



UNIVERSITY OF
TEXAS
ARLINGTON



Towards Predicting Efficient and Anonymous Tor Circuits

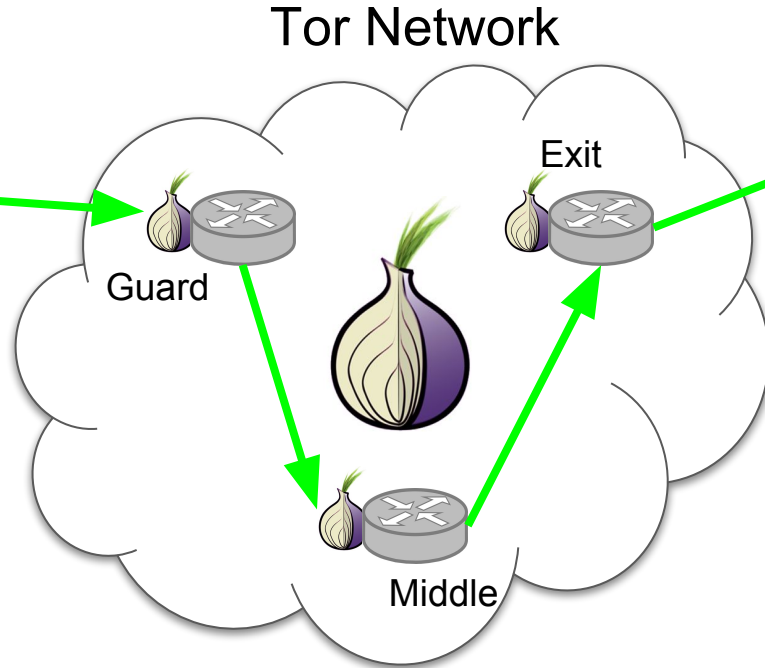
Armon Barton¹, Mohsen Imani¹, Jiang Ming¹,
and Matthew Wright²

[1] University of Texas at Arlington, [2] Rochester Institute of Technology

Anonymity with Tor



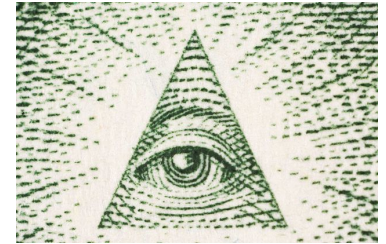
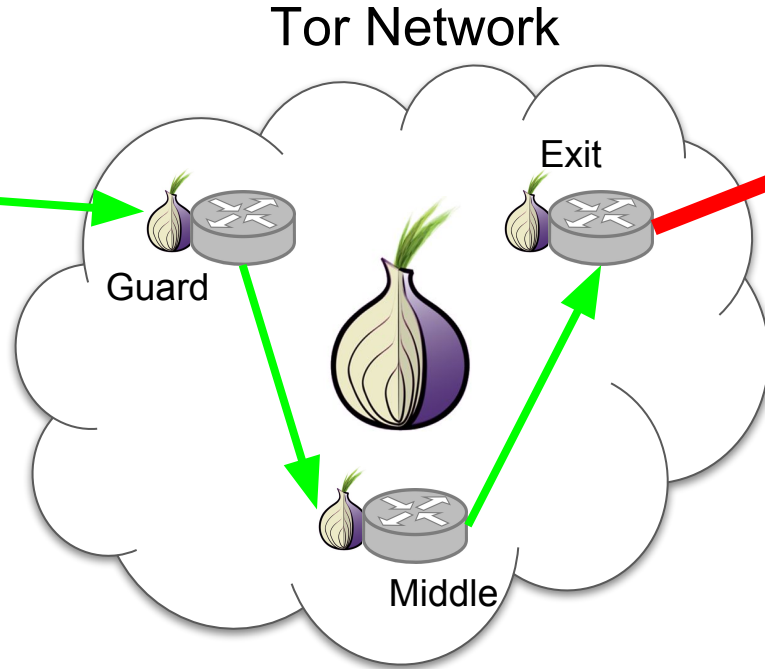
- Millions of users
- 7,000 + Tor relays



Anonymity with Tor



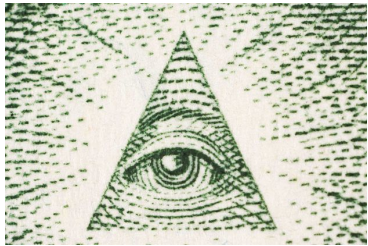
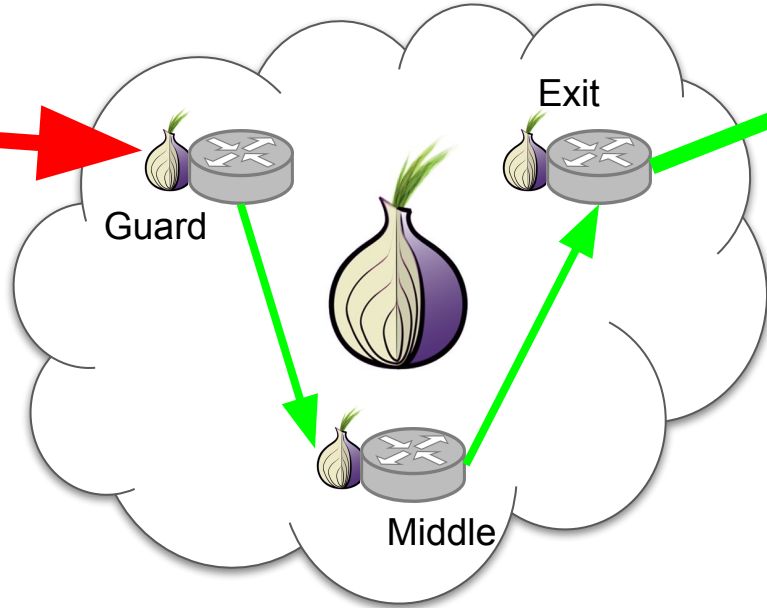
- Millions of users
- 7,000 + Tor relays



