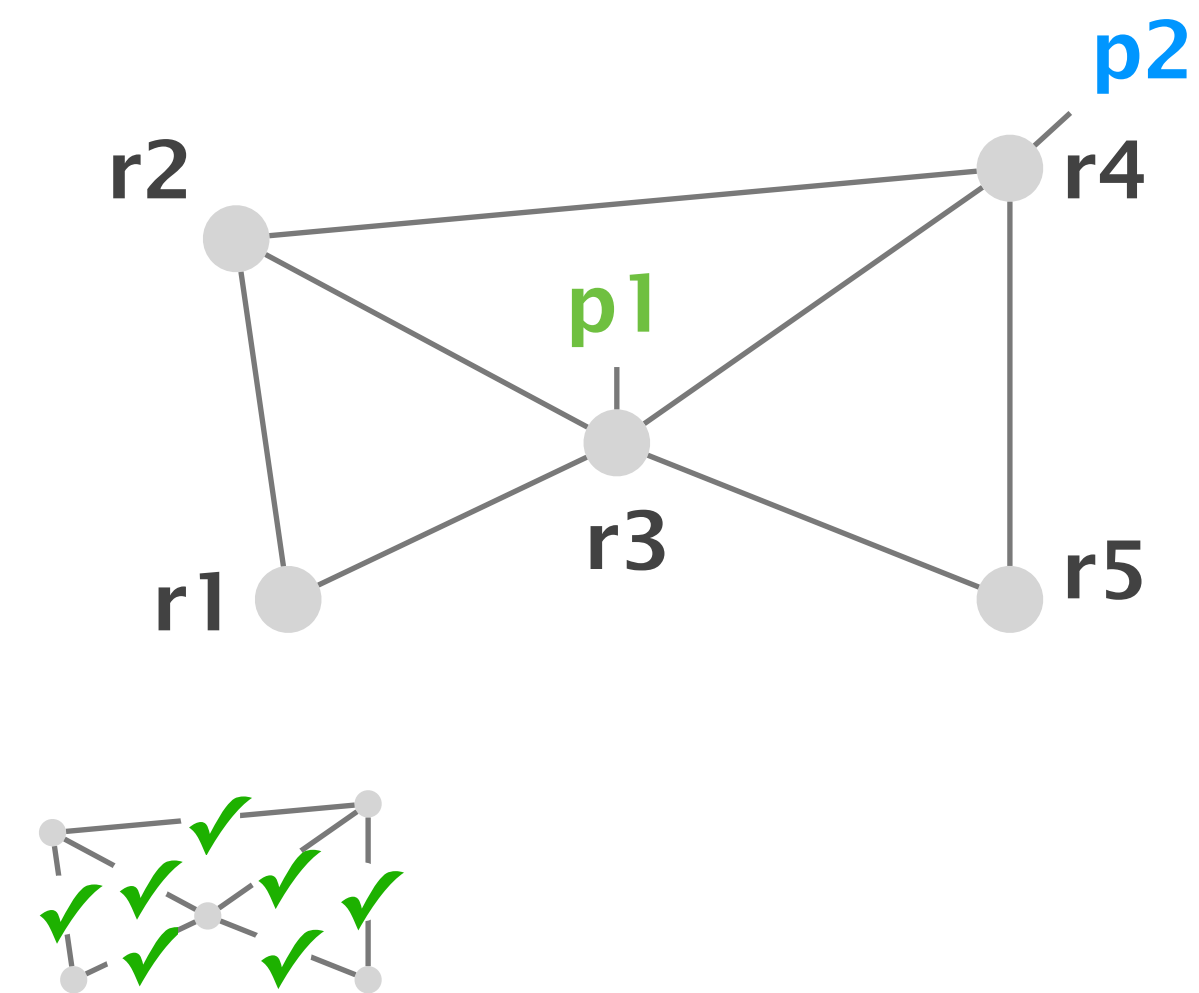
waypoint(r3, r1, p2)

reachability(r5, p2)

...

loadbalancing(r3, p2)

Topology



Definition

The specification of a **network** is the **set of all policies** that hold...

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~~reachability(r1, p1)~~

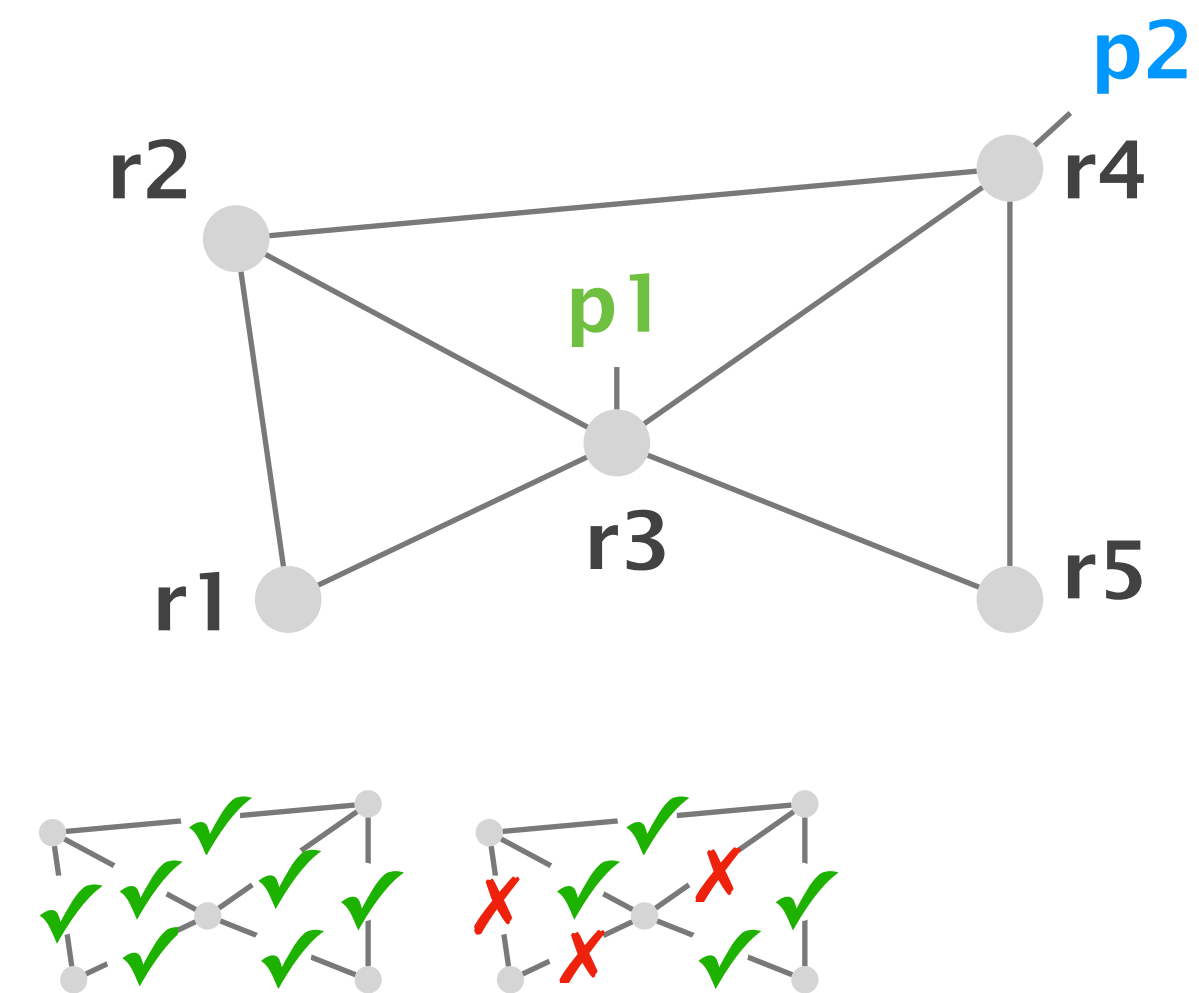
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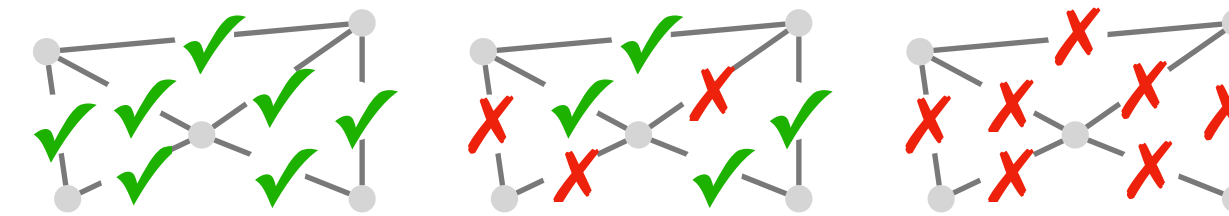
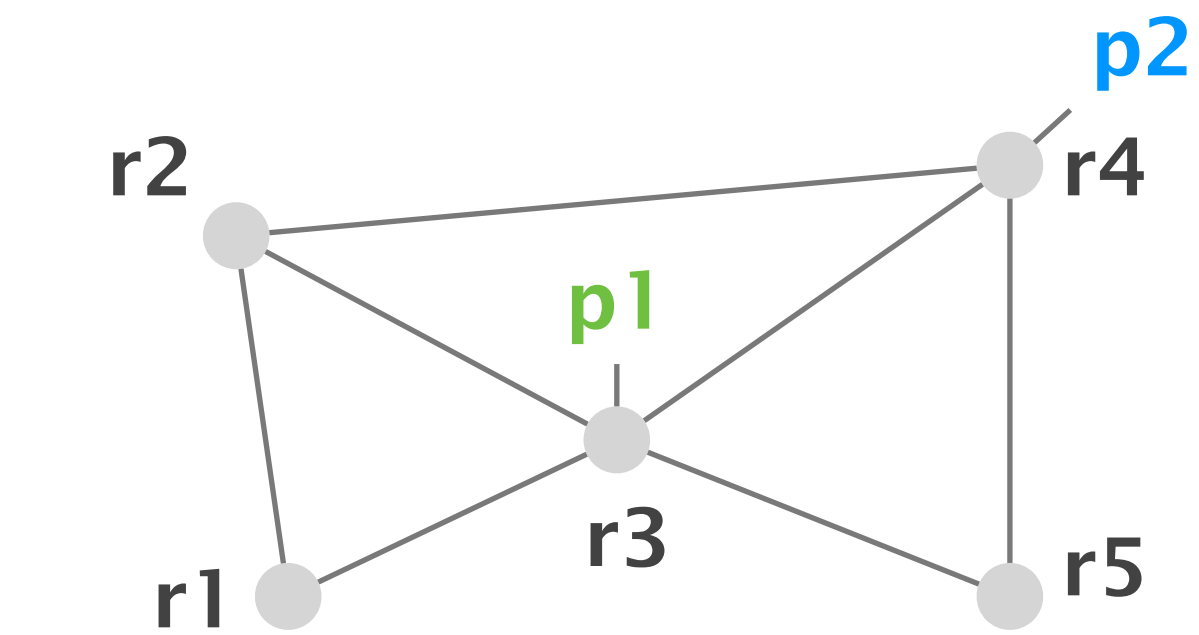
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Topology



Definition

The specification of a **network** is the **set of all policies** that hold under a given **failure model**.

Set of policies

reachability(r1, p1)

waypoint(r3, r1, p2)

reachability(r5, p2)

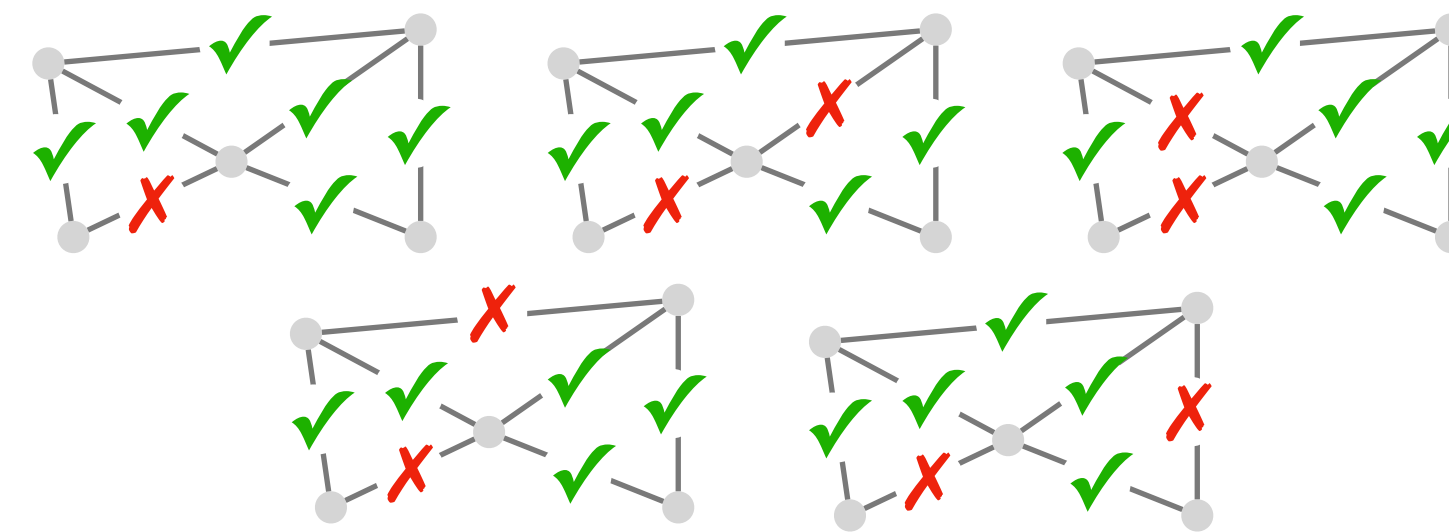
...

loadbalancing(r3, p2)

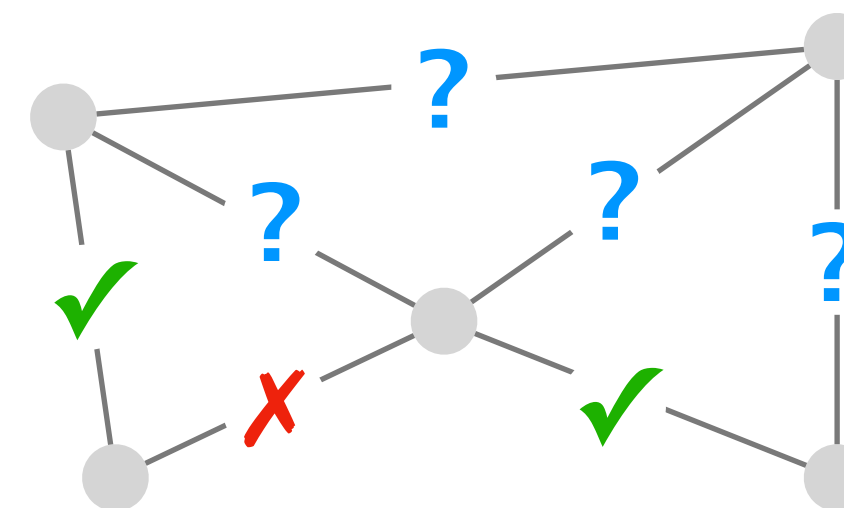
Definition

The specification of a **network** is the **set of all policies** that hold under a given **failure model**.

Set of concrete environments



Symbolic environment



Failure bound

$$k = 2$$

Definition

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Set of policies

reachability(**r1**, **p1**)

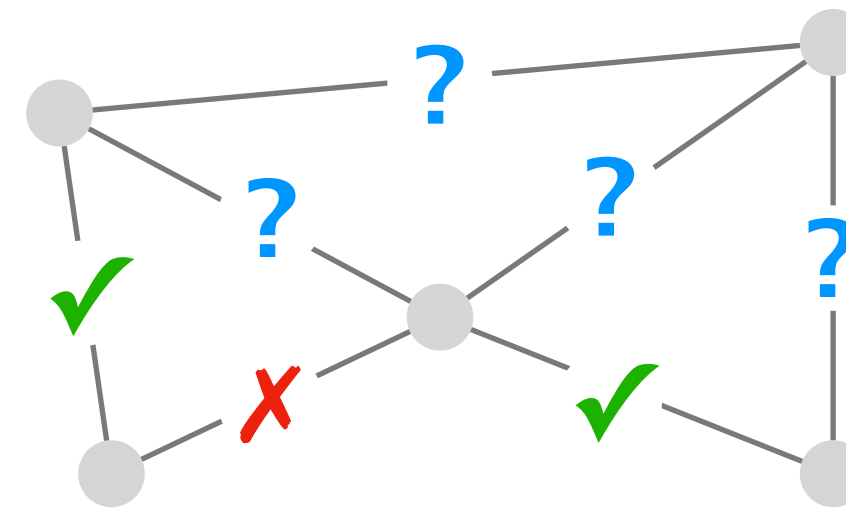
waypoint(**r3**, **r1**, **p2**)

reachability(**r5**, **p2**)

...

loadbalancing(**r3**, **p2**)

Symbolic environment



Failure bound

$k = 2$

Writing the network's precise specification is hard

 **Dr Heidi Khlaaf** (يدي خلاف).
@HeidyKhlaaf

In the past three years of working on large safety critical systems, I've learned that verification isn't the real problem, but it's writing specifications. Don't @ me.
twitter.com/Conaw/status/1...

