Yes, No, Maybe?

Error handling with gRPC examples

Agenda

Hello world with Protocol buffers and gRPC

What's done by "magic"?

Error codes

Did it work? yes, no, and maybe?

Should I Retry?

TL;DR guidelines

Protocol buffers and gRPC

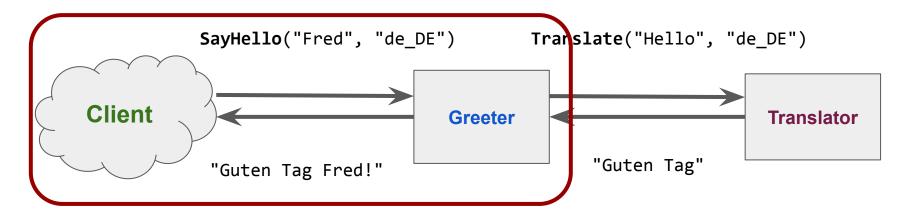
In 5-ish mins...





Protocol Buffers

The Greeter Service



- 1. define data structure schemas and programming interfaces
- 2. implementation code
- 3. remote procedure call (RPC) for the distributed client and server

1. The service definition .proto

Protocol Buffers

Protocol Buffers is a simple language-neutral and platform-neutral Interface Definition Language (IDL)

```
// Hello world
                                                             a service method
service Greeter {
 rpc SayHello (HelloRequest) returns (HelloReply) {}
// Who to greet ?
                                                             a request message type
message HelloRequest {
  string name = 1;
  string locale = 2;
// The greeting.
                                                             a response message type
message HelloReply {
 string greeting = 1;
```

1. The generated helper code

Protocol Buffers

The protocol buffer compiler generates codes that has

- remote interface stub for Client to call with the methods
- abstract interface for Server code to implement

Protocol buffer code will populate, serialize, and retrieve our request and response message types.

2. The implementation code

greeter_client.cc

#include "greeter.grpc.pb.h" // generated by protoc

```
GreeterClient(std::shared_ptr<Channel> channel)
    : stub_(Greeter::NewStub(channel)) {}
std::string SayHello(const std::string& user) {
    HelloRequest request;
    request.set_name(user);
    HelloReply reply;
    ClientContext context;
    stub_->SayHello(&context, request, &reply);
    return reply.message();
```

greeter_server.cc

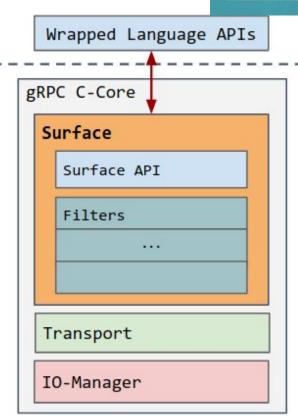
#include "greeter.grpc.pb.h" // generated by protoc

```
class GreeterServiceImpl final : public
Greeter::Service {
  grpc::Status SayHello(ServerContext* context, const
HelloRequest* request, HelloReply* reply) override {
    std::string prefix("Hello ");
    reply->set_message(prefix + request->name());
    return Status::OK;
  }
};
```

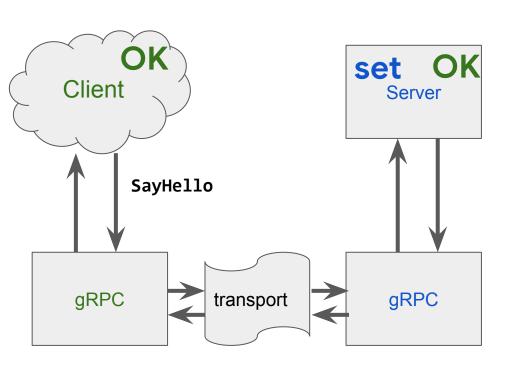
3. ...and the gRPC core

- Exposes core api to language api
- Filters
 - Implements RPC deadlines
 - Performs authentication
- Reconnect automatically with exponential backoff
- Takes care of socket creation, timers etc.





Status OK

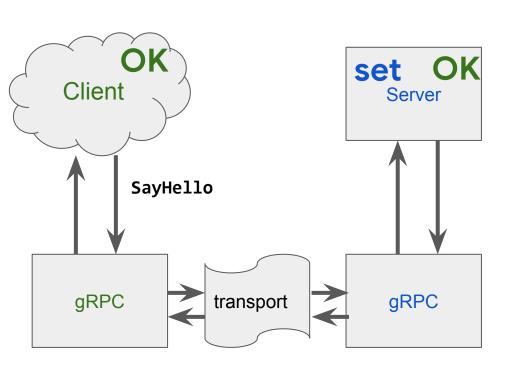


Yes

It's done, ship it!



Status OK



But..

what happens if something fails?