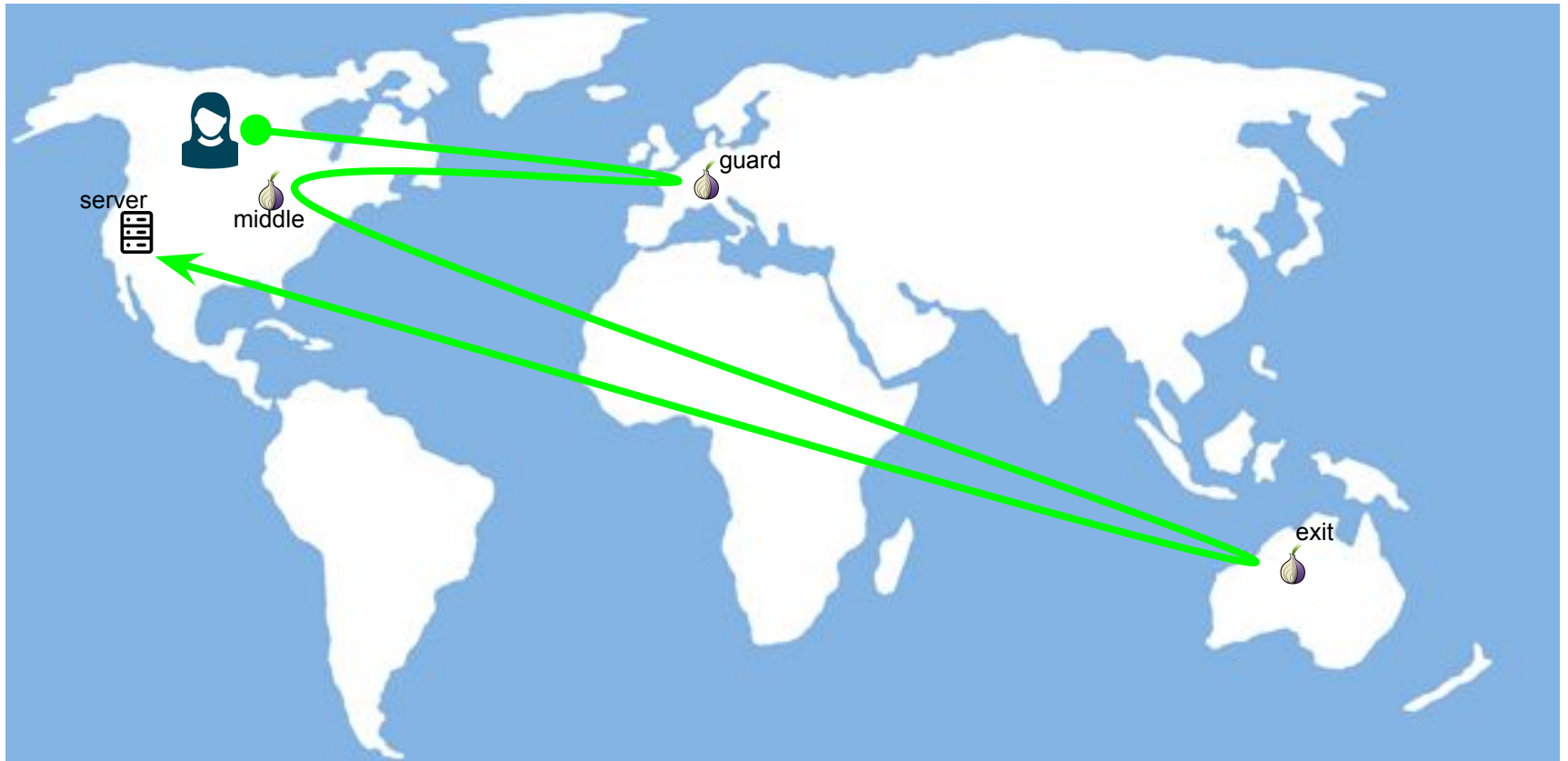
Anonymity with Tor



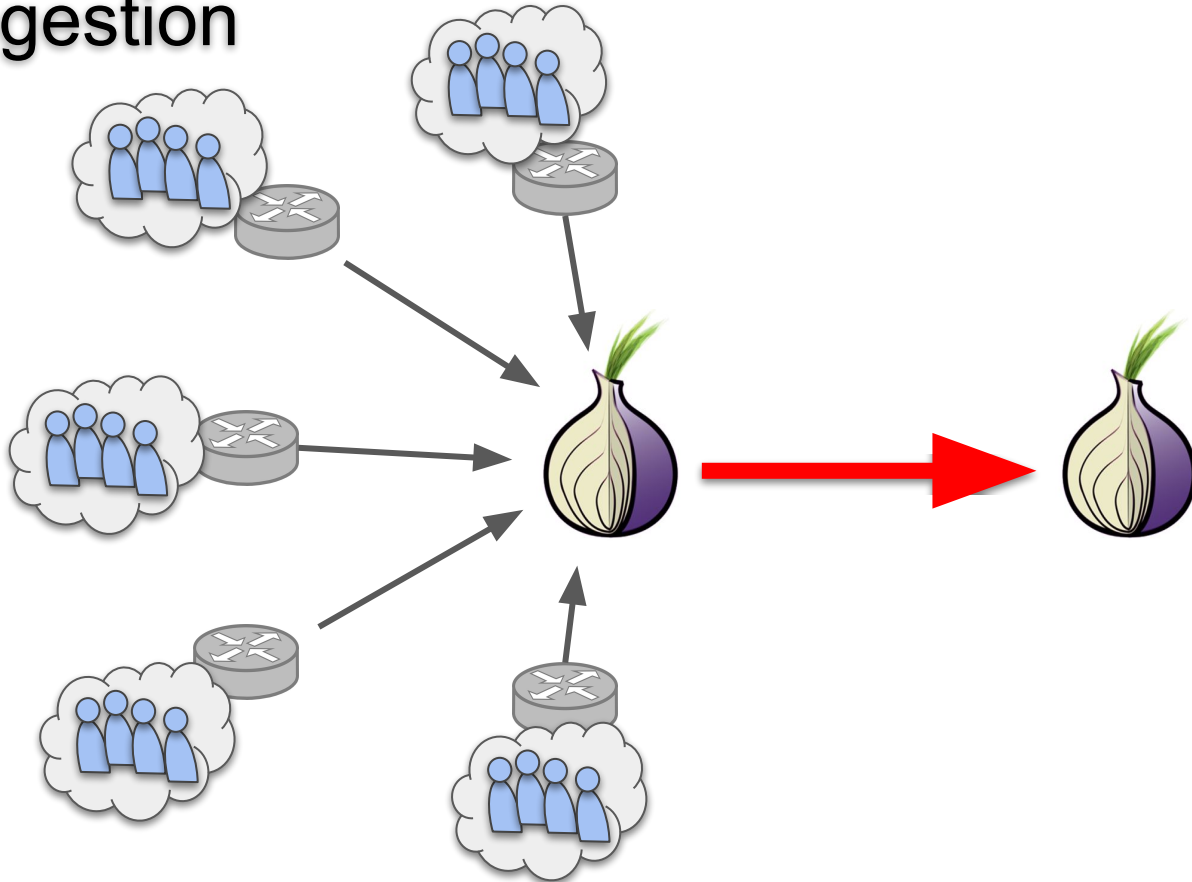
Tor Network



Latency in Tor



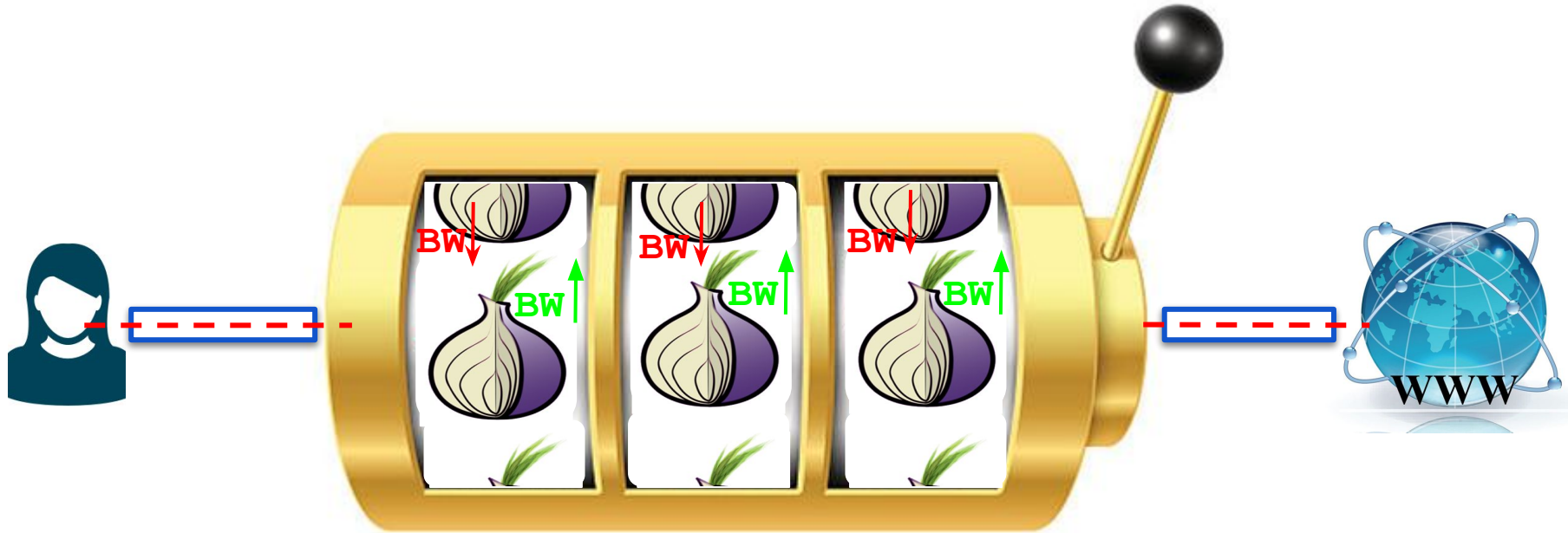