Putting network verification to good use

Ryan Beckett
Microsoft Research

Ratul Mahajan
University of Washington
Intentionet

... However, outside of a handful of large cloud computing providers, the use of network verification is still sparse.

Standard recipe:

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Internet2's specification with its 10 routers
consists of ~4000 policy predicates.

Internet2's specification with its 10 routers
consists of ~4000 policy predicates.

Imagine writing that specification **by hand**.

Introducing

Config2Spec

Config2Spec automatically mines the network's full specification from its configuration and the given failure model

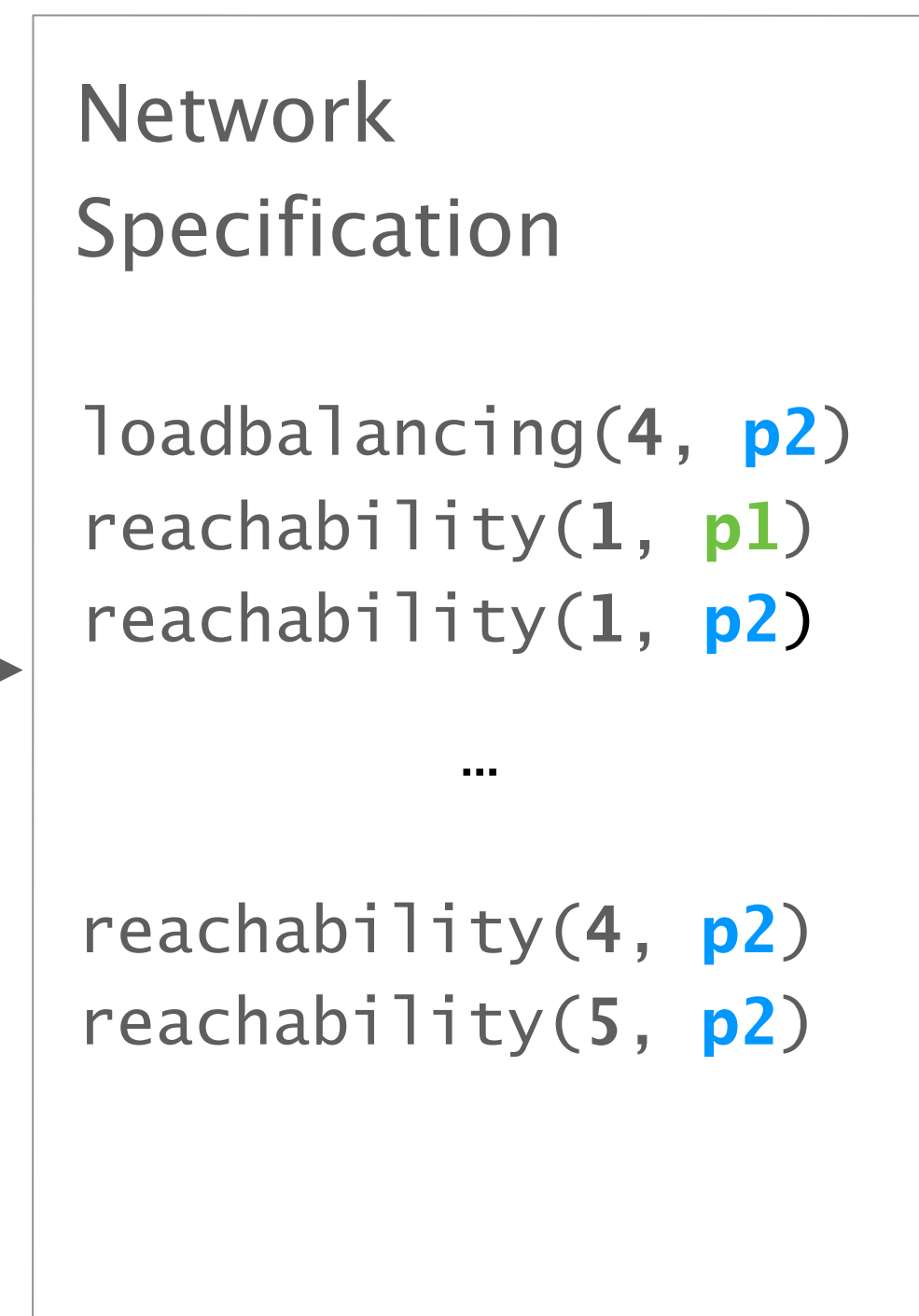
Input



Config2Spec



Output



Config2Spec:

Mining Network Specifications from Network Configurations

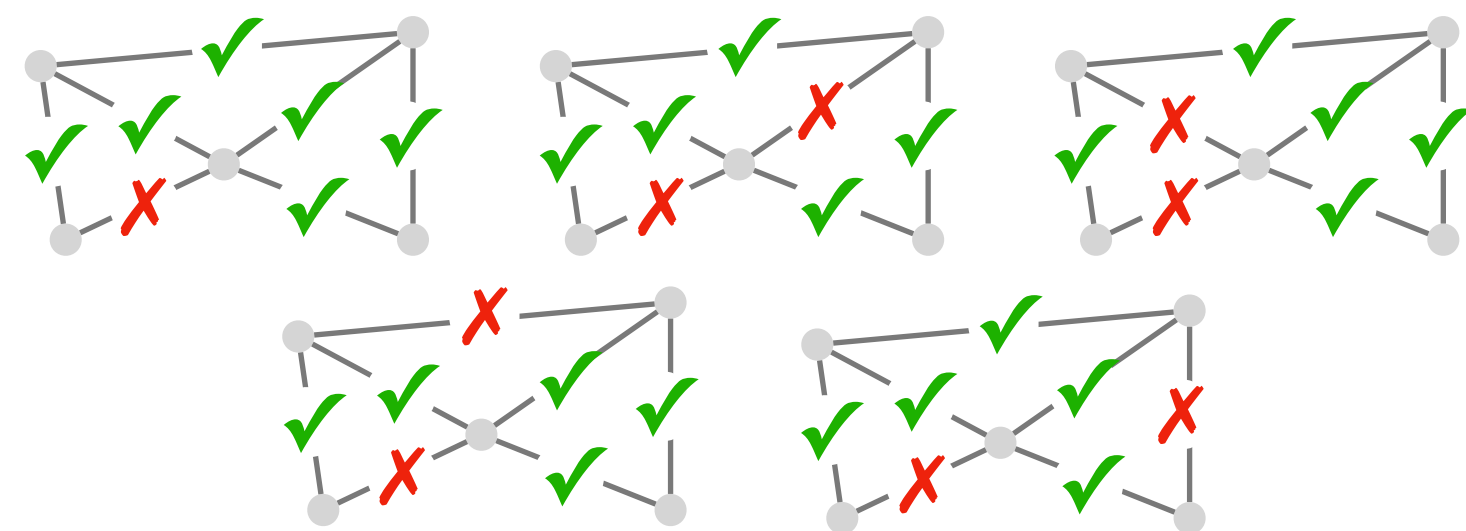
- 1 **Baseline approaches**
one search space at a time
- 2 **Our approach**
the best of both worlds
- 3 **Evaluation**
scales to realistic networks

Config2Spec:

Mining Network Specifications from Network Configurations

- 1 **Baseline approaches**
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Mining a network specification involves exploring two exponential search spaces



×

reachability(**r1**, **p1**)

waypoint(**r3**, **r1**, **p2**)

...

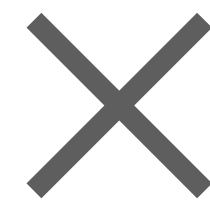
loadbalancing(**r5**, **p2**)

all concrete environments

all possible policies

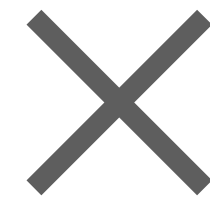
Mining a network specification involves exploring two exponential search spaces

data plane analysis



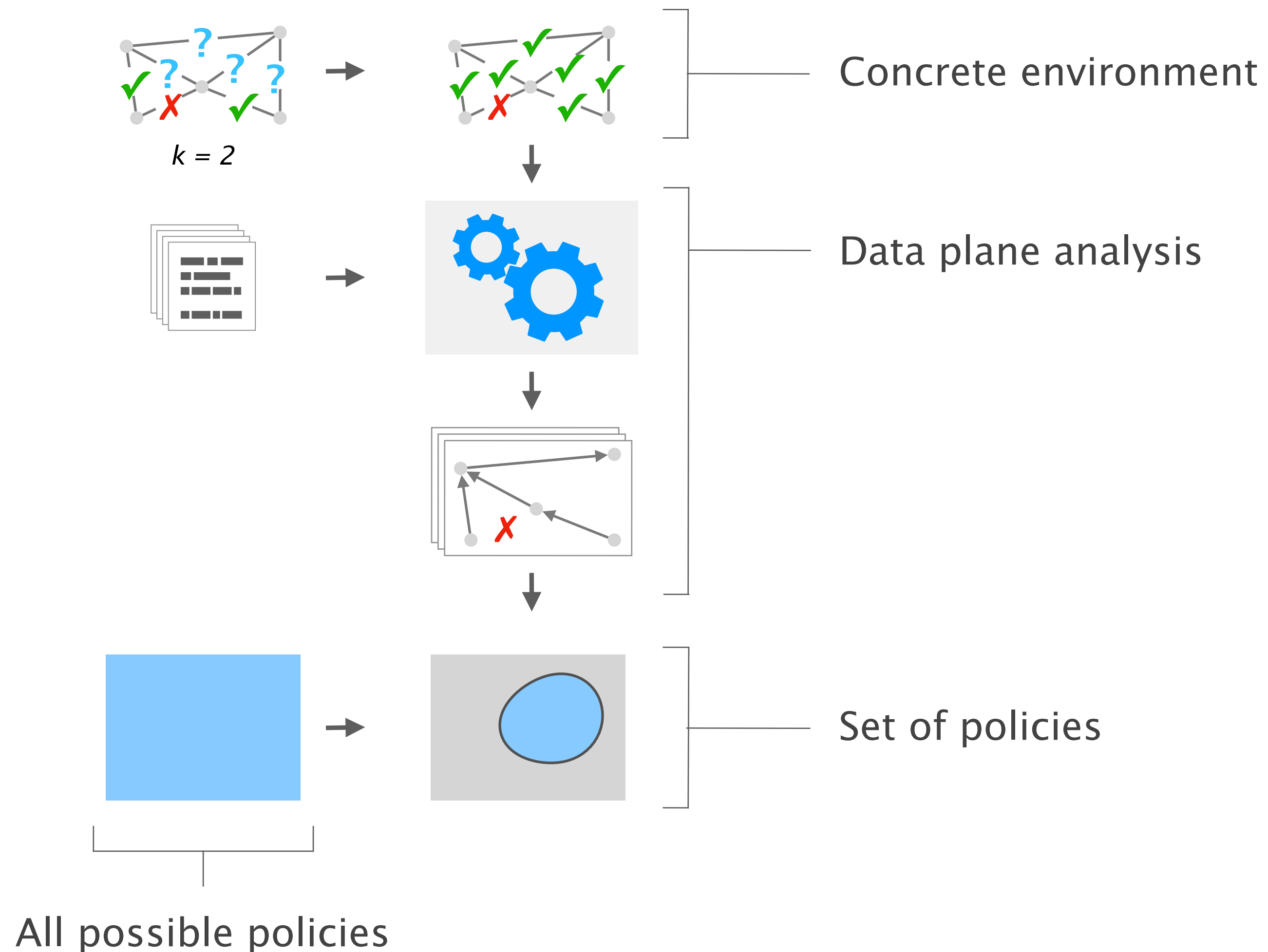
control plane verification

data plane analysis

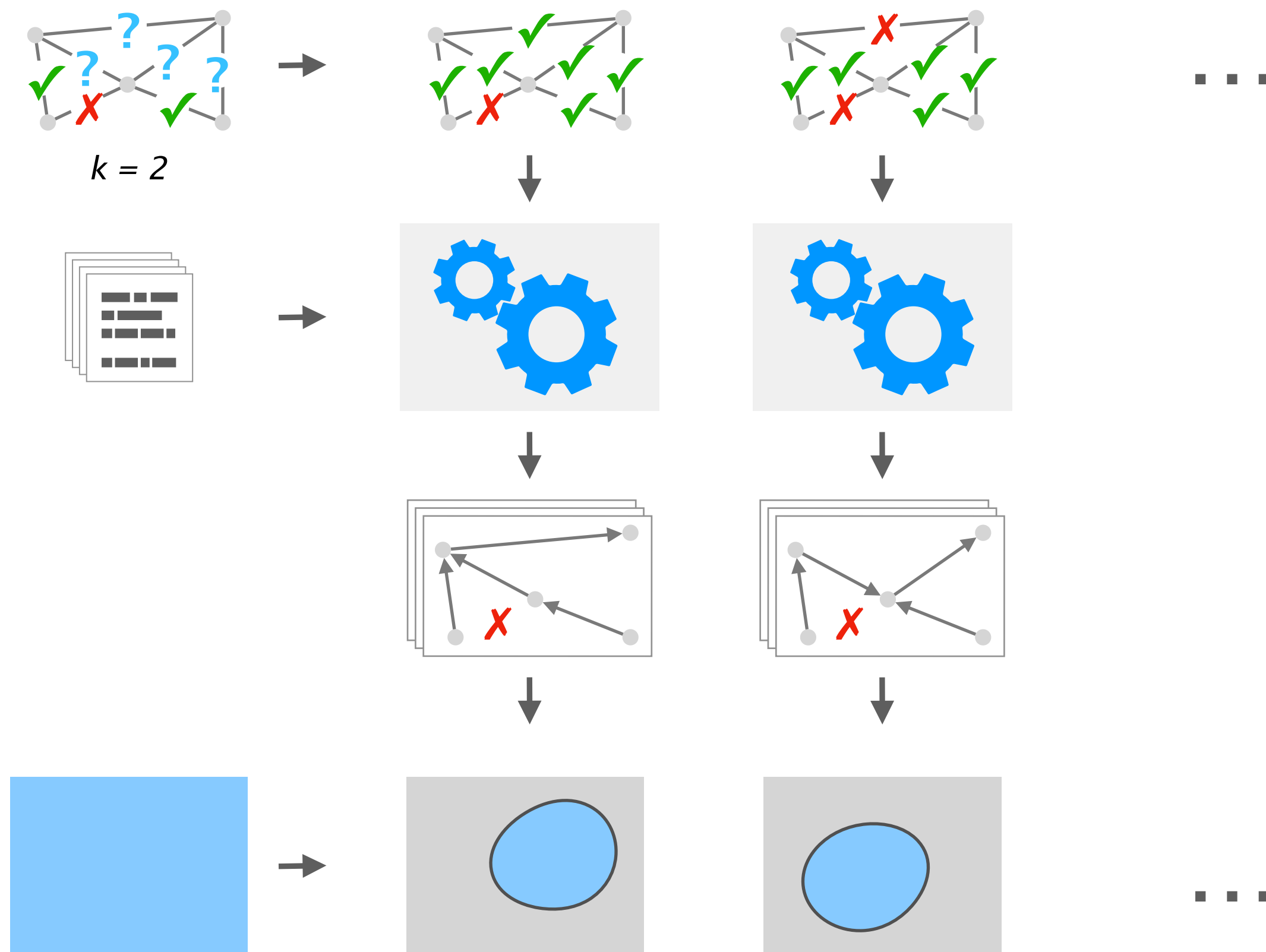


control plane verification

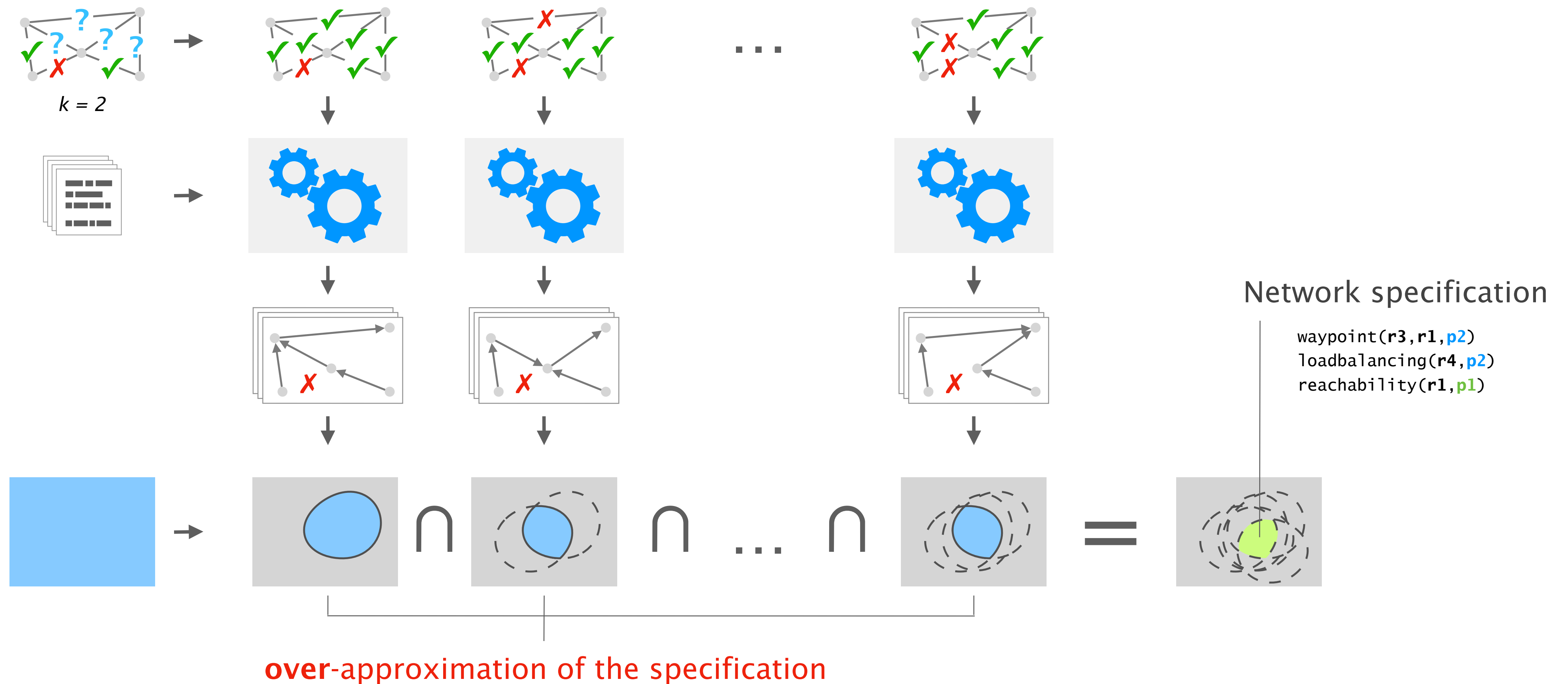
Data plane analysis tools allow to find **all** the policies that hold for a **single** concrete environment