Tor Congestion



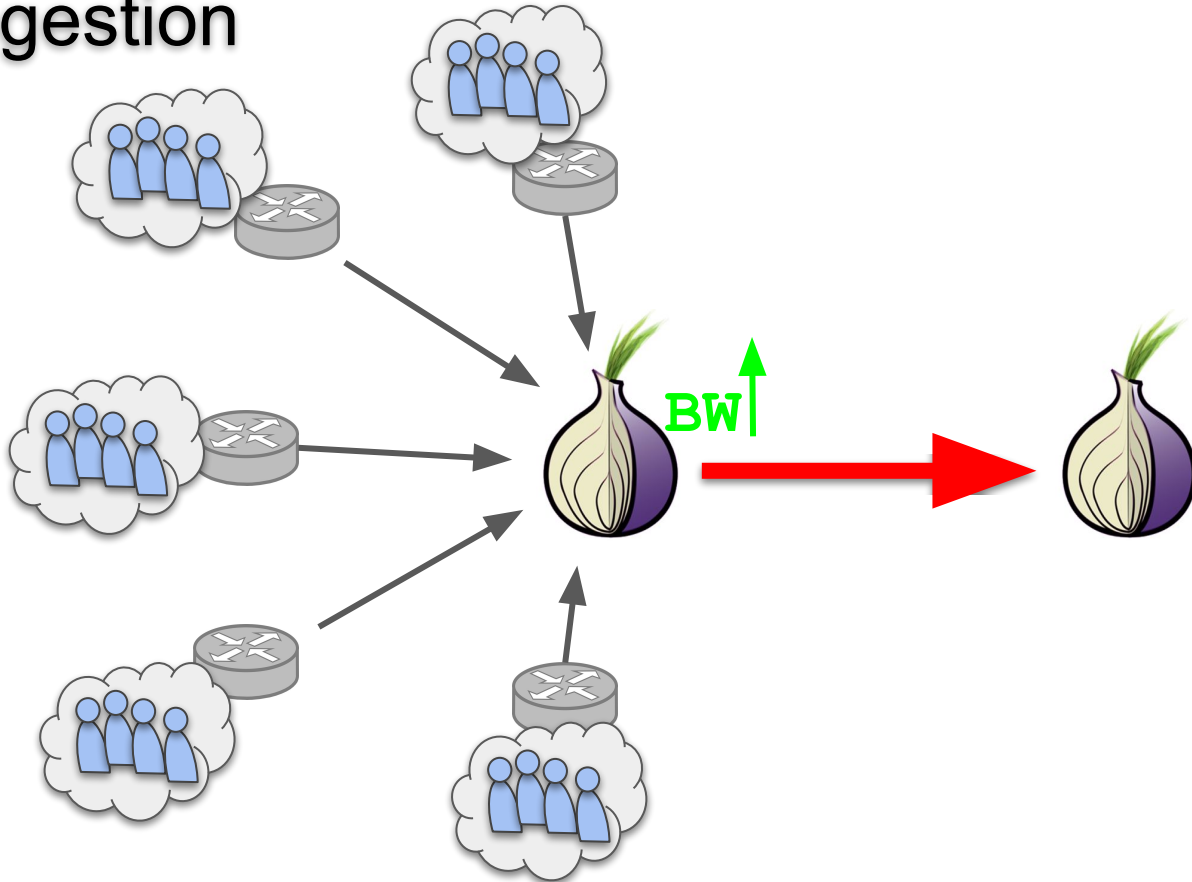
Path Selection Algorithms

- Bandwidth Weighted Selection
- Snader and Borisov Selection
- Congestion Aware Routing