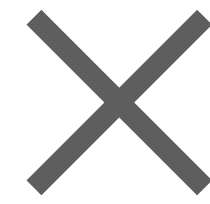
The network specification is the intersection of the policies that hold for every concrete environment



The network specification is the intersection of the policies that hold for every concrete environment

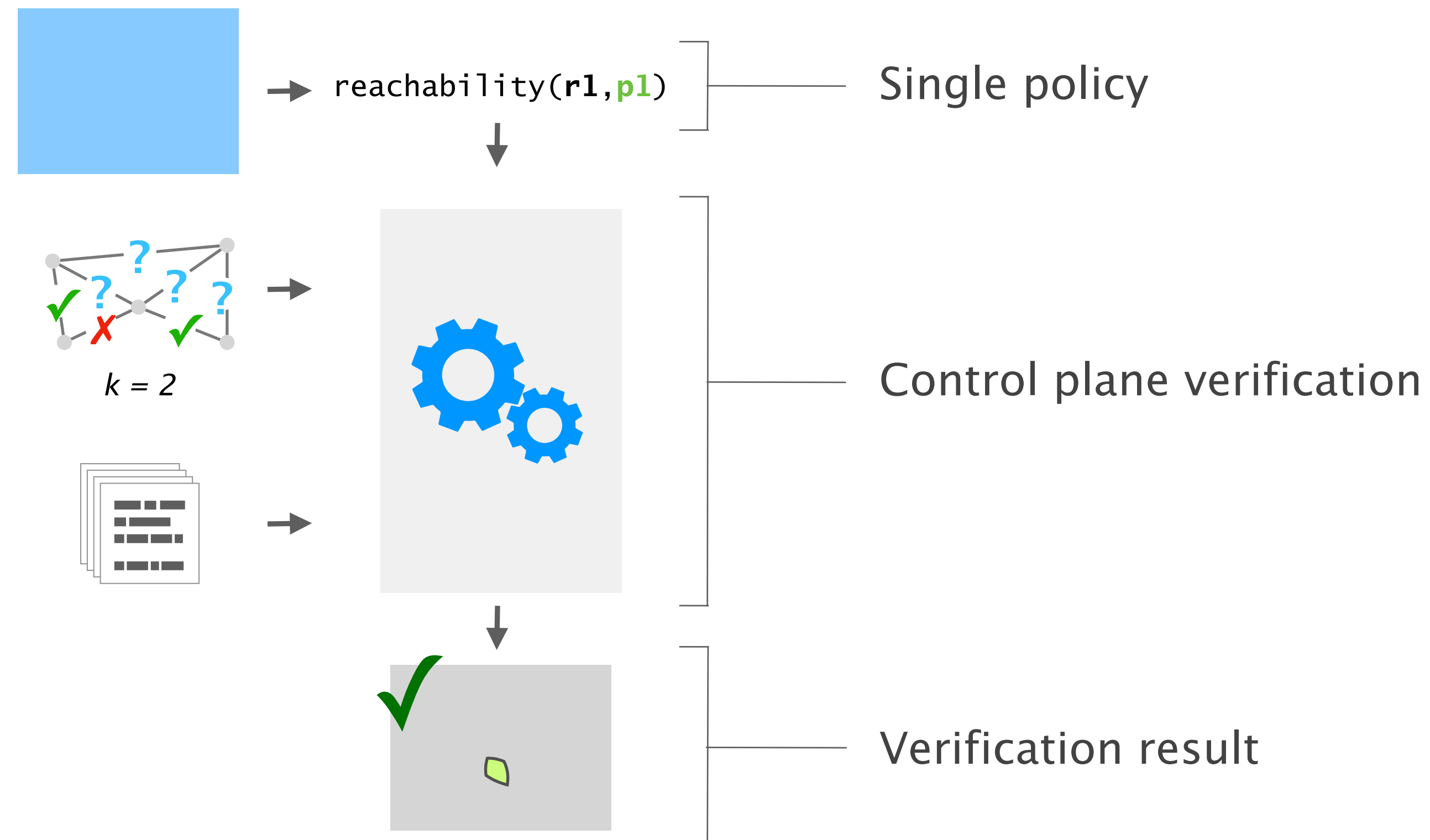


data plane analysis

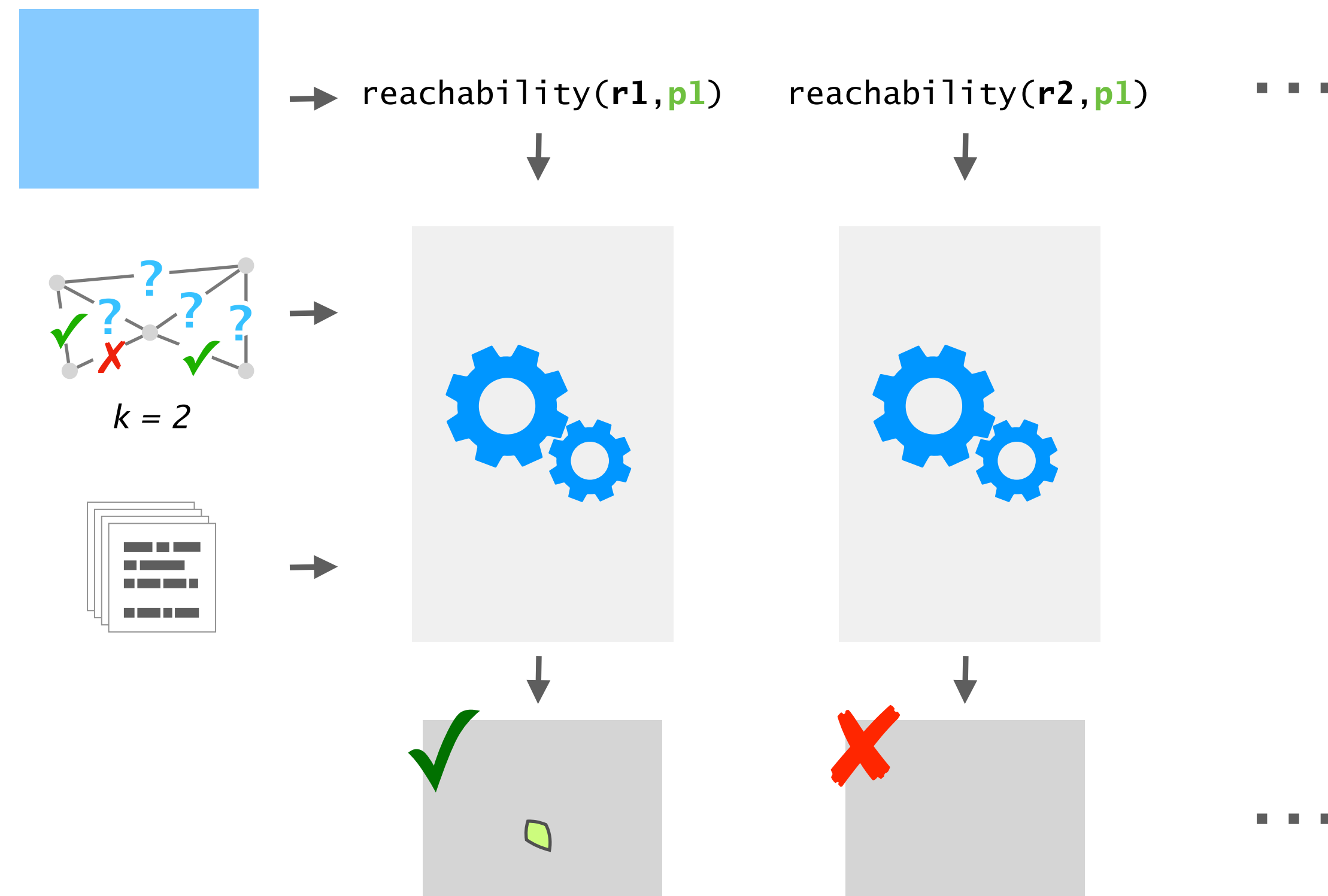


control plane verification

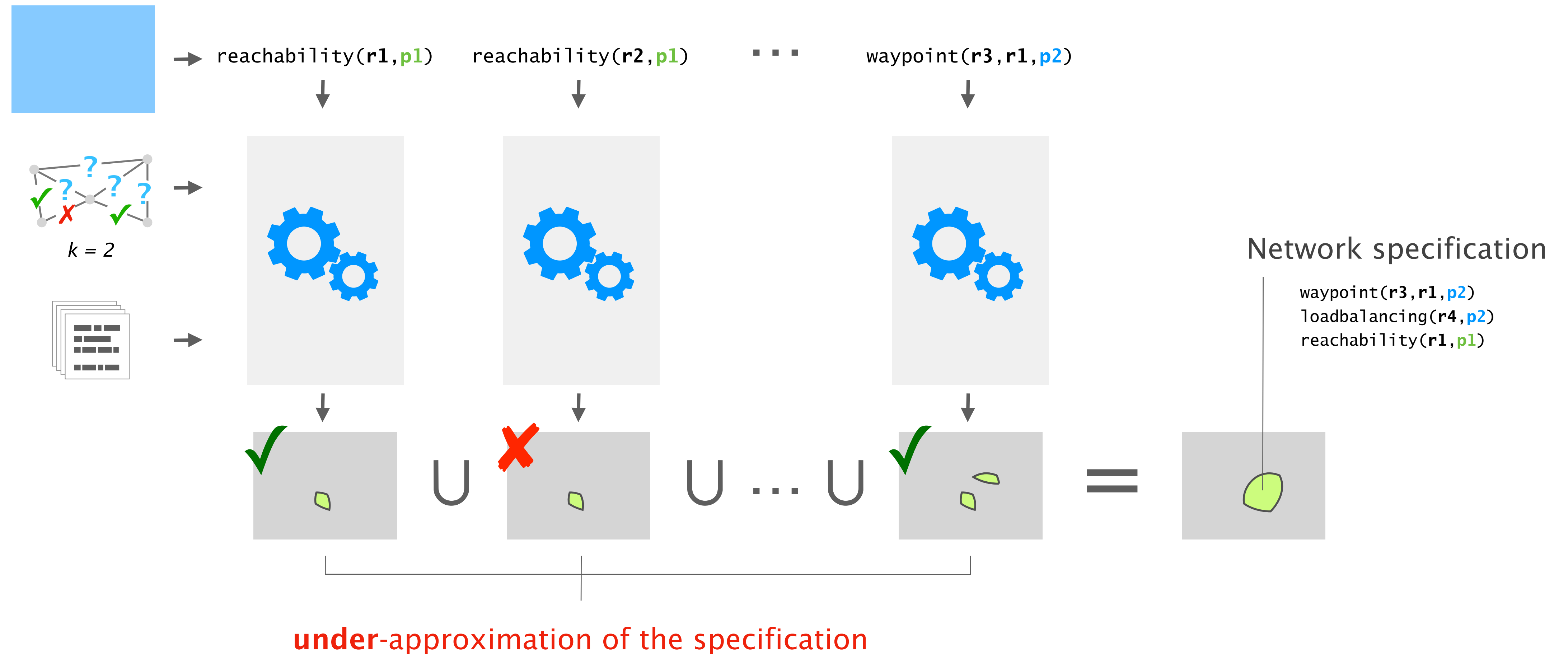
Control plane verification tools determine whether a policy holds for the entire failure model



The network specification is the set of policies that the verifier determined to hold for the failure model



The network specification is the set of policies that the verifier determined to hold for the failure model



Both techniques have pros and cons

approach

data plane analysis

control plane verification

all policies for
one concrete env.

one policy for the
entire failure model

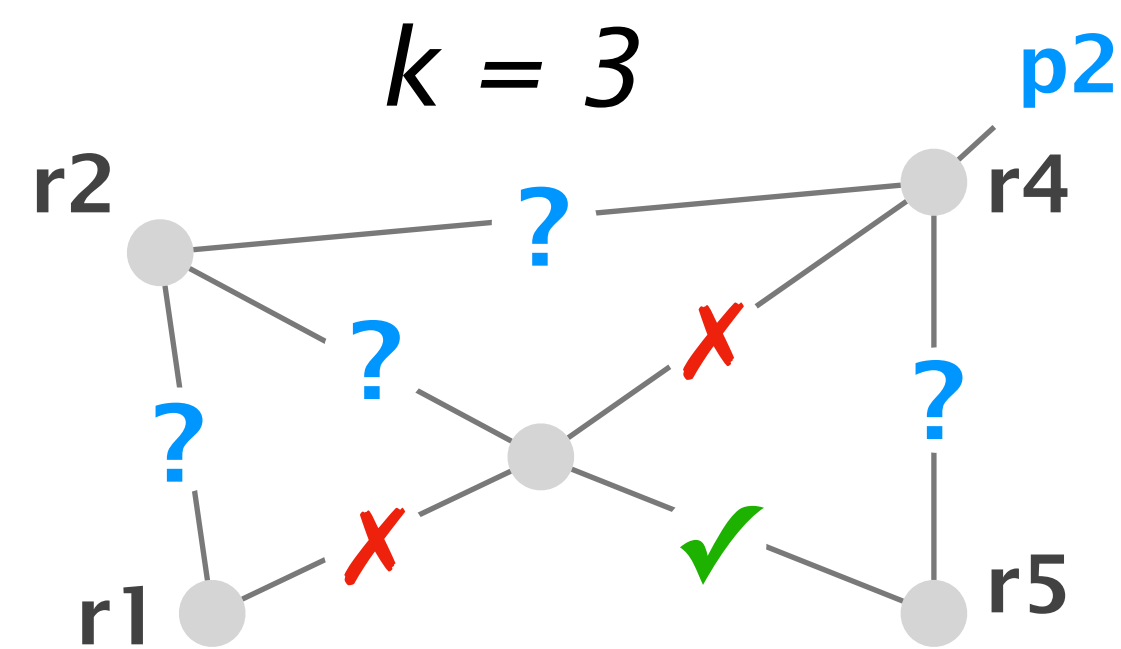
good at pruning

dense violations

sparse violations

Violations are policies that are not part of the specification

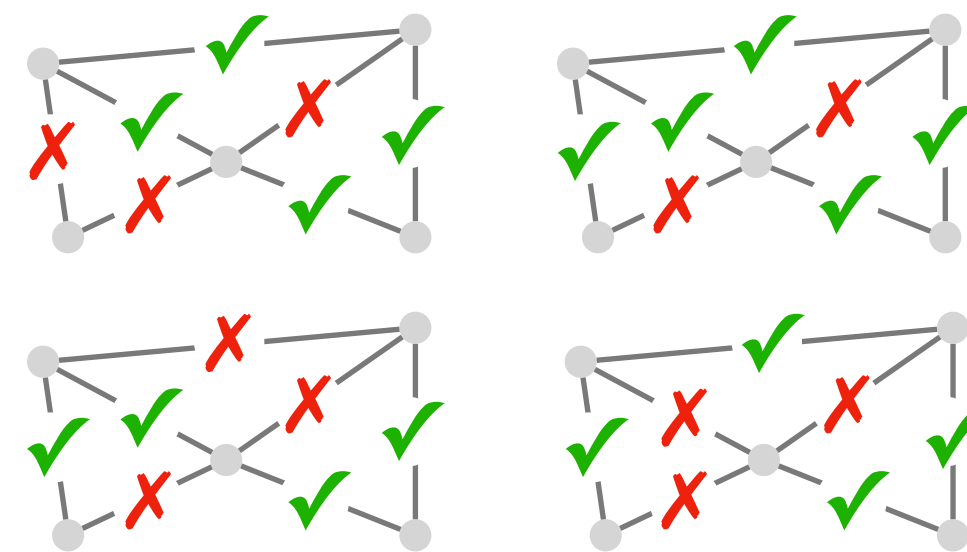
policies that hold for almost



dense violation

no envs.