Bandwidth Weighted Path Selection



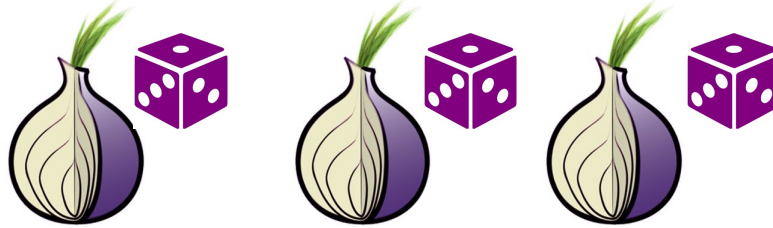
Tor Congestion



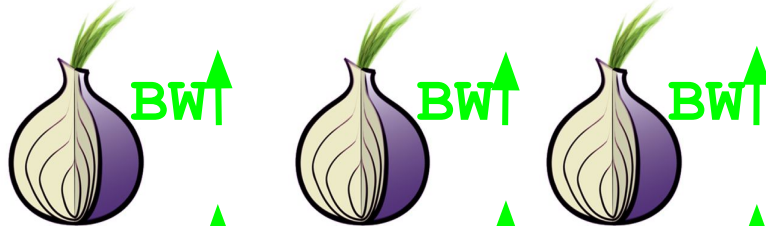
Snader and Borisov



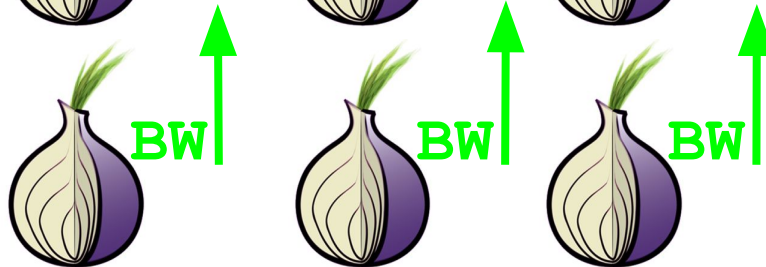
SB-0



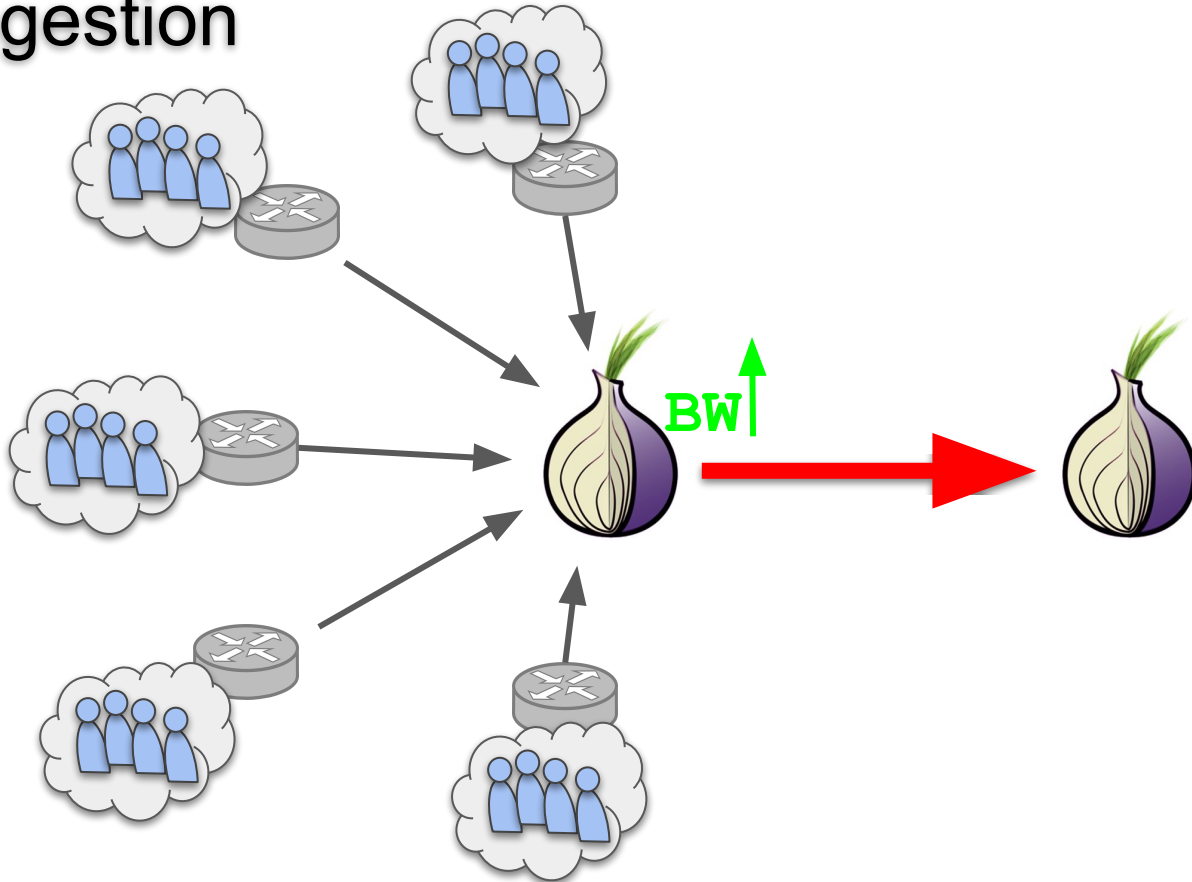
SB-9



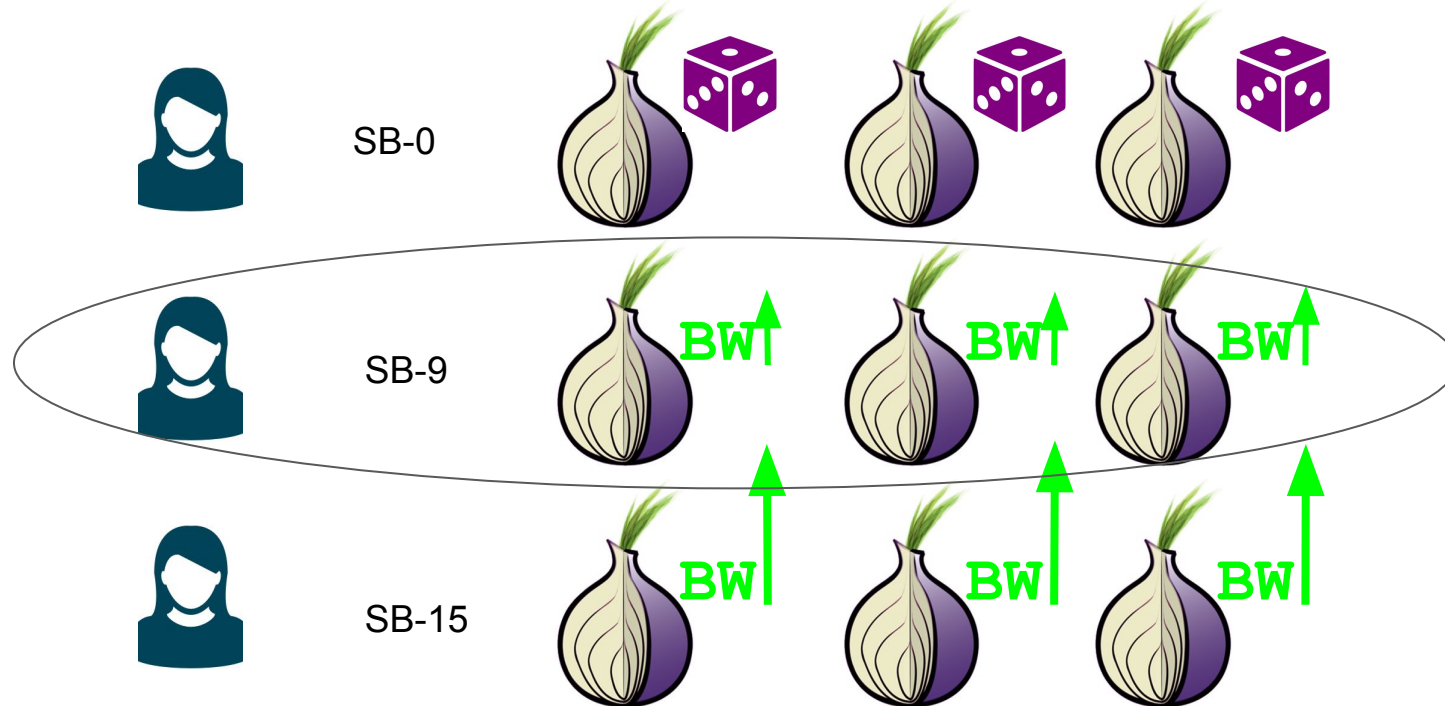
SB-15



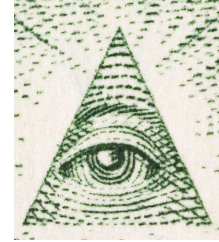
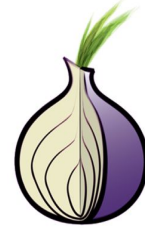
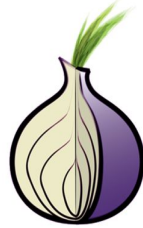
Tor Congestion



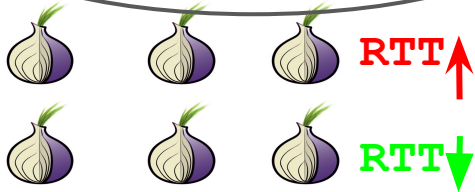
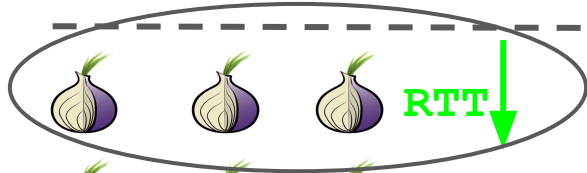
Snader and Borisov



Congestion Aware Routing

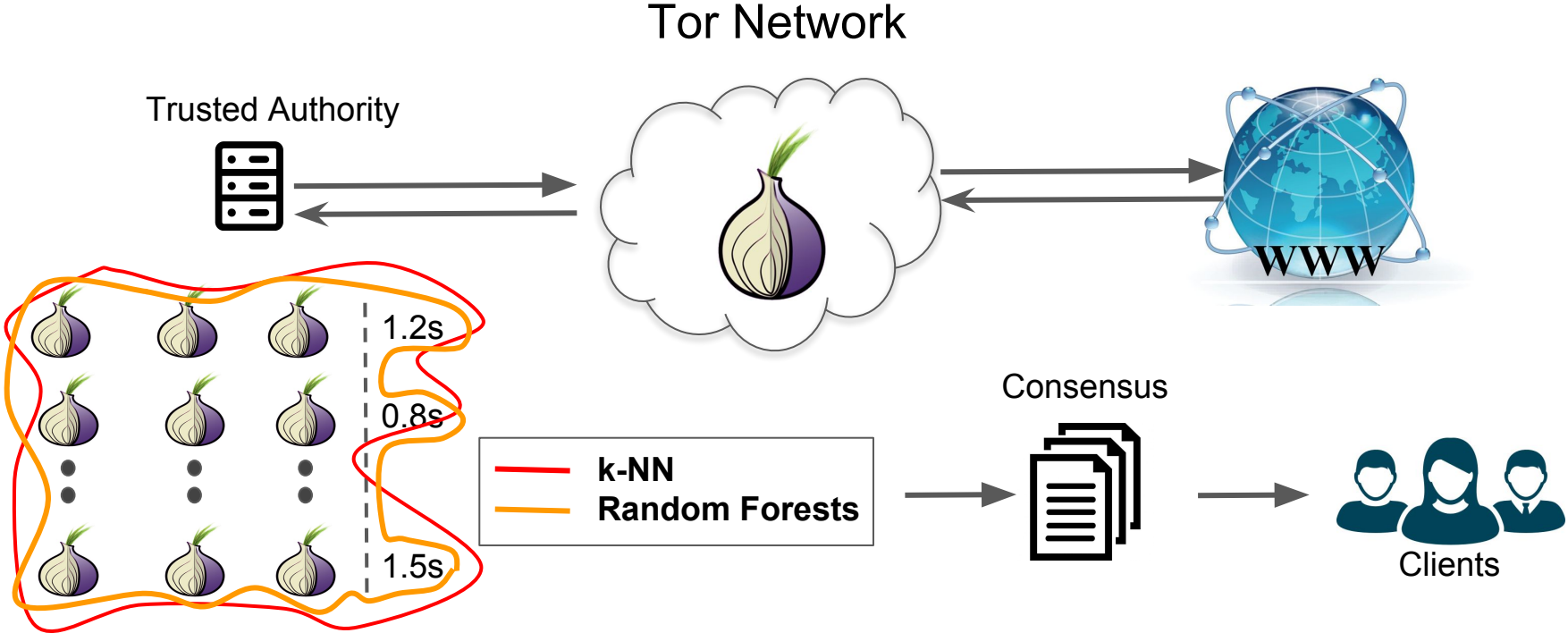


RTT

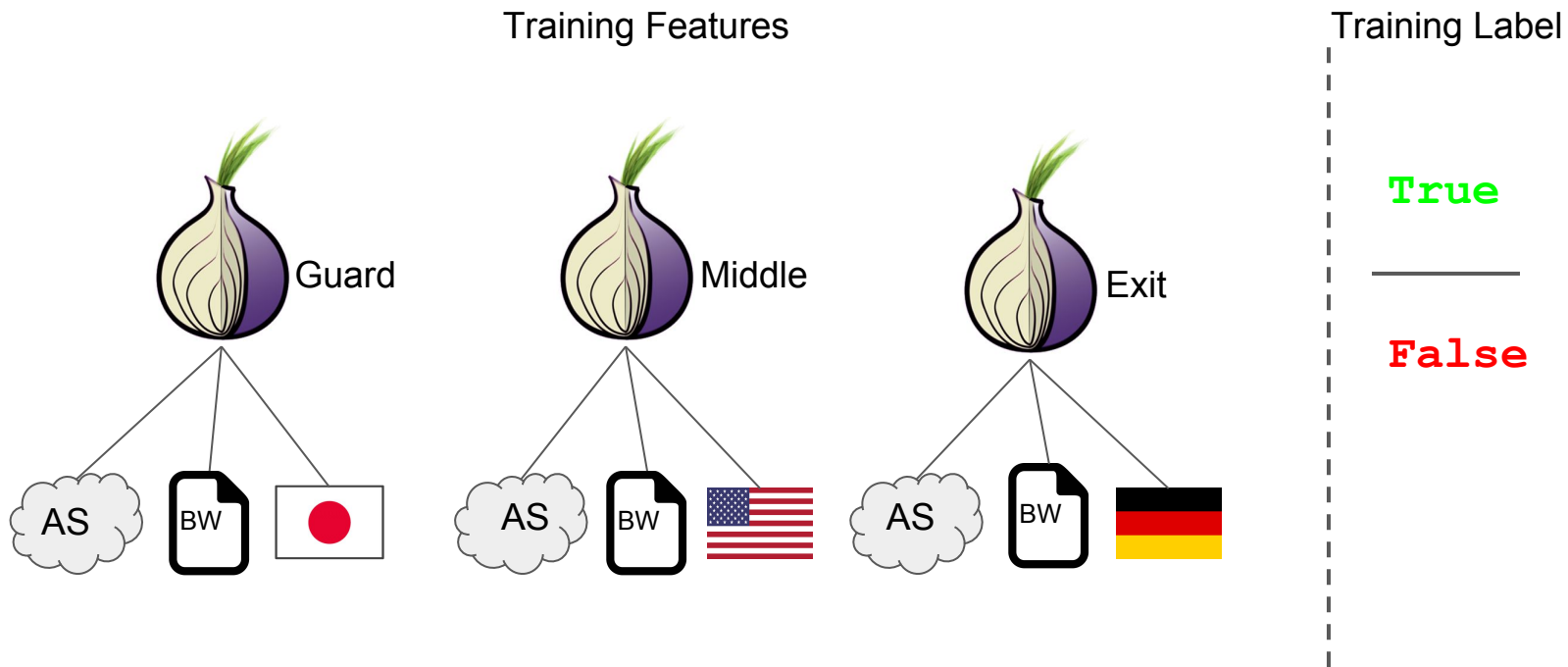


PredicT^{or}

PredicTor



Feature Extraction



Evaluating Accuracy

Shadow Simulation

- 1000 clients, 400 relays, 70 servers
- 320 KiB
- Training set: 120,000 streams
- Test set: 25,000 streams

Live Tor

- Server hosting 20 instances of Tor
- 80 KiB from a US server
- Training set: 50,000 streams
- Test set: 20,000 streams

Evaluating Accuracy

| Model | Shadow | Live Tor |