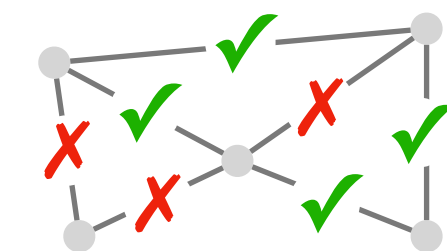
waypoint(**r5**, **r2**, **p2**)



sparse violation

all envs.

reachability(**r1**, **p2**)



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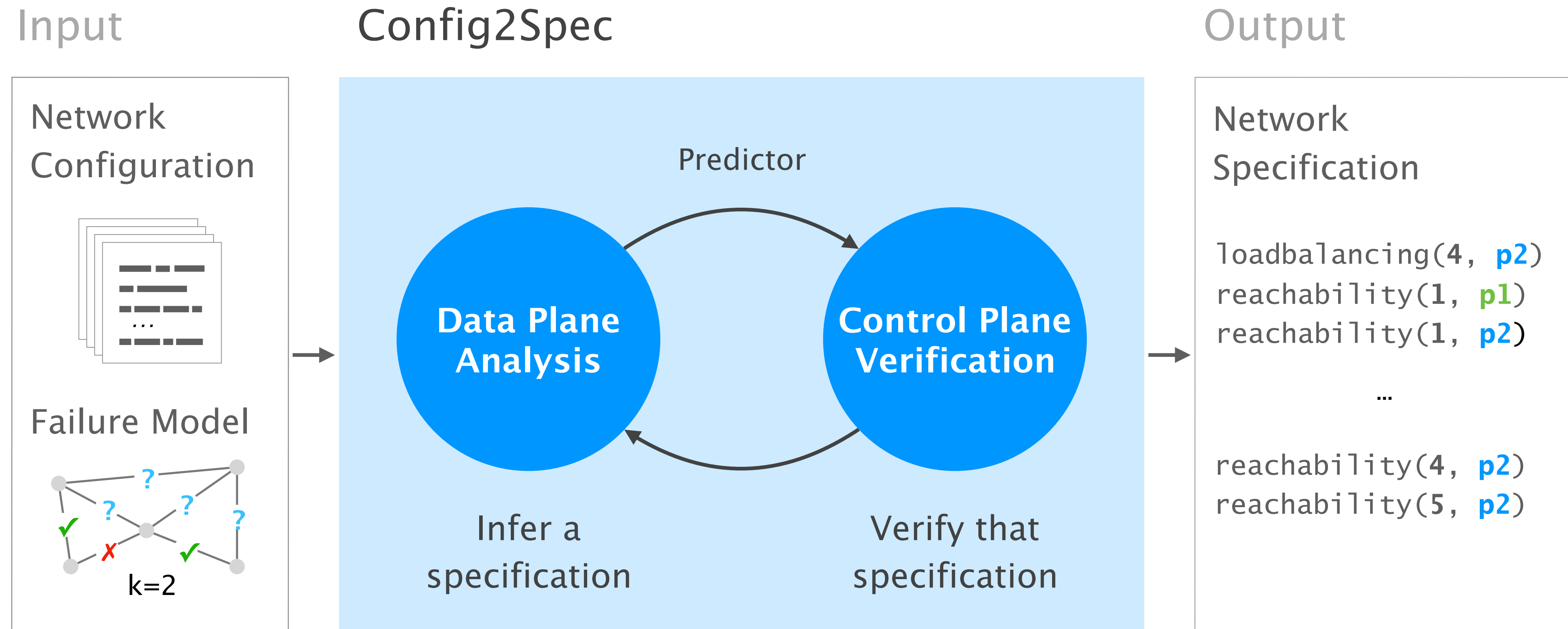
What about combining them?

Config2Spec:

Mining Network Specifications from Network Configurations

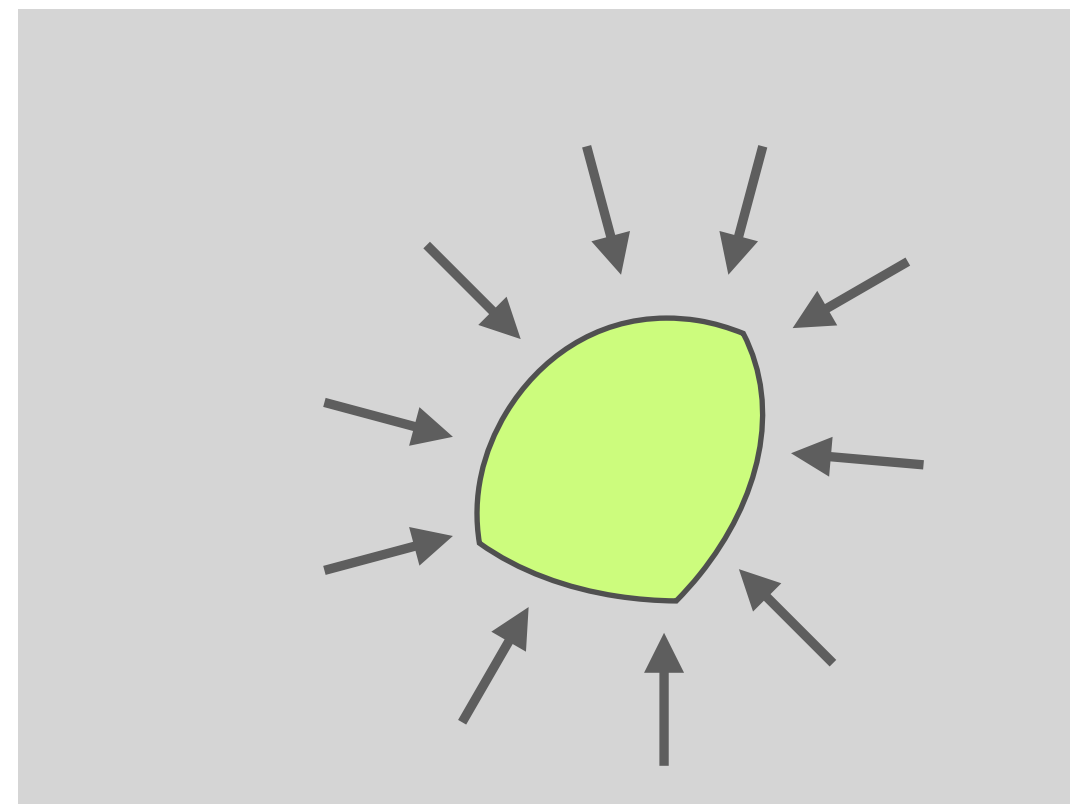
- 1 **Baseline approaches**
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scales to realistic networks

Config2Spec mines the network's full specification from its configuration and the required failure tolerance

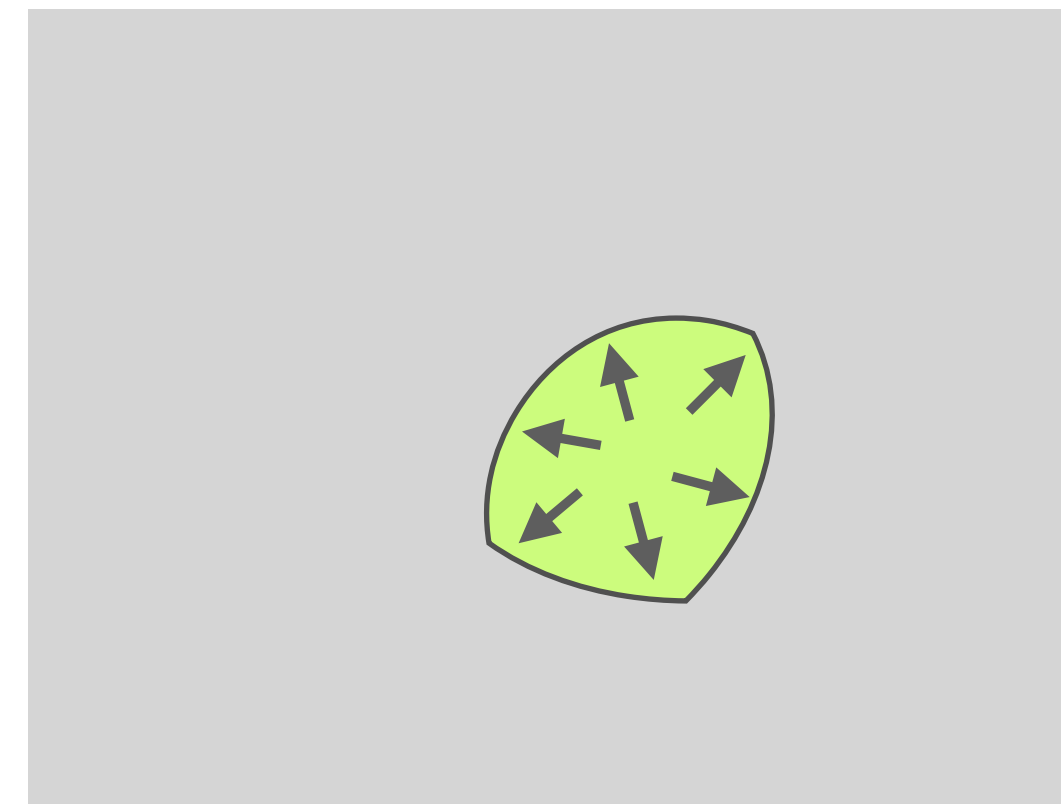


Thanks to combining the two approaches,
Config2Spec is precise

Data plane analysis
over-approximation



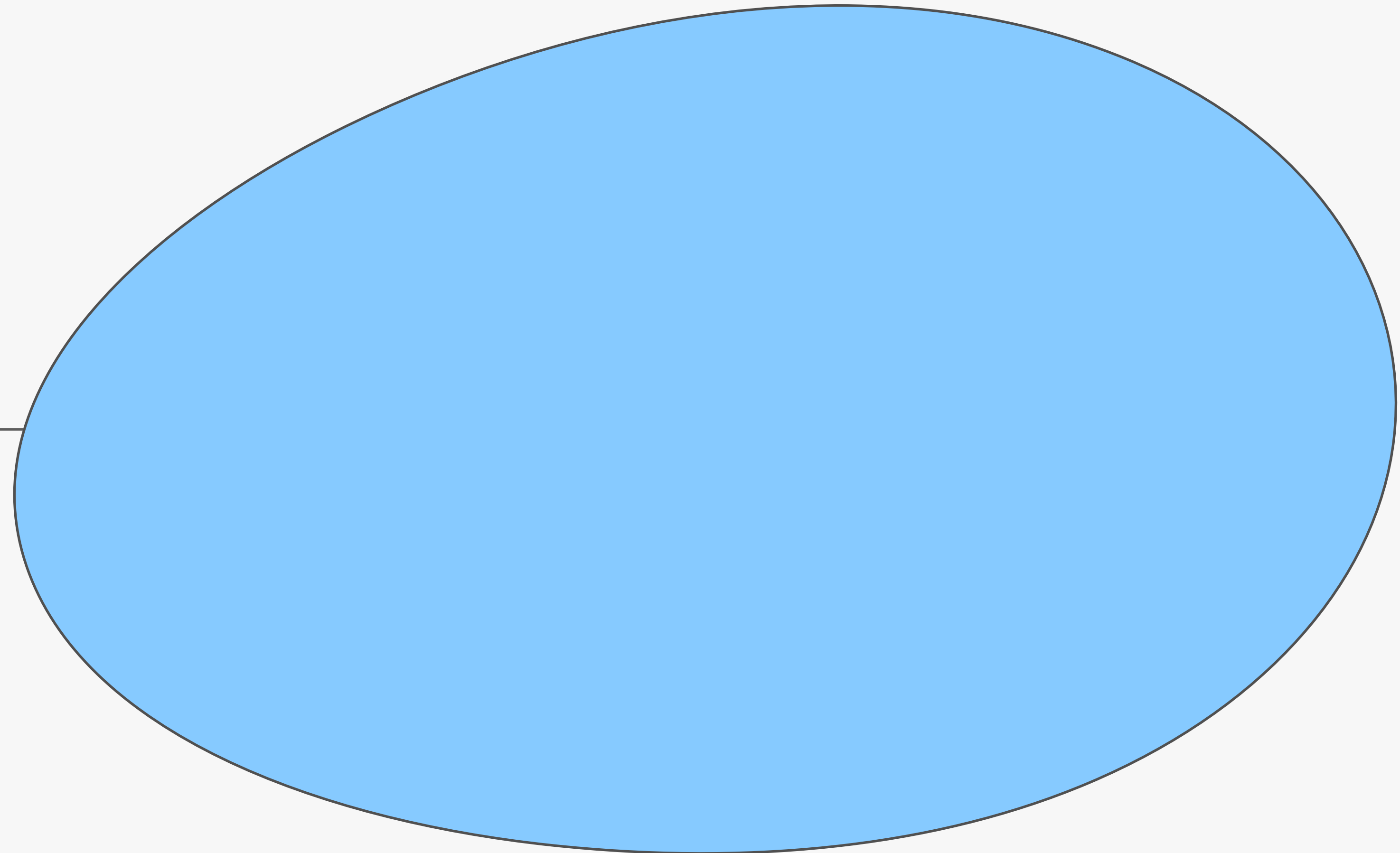
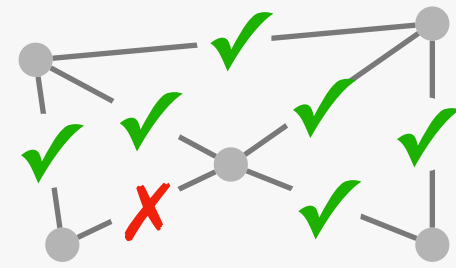
Control plane verification
under-approximation



Step-by-step from **all** existing policies
to the network's specification

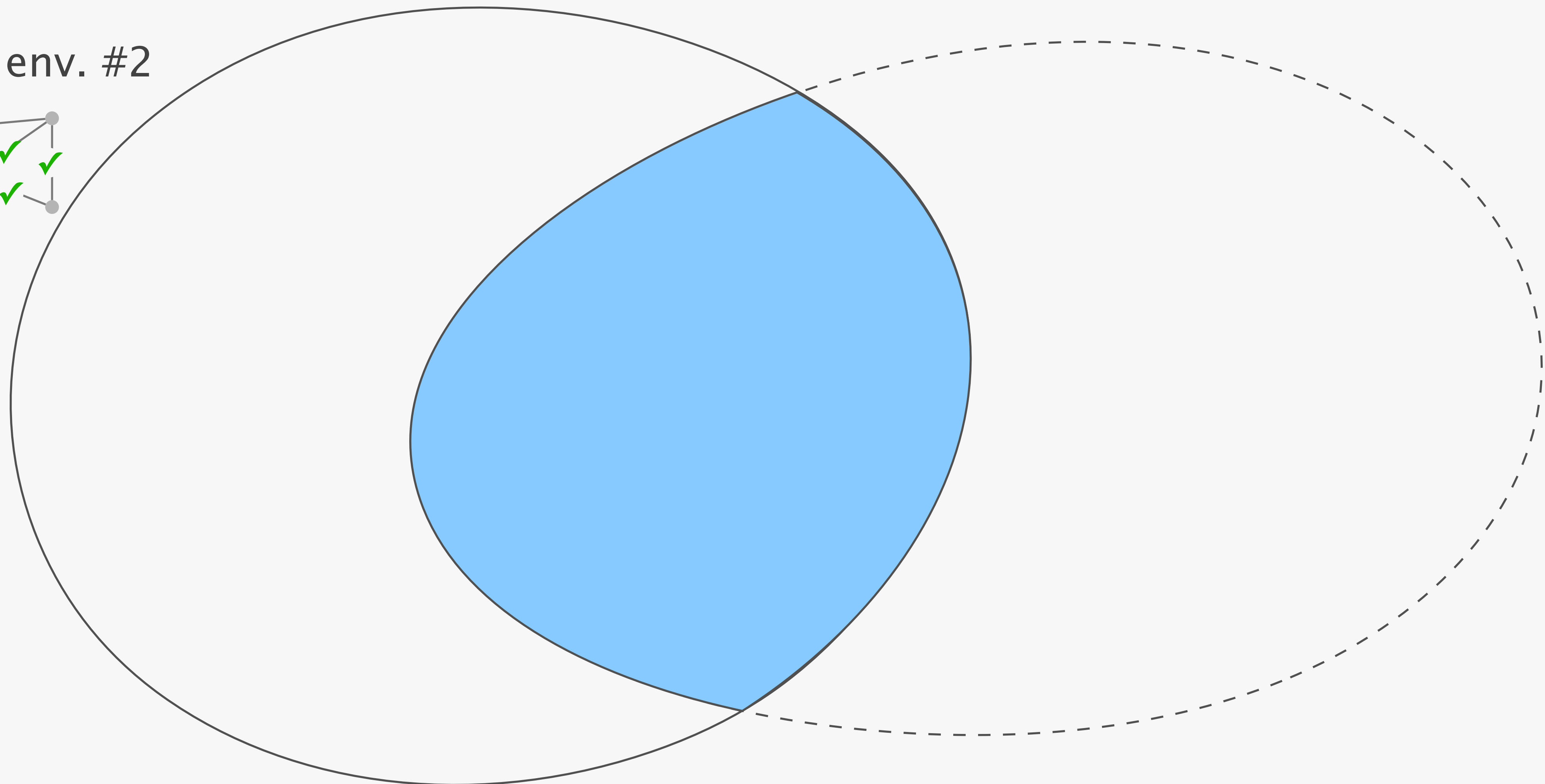
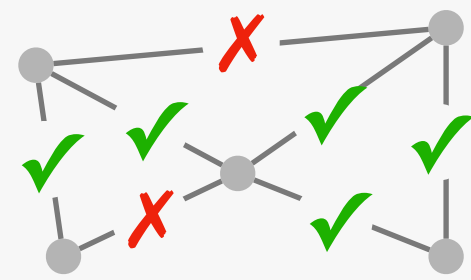
By performing data plane analysis on a topology,
Config2Spec refines the space of candidate policies

concrete env. #1



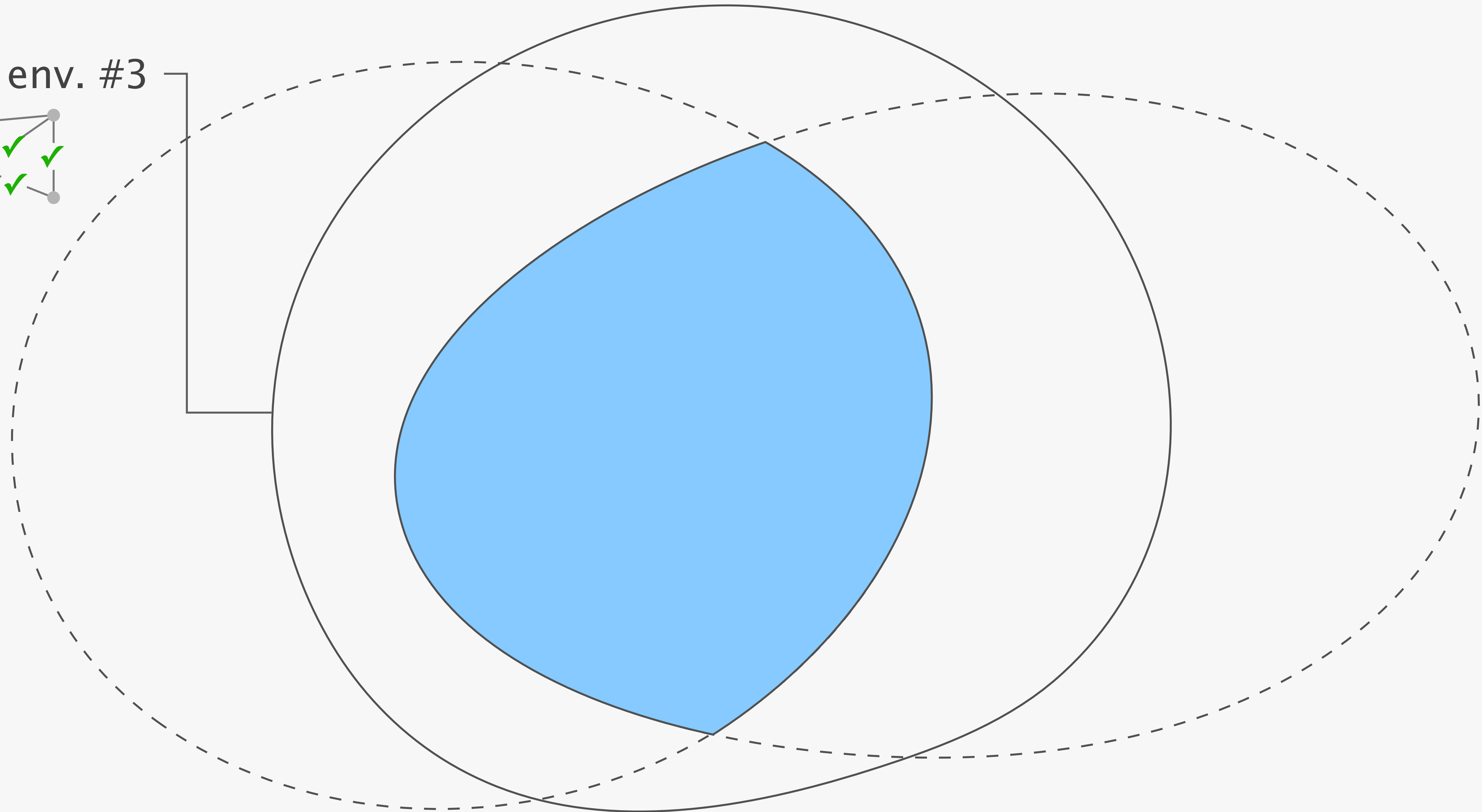
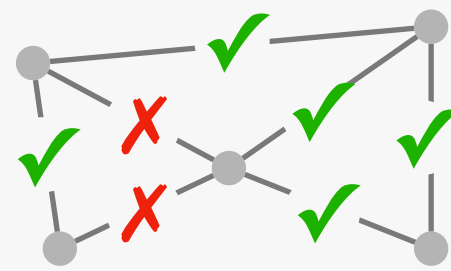
By performing data plane analysis on a topology,
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concrete env. #2

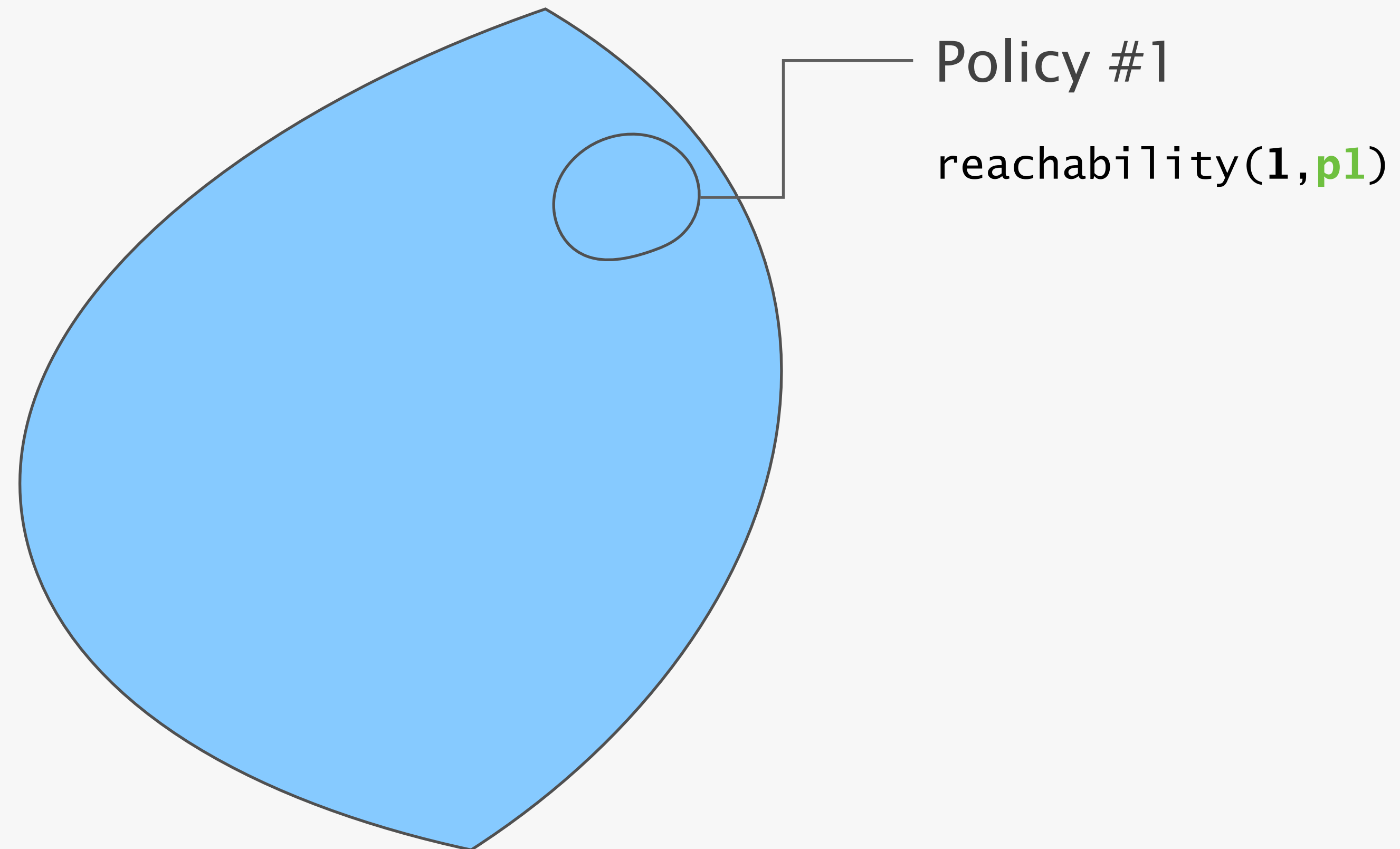


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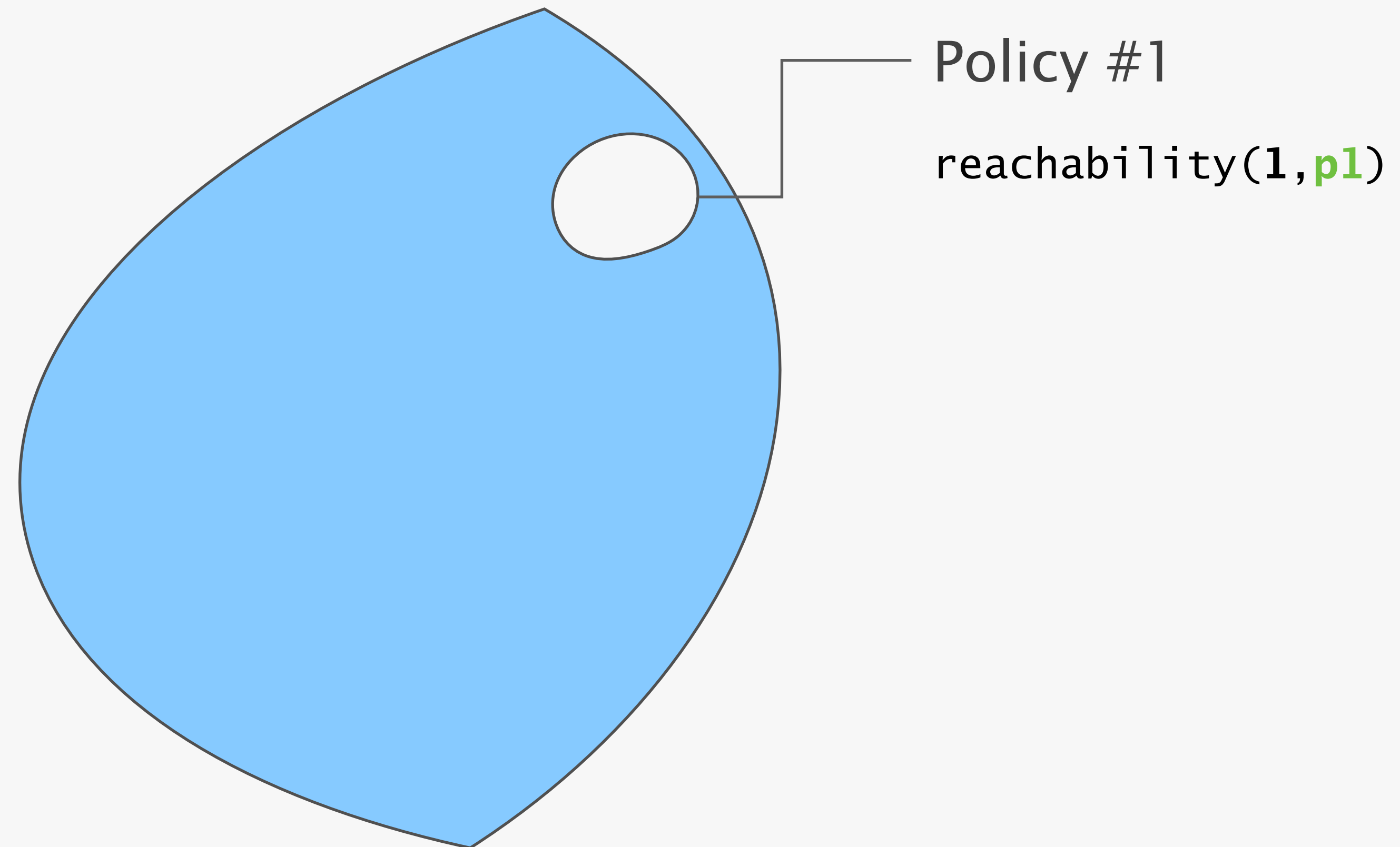
concrete env. #3



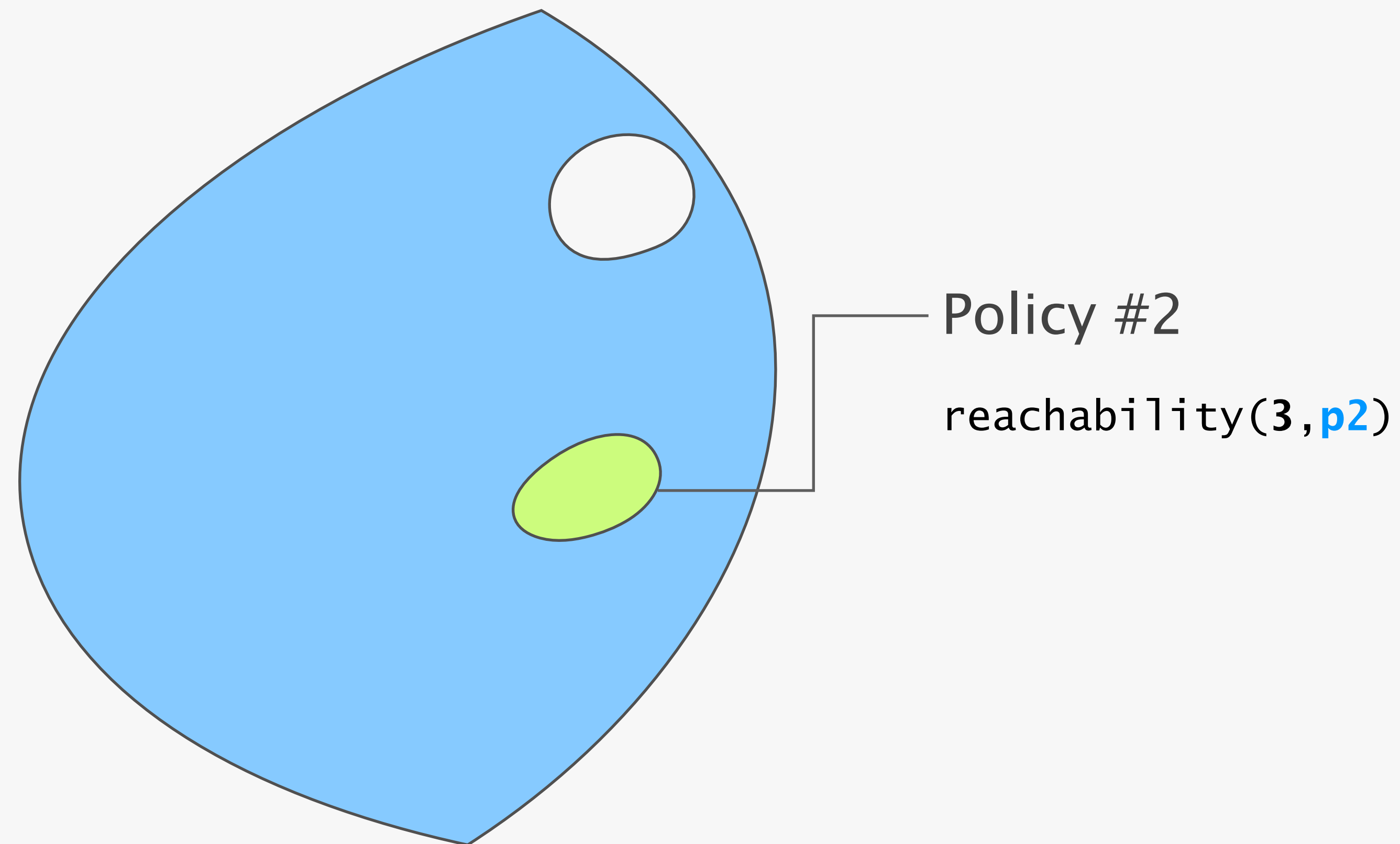
With control plane verification, Config2Spec checks whether a candidate policy belongs to the specification.