|----------------|------------|------------|
| k-NN | 70% | 64% |
| Random Forests | 76% | 70% |

PredicTor Evaluation

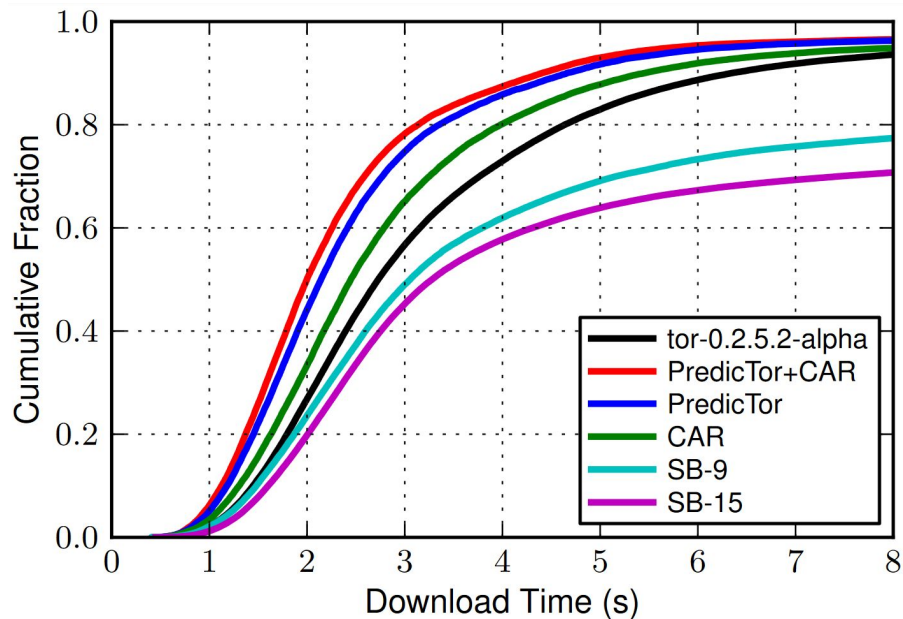
Implemented PredicTor in the Tor source code

- Tested on Shadow and Live Tor
- Compared with
 - BW (Vanilla)
 - Congestion Aware Routing (CAR)
 - Snader and Borisov (SB) - 9
 - SB-15

Shadow Experiment

PredicTor Improved Performance

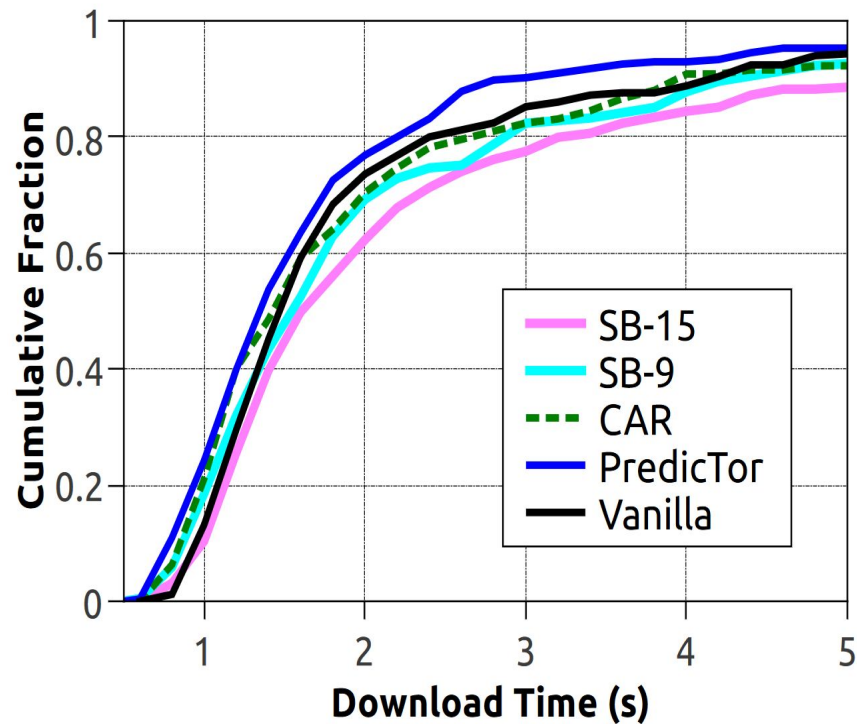
- 23% compared to Vanilla
- 13% compared to CAR
- Speed up over 500ms in the med.
- Over 1.5s in the 90th.
- SB-9 and SB-15 performed the slowest.