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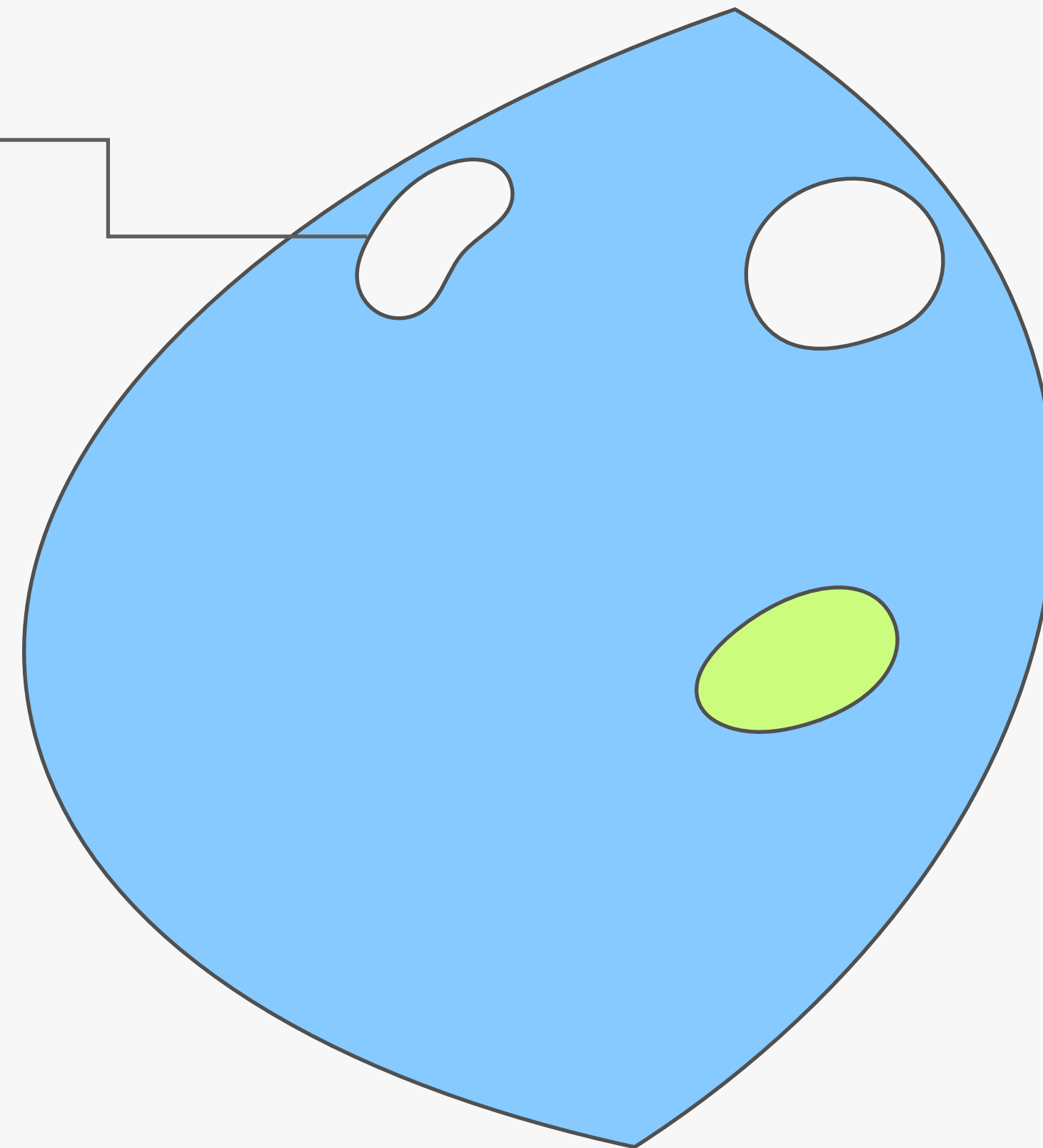


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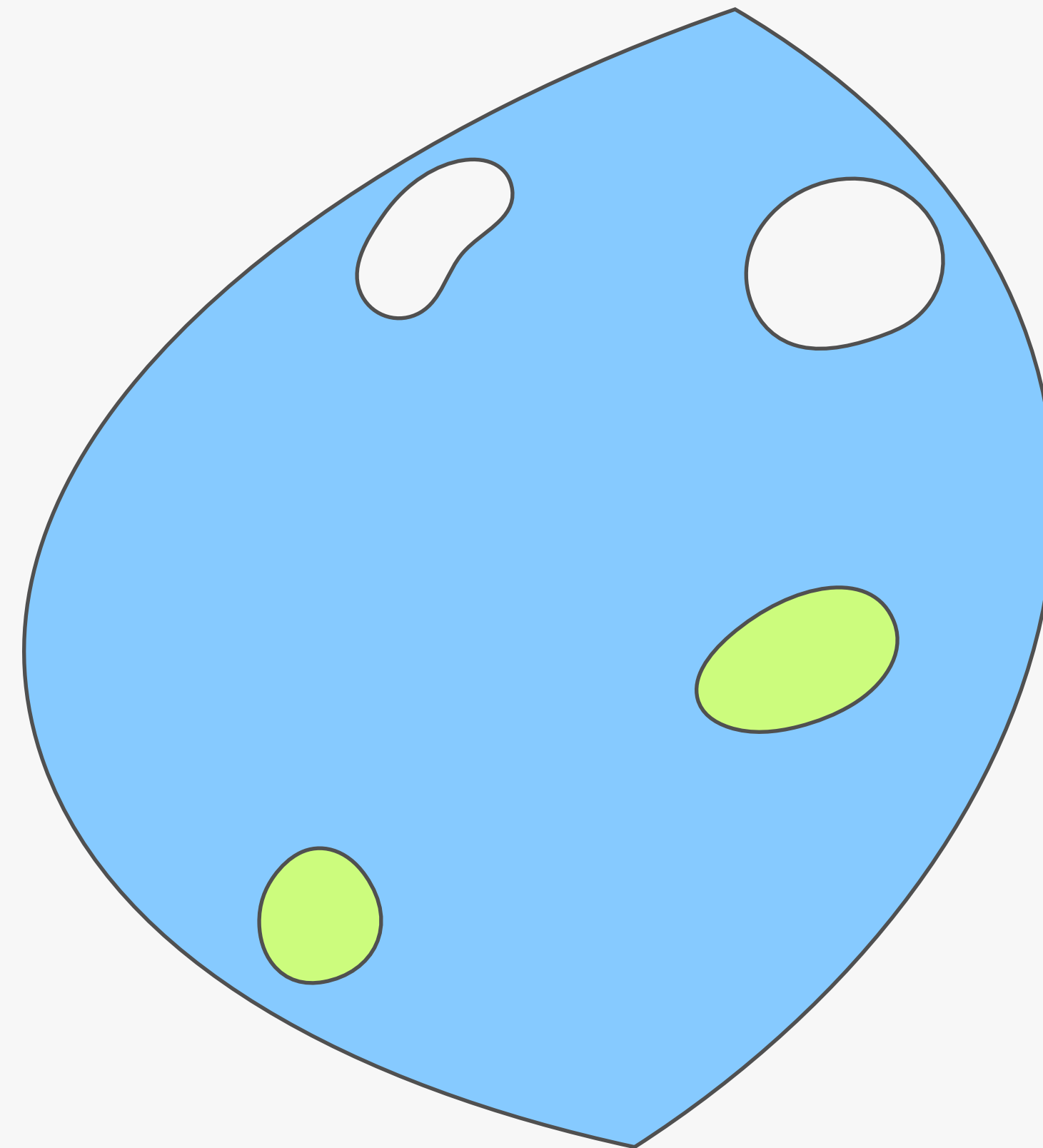


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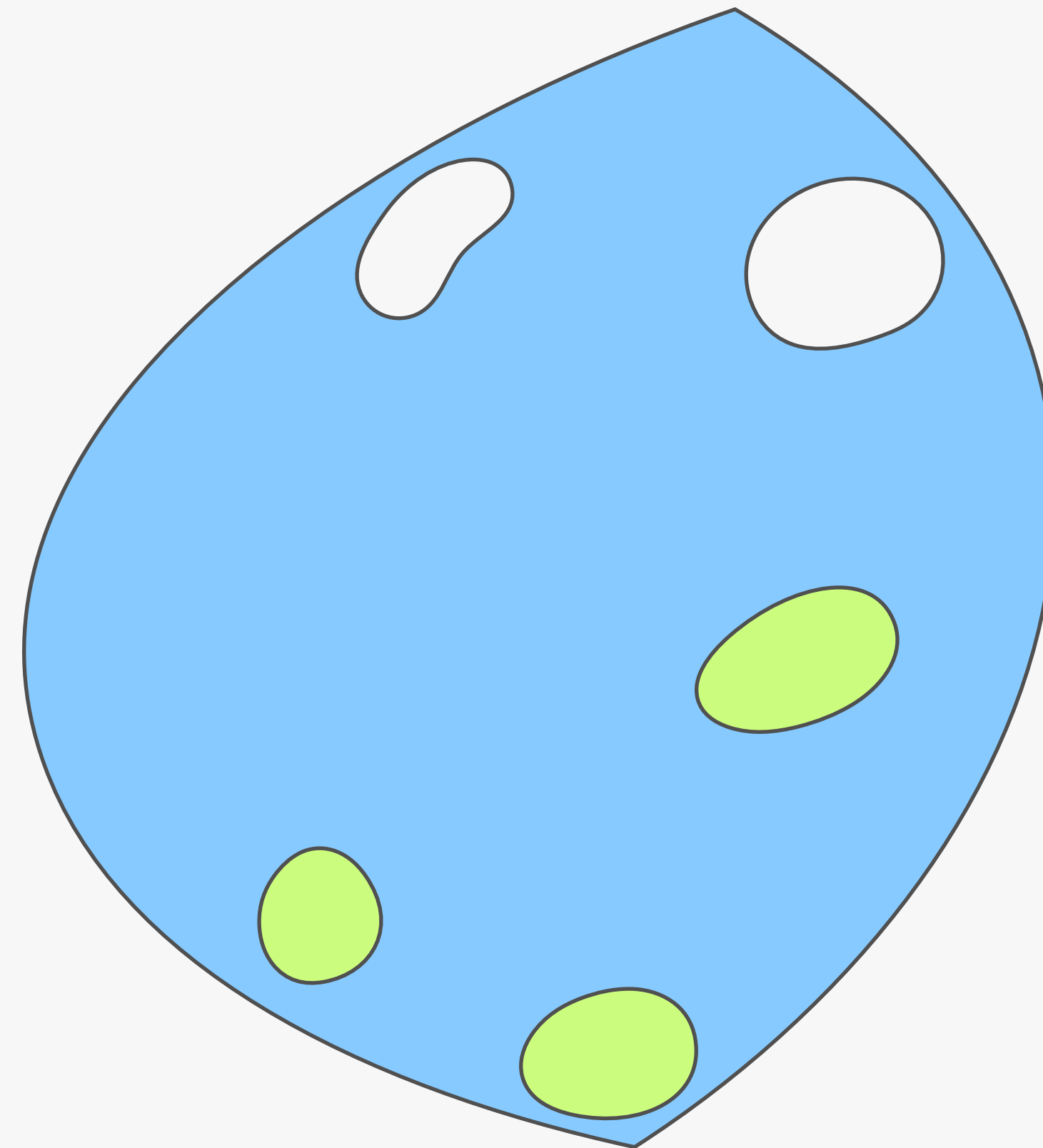
Policy #3
reachability(1, p2)