Live Tor Experiment

PredicTor Improved Performance

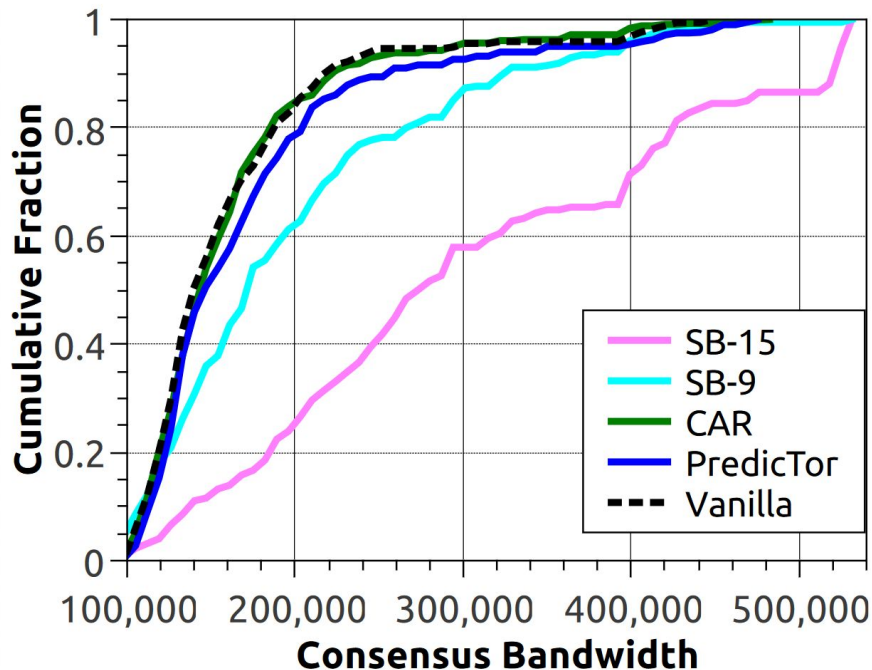
- 11% compared to Vanilla
- 6% compared to CAR
- Over 1.0s in the 90th.
- SB-9 and SB-15 performed the slowest.



Live Tor Experiment

Circuit Bandwidth

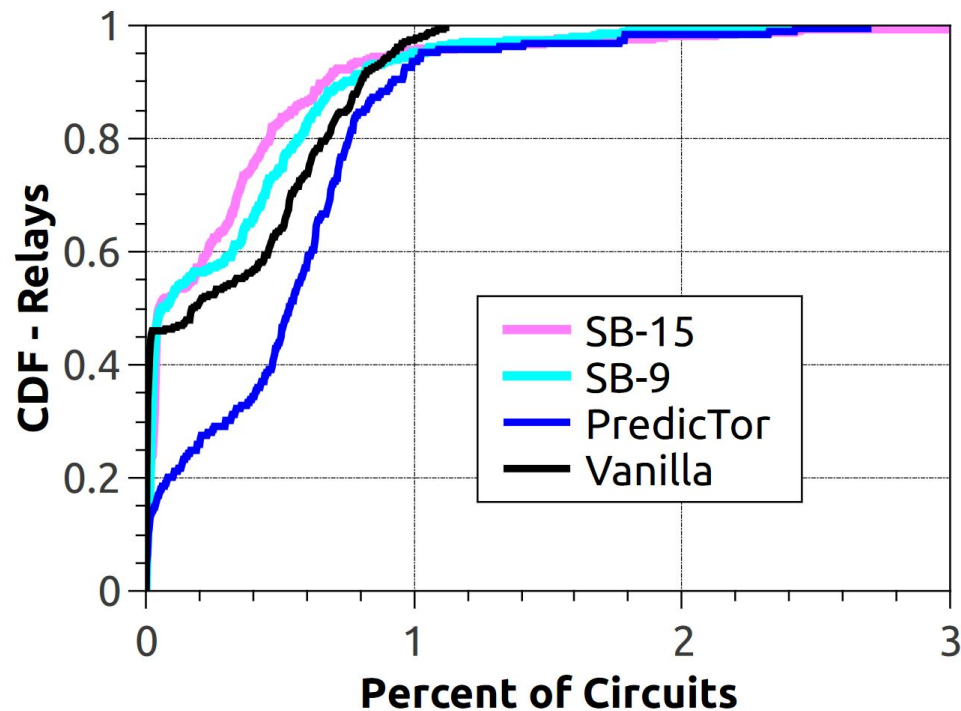
- SB-9
 - 22% BW compared to Vanilla
- SB-15
 - 97% BW compared to Vanilla
- Indicates
 - relays experience persistent congestion
 - performance gains in PredicTor are not solely attributed to BW.



Key Findings

Shadow Simulation

- Relay Utilization
 - SB-9, SB-15 utilized 50%
 - Vanilla utilized 65%
 - PredicTor utilized 85%



Key Findings

Live Tor Experiment

- Circuit Length
 - 680 km shorter compared to vanilla.