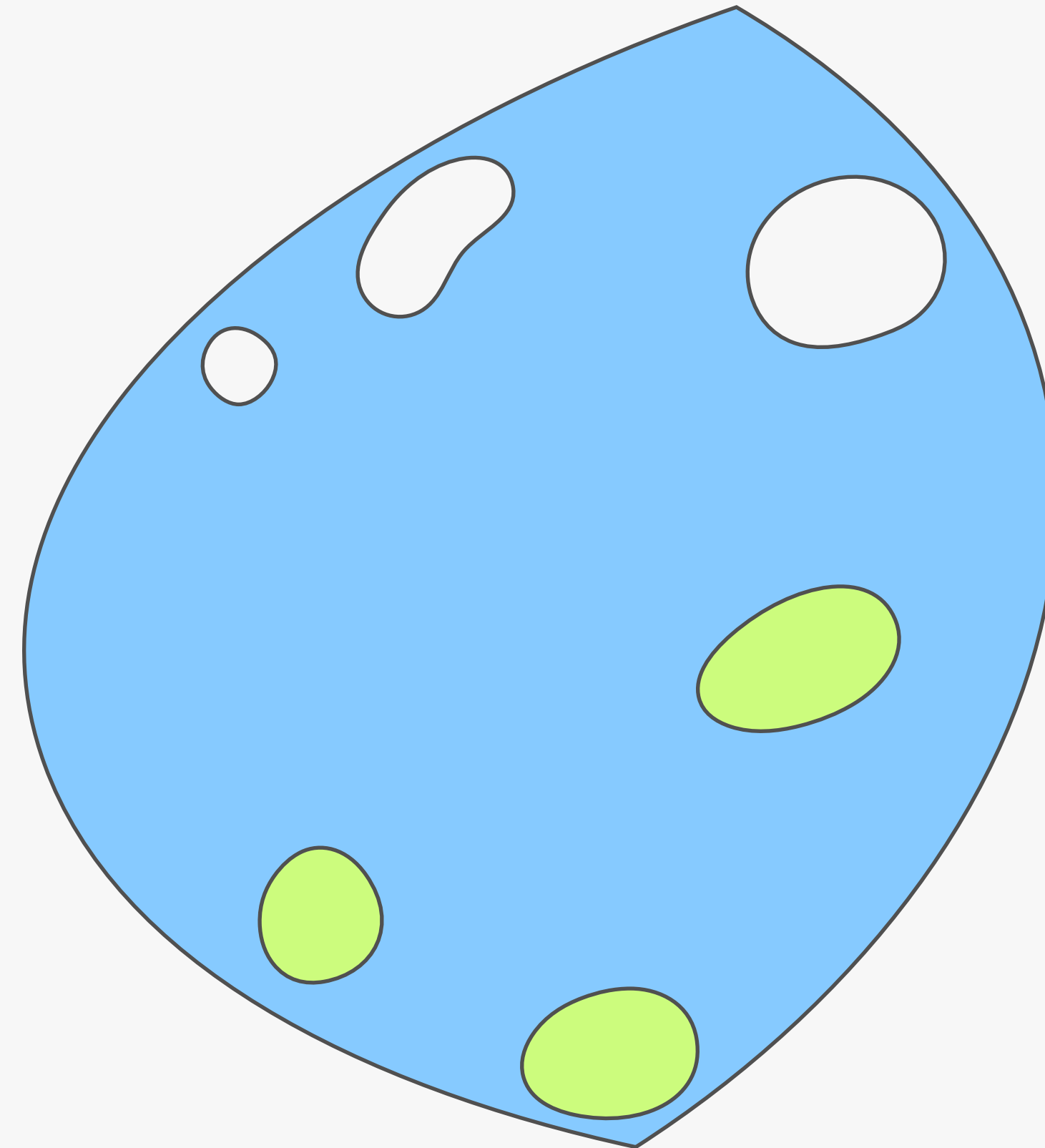
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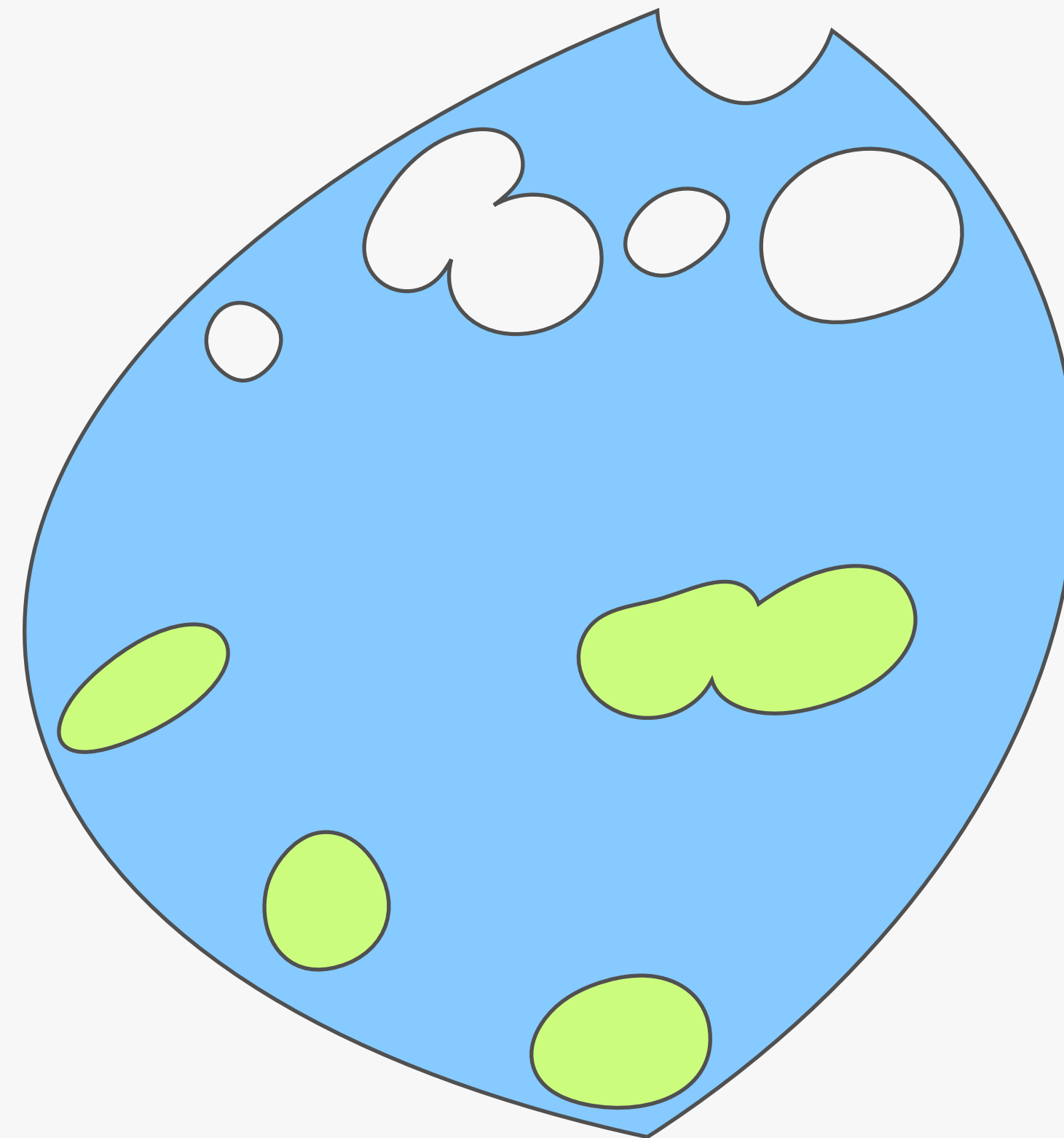
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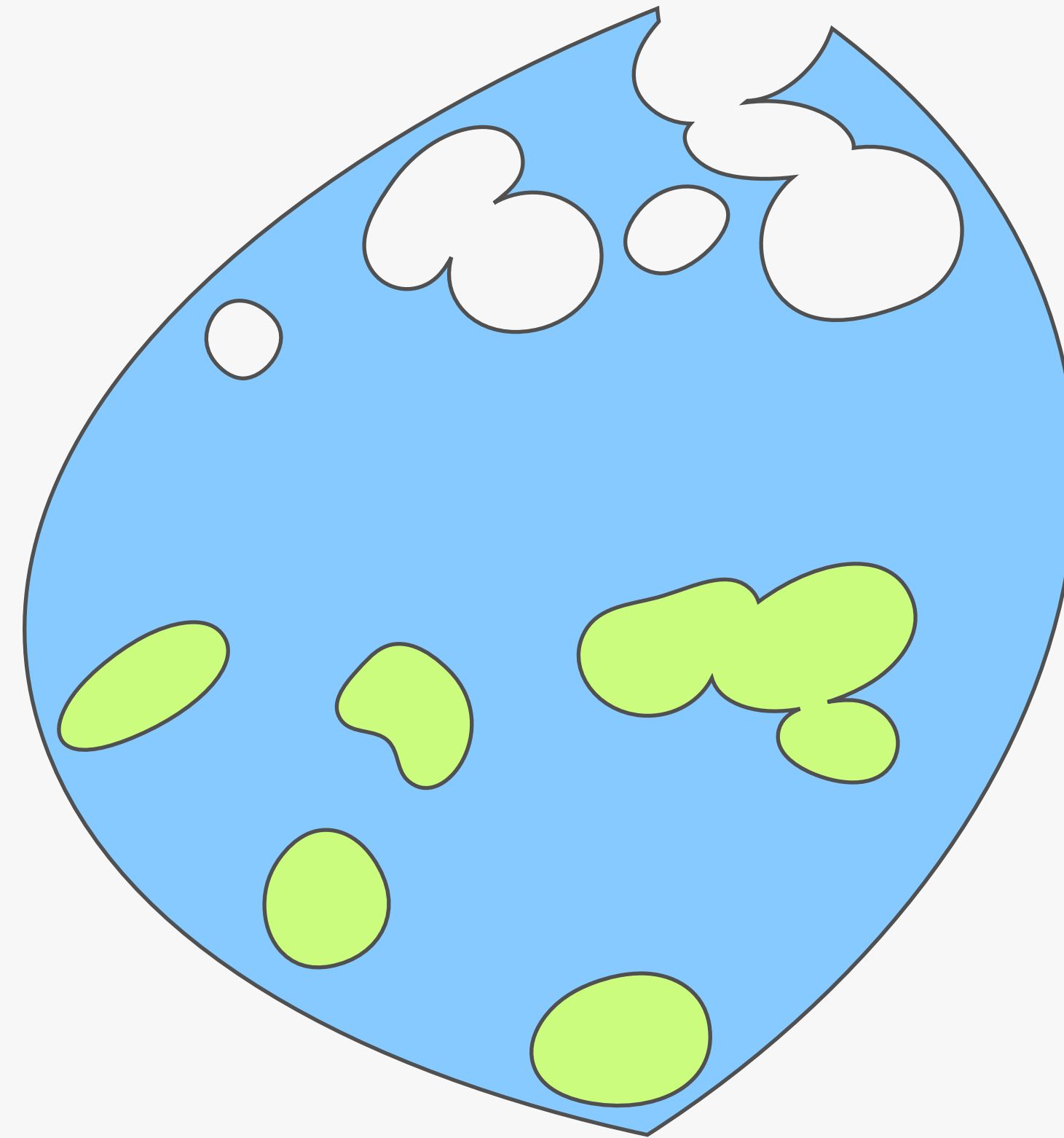
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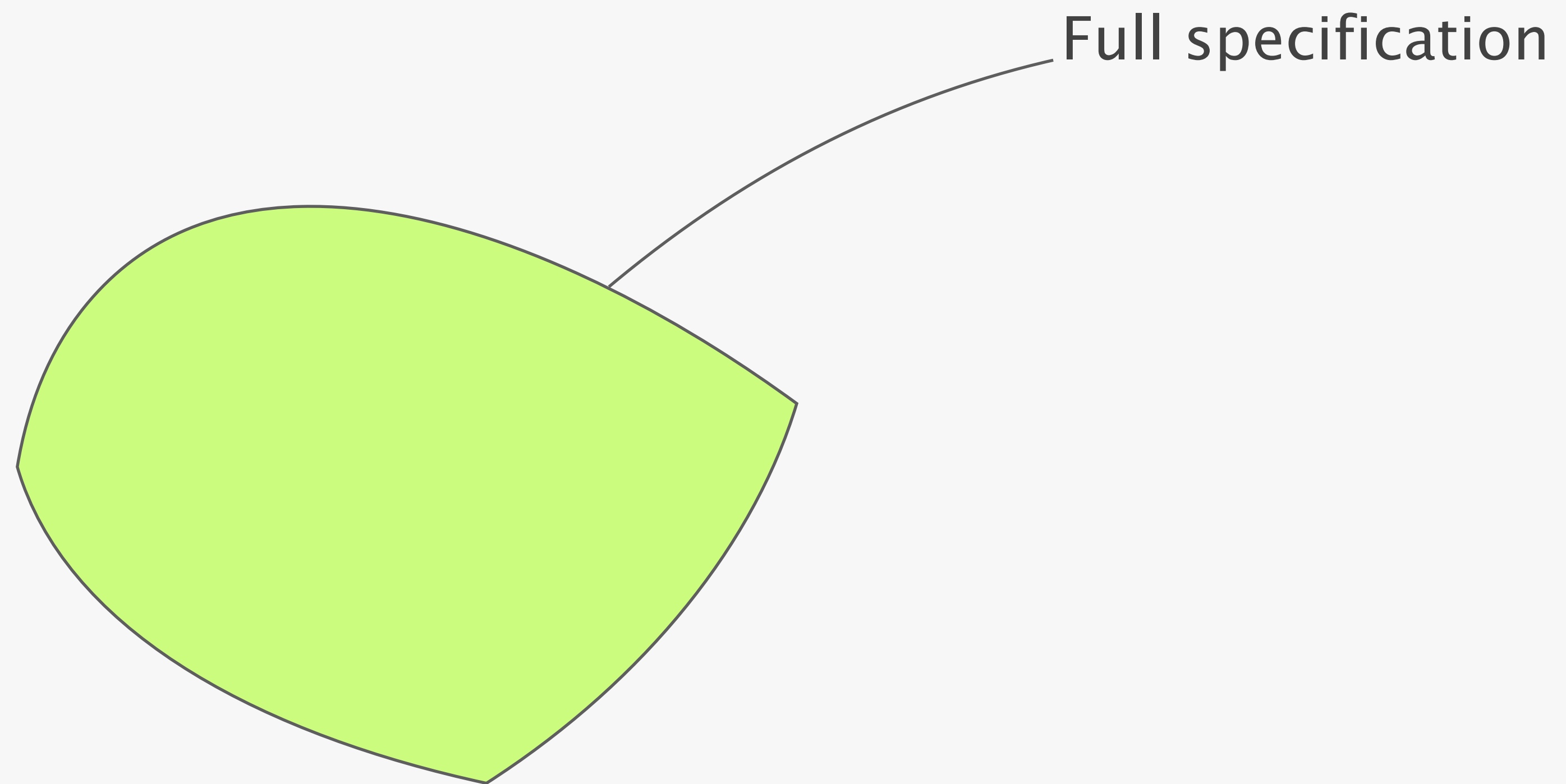
With control plane verification, Config2Spec checks whether a candidate policy belongs to the specification.



With control plane verification, Config2Spec checks whether a candidate policy belongs to the specification.



When Config2Spec terminates,
it is left with the specification.



Config2Spec can be improved further
by two domain-specific techniques

policy-aware selection

grouping and trimming

policy-aware selection

grouping and trimming

Data plane analysis has to reduce the candidate set to a minimum as fast as possible

basic

randomly pick concrete environments

policy-aware

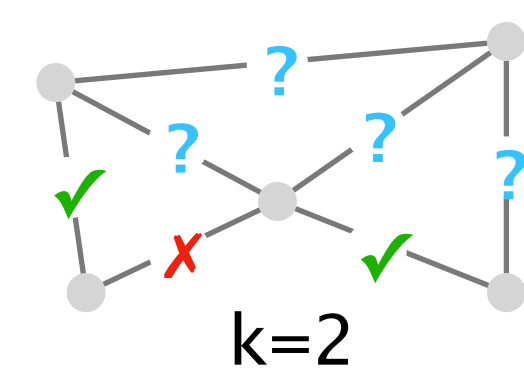
pick concrete envs. based on the candidate set

Candidate set

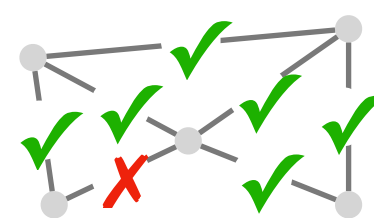
$\text{reachability}(r1, p2)$

$\text{reachability}(r2, p2)$

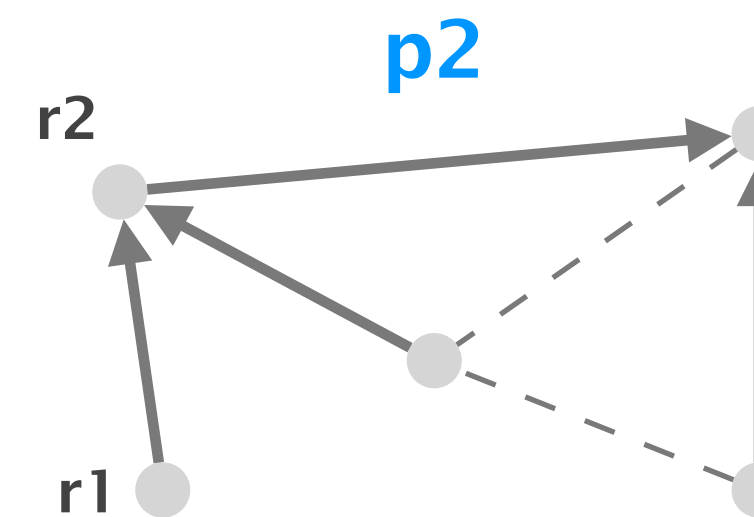
Failure model



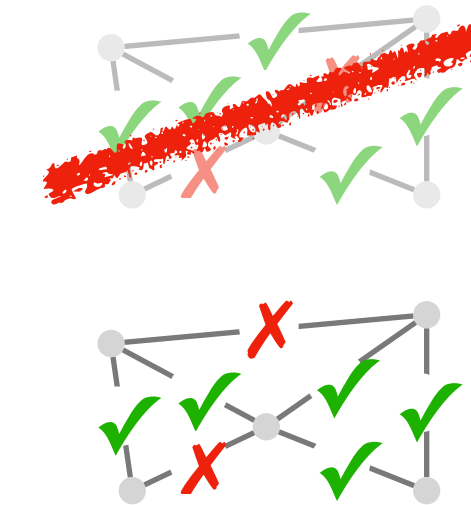
env #n



forwarding state



env #n+1



policy-aware selection

grouping and trimming

To be fast, control plane verification should be used as little as possible

basic

verify each policy separately

trimming

leverage topology and failure model
can connectivity requirements be met?

grouping

verify similar policies at once
grouping is based on the destination

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Question #1

How does Config2Spec scale to large-scale configurations?

Question #2

How do the domain-specific techniques contribute to Config2Spec?

We fully implement Config2Spec and show its practicality

Implementation

5k lines of Python and Java

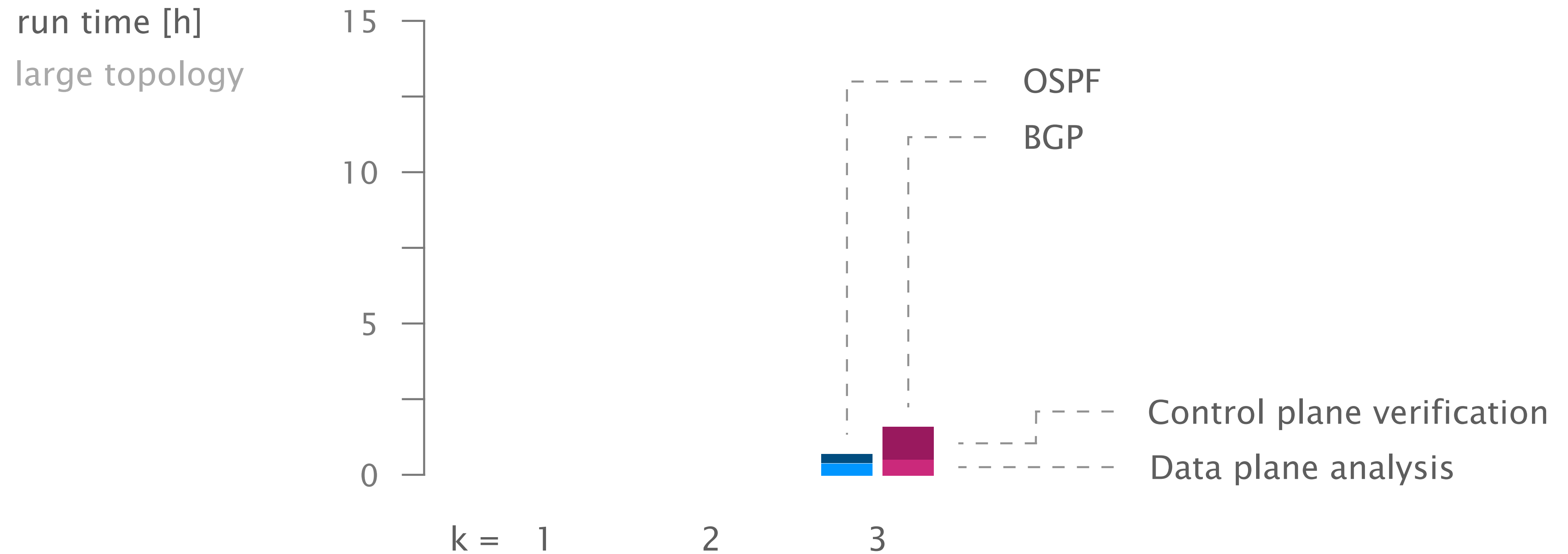
relying on Batfish [NSDI'15] and Minesweeper [Sigcomm'17]