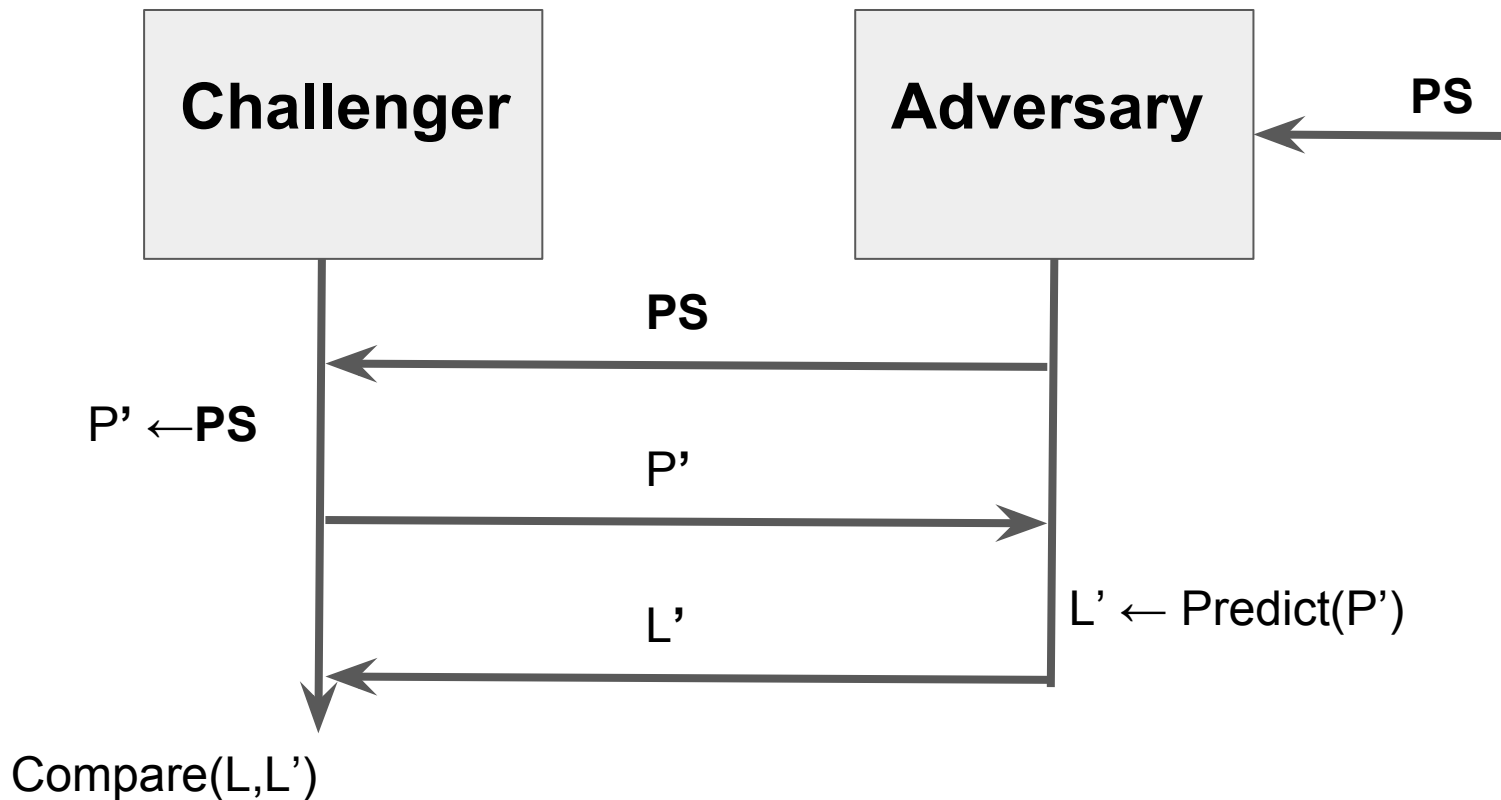
PredicTor Performance Gains

- Avoiding nodes with persistent congestion.
- Better relay utilization.
- Builds circuits of shorter geographic distance.

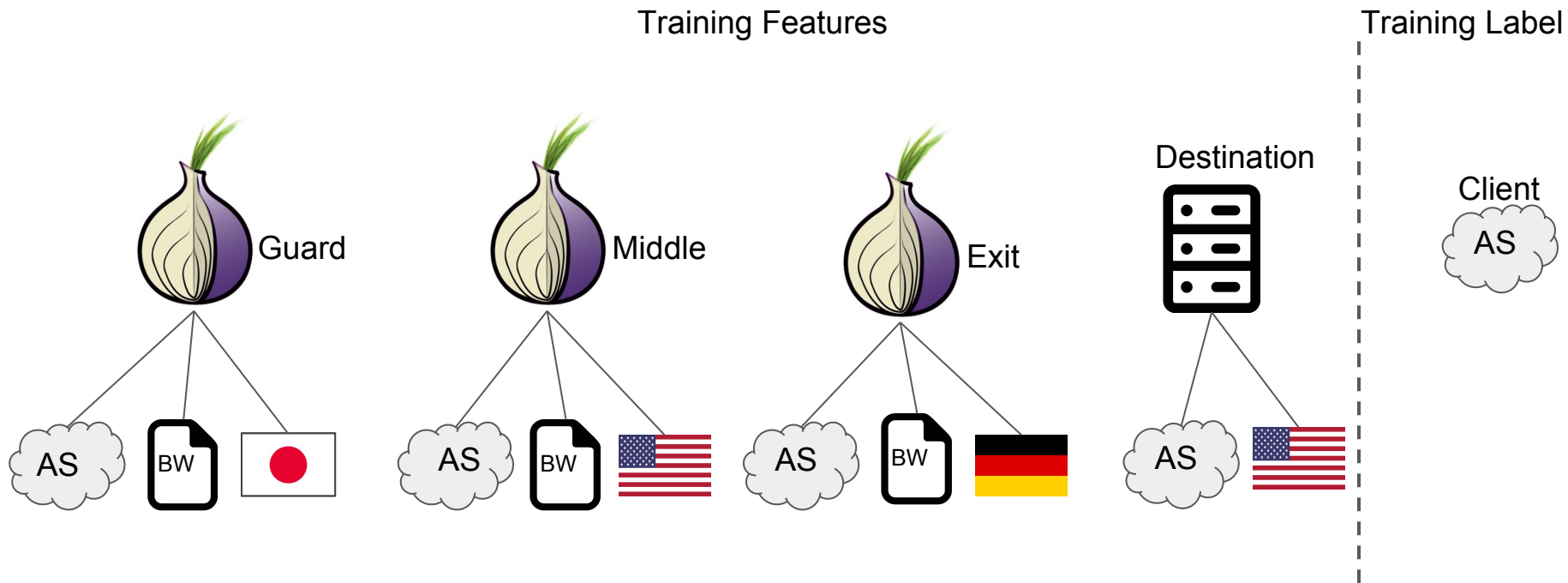
Security Evaluation

- Entropy based metrics
- All-or-nothing compromise
- AnoA Framework

Client AS Inference (CLASI)



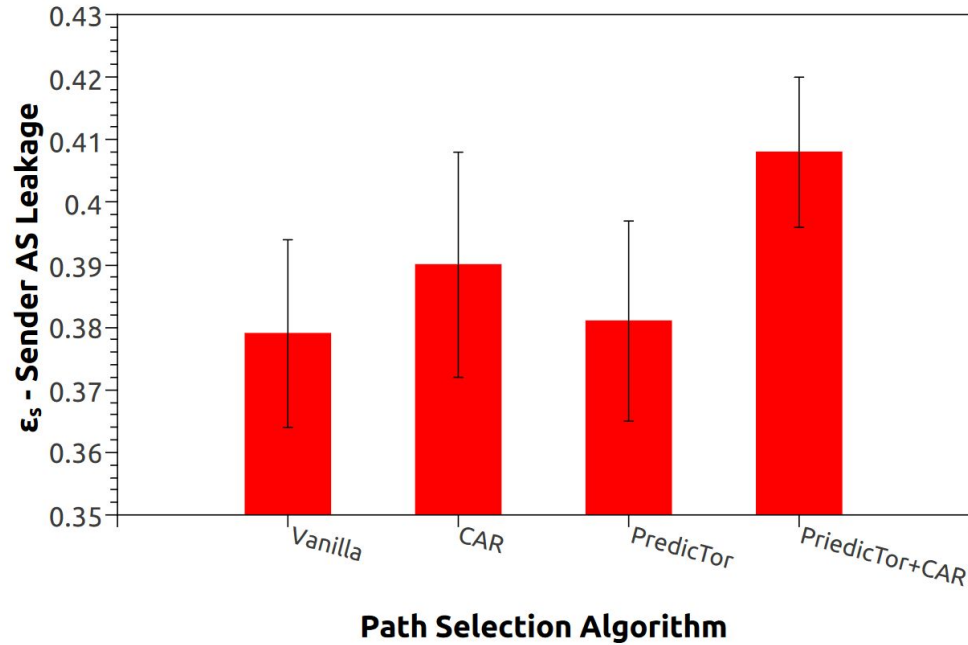
Feature Extraction



Client AS Inference (CLASI)

$$Pr[L = L'] = \frac{1}{S_L} + \epsilon_s$$

PredicTor Security Evaluation CLASI



PredicTor Security Evaluation

Uniformity Degree

| Algorithm | Uniformity Degree |
|-----------|-------------------|
| Vanilla | .84 |
| CAR | .83 |
| PredicTor | .79 |

Conclusion

PredicTor performance gains

- Avoiding congestion
- Load distribution
- Shorter circuits

PredicTor security evaluation

- PredicTor had Similar sender AS leakage compared to Vanilla
- Lower AS leakage compared to CAR

Conclude: PredicTor had the best security / performance trade-off compared to both Vanilla and CAR.

Questions?