Methodology

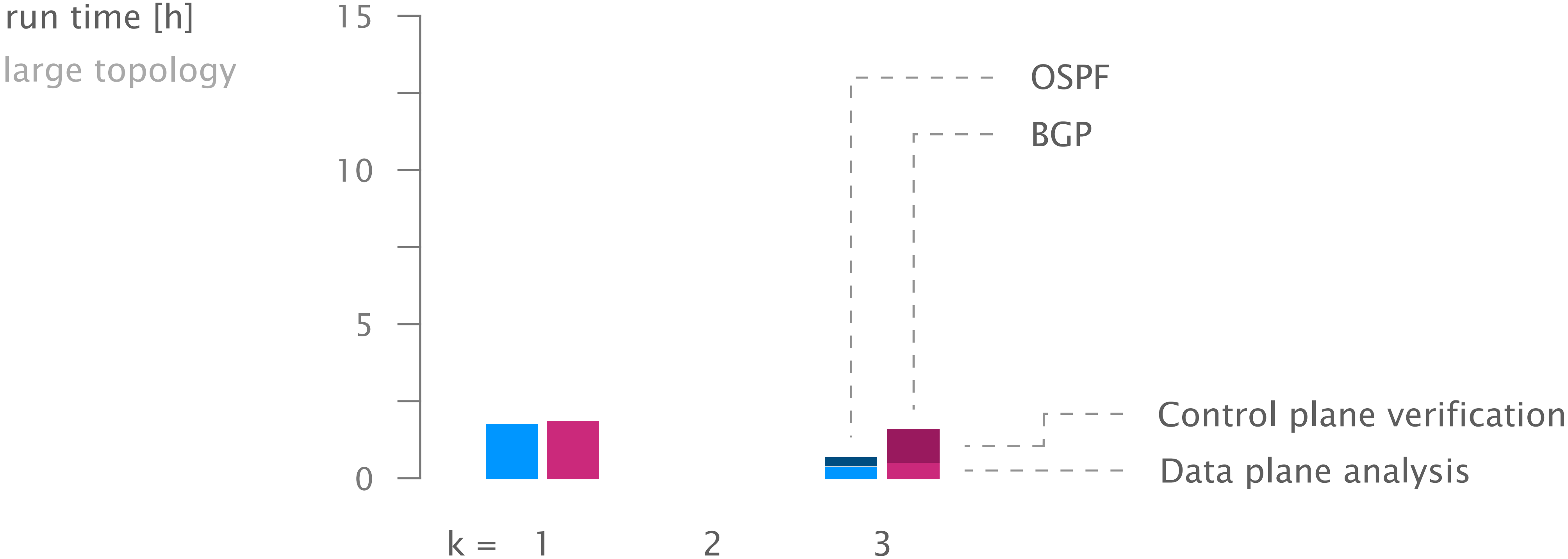
generated configs using NetComplete [NSDI'18]
employing OSPF, BGP

for a small, medium, and large network
with 33, 70, and 158 routers

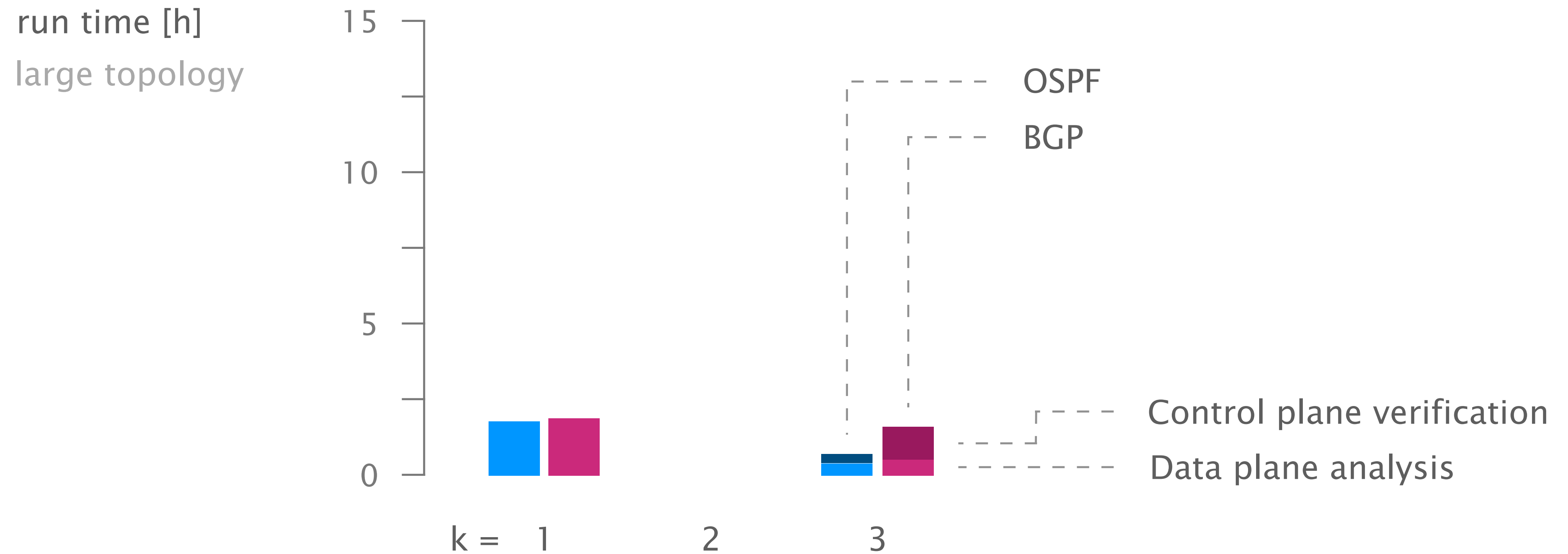
Config2Spec mines the specification for realistic networks in few hours



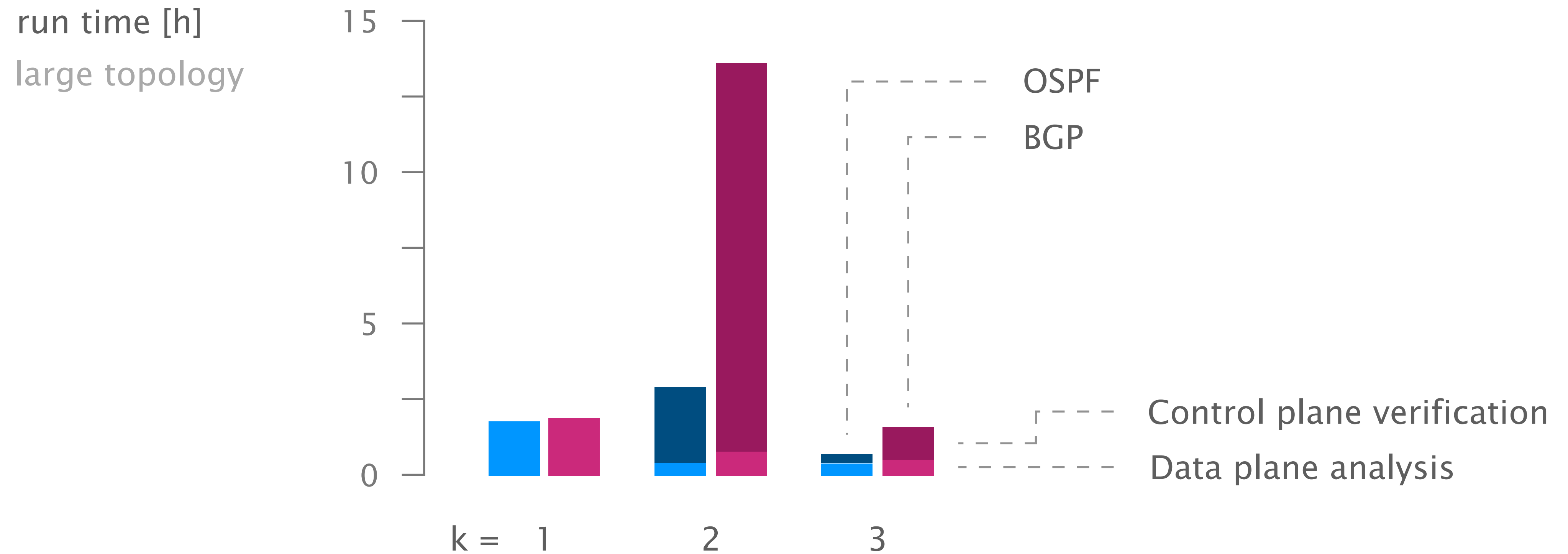
For failure models with few concrete environments,
data plane analysis on its own provides fastest progress



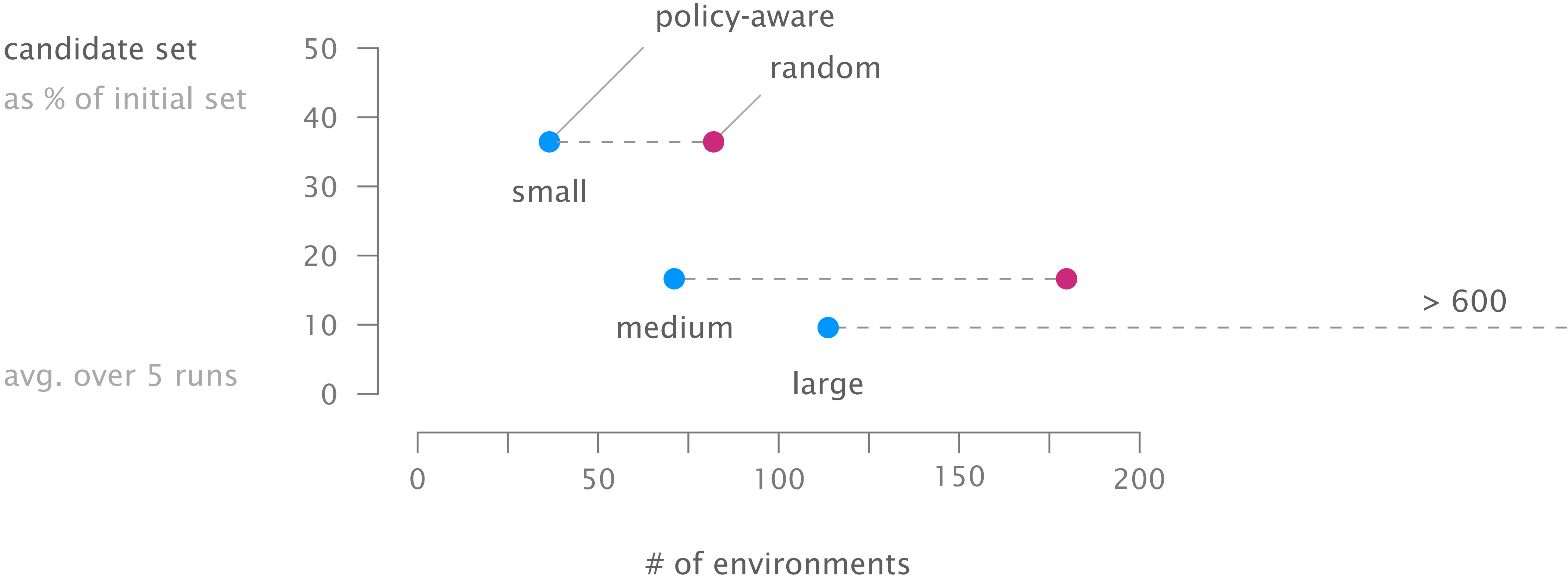
For failure models with a high failure bound,
policy trimming reduces the candidate space significantly



Config2Spec mines the specification for realistic networks in few hours

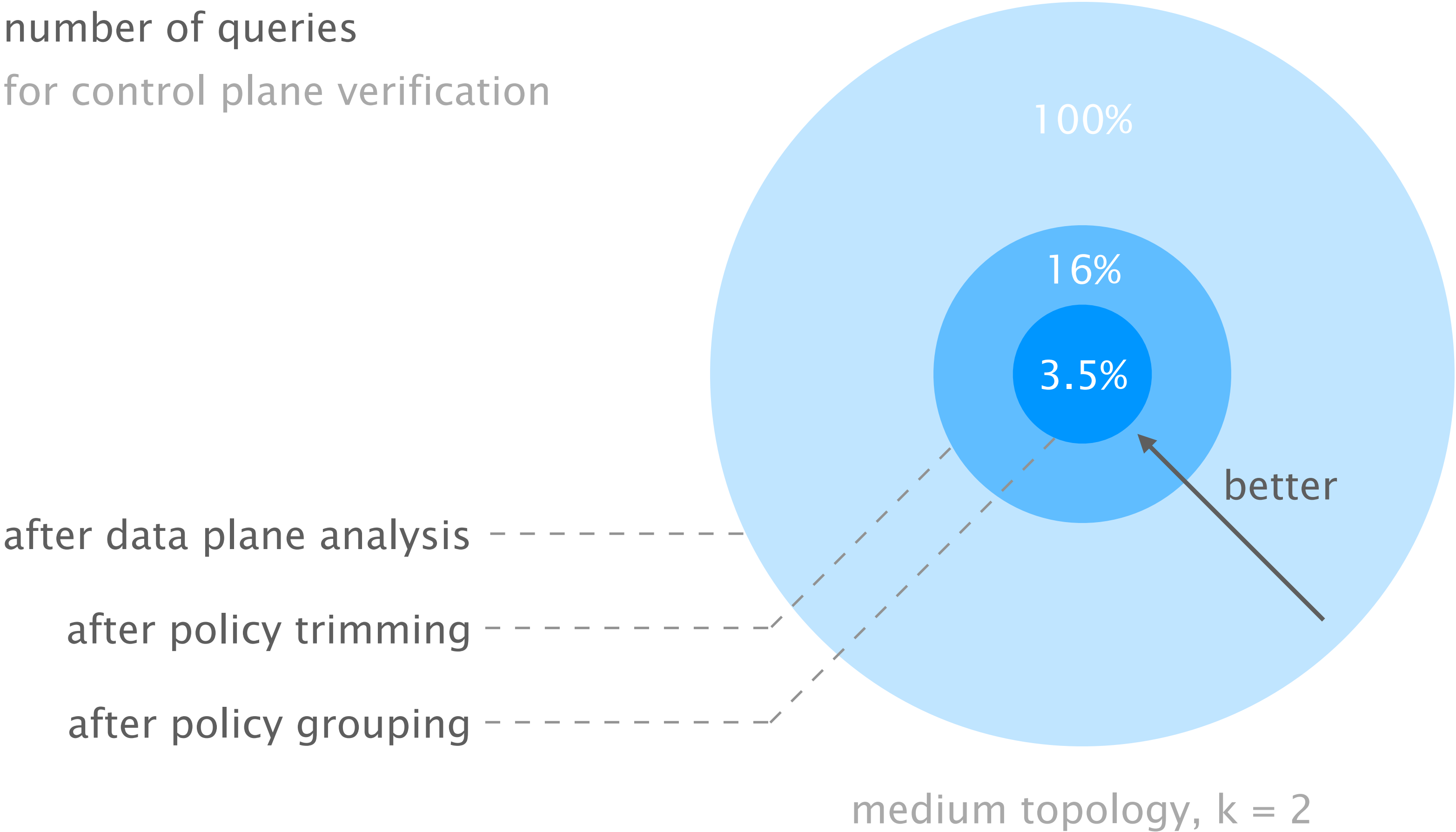


Policy-aware environment selection leads to smaller candidate sets with fewer samples than random



Policy trimming and grouping allows to significantly reduce the number of queries

number of queries
for control plane verification



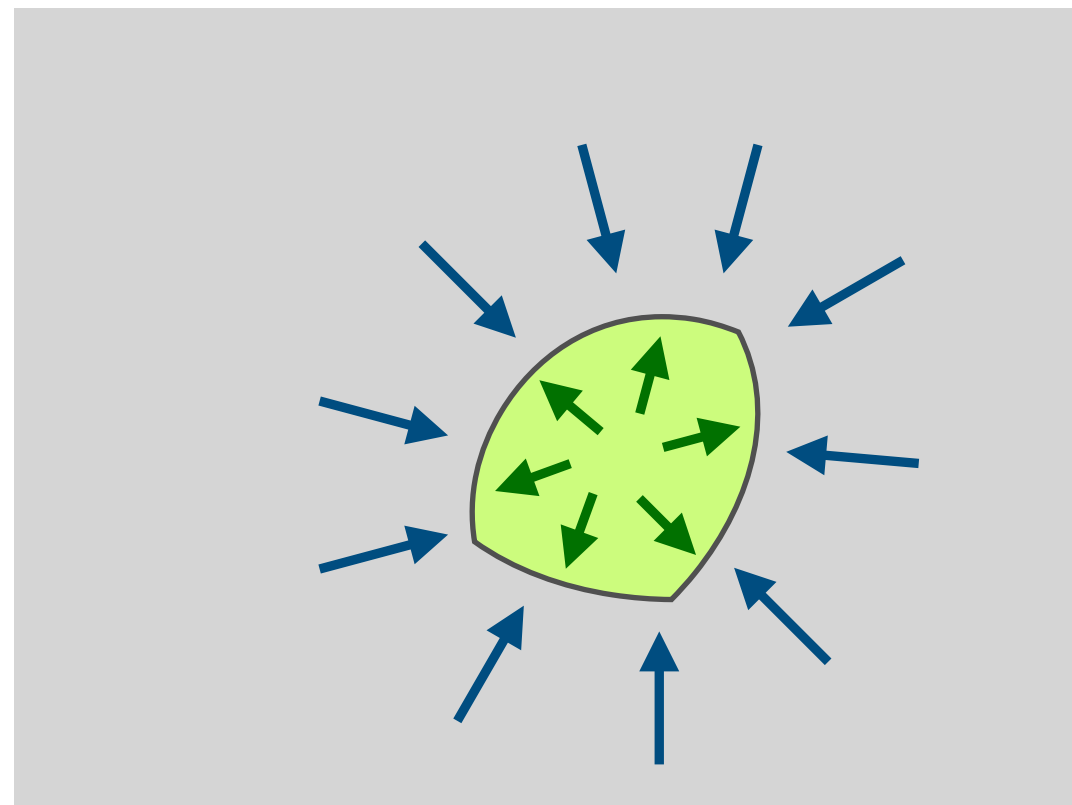
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Config2Spec:

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automatically learns a network's specification
based on its configuration and failure model

scales thanks to the combination of the two approaches
data plane analysis and control plane verification

the specification is useful beyond verification
what-if analysis, config streamlining, network understanding

Config2Spec

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nsg.ee.ethz.ch