Status Error: yes, no, maybe

OK

- It worked (as implemented)

gRPC Core Status Codes

- OK
- CANCELLED
- UNKNOWN
- INVALID ARGUMENT
- DEADLINE EXCEEDED
- NOT FOUND
- ALREADY_EXISTS
- PERMISSION DENIED
- UNAUTHENTICATED
- RESOURCE EXHAUSTED
- FAILED PRECONDITION
- ABORTED
- OUT OF RANGE
- UNIMPLEMENTED
- INTERNAL
- UNAVAILABLE
- DATA_LOSS

Status Error: yes, no, maybe

greeter_client.cc

```
stub ->SayHello(&context, request, &reply);
return reply.message();
                      Status status = stub ->SayHello(&context, request, &reply);
                      if (status.ok()) {
                        return reply.message();
                      } else {
                        // do something useful and cheap
                        LOG EVERY N(ERROR, 10)
                          << "Error " << google::COUNTER << " with status "
                          << status.error code() << status.error message();</pre>
                      return "no hello available";
```

Status Error : yes, no, maybe

OK - It worked (as implemented)

It wasn't gRPC library.

gRPC Core Status Codes

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- UNKNOWN
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- RESOURCE EXHAUSTED
- FAILED PRECONDITION
- ABORTED
- OUT OF RANGE
- UNIMPLEMENTED
- INTERNAL
- UNAVAILABLE
- DATA LOSS

Maybe

Deadline exceeded... or did it?



Status Error : yes, no, maybe



DEADLINE_EXCEEDED

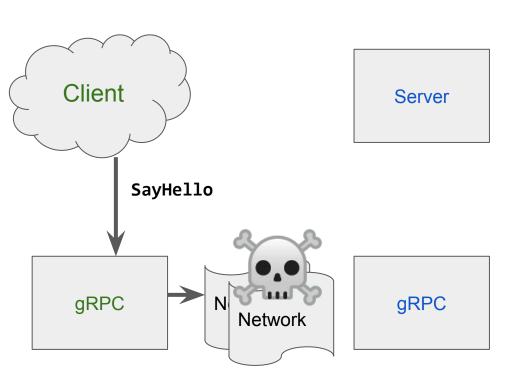
Server

- ??
- CANCELLED
- DEADLINE_EXCEEDED
- OK

gRPC Core Status Codes

- OK
- CANCELLED
- UNKNOWN
- INVALID ARGUMENT
- DEADLINE_EXCEEDED
- NOT FOUND
- ALREADY_EXISTS
- PERMISSION DENIED
- UNAUTHENTICATED
- RESOURCE_EXHAUSTED
- FAILED PRECONDITION
- ABORTED
- OUT_OF_RANGE
- UNIMPLEMENTED
- INTERNAL
- UNAVAILABLE
- DATA LOSS



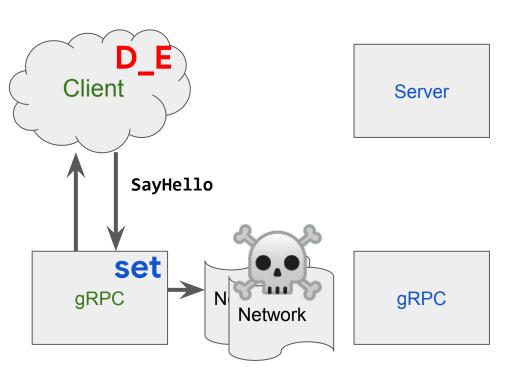


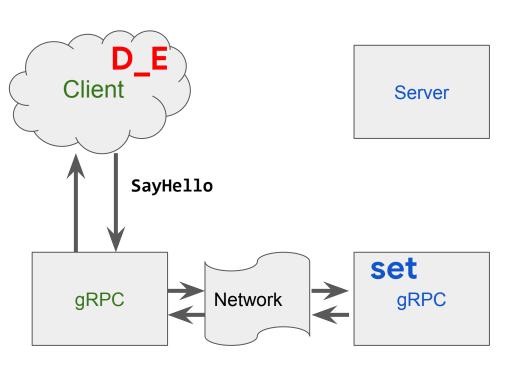
Transport flaps

Stubs re-connects automatically.

Like magic but not actually magic!

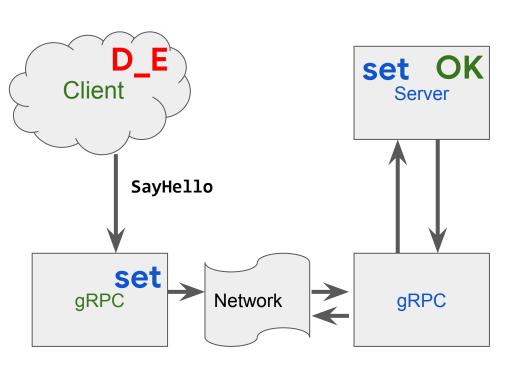






Do the client and server agree?

no

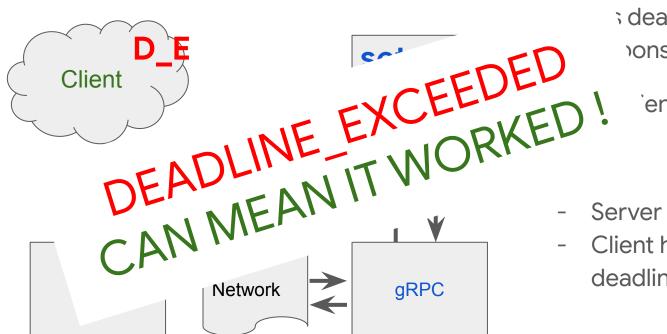


Client's deadline reached before the response from the server.

Do the client and server agree?

no

- Server did wasted work.
- Client had already received deadline_exceeded from gRPC



onse from the server.

ent and server agree?

- Server did wasted work.
- Client had already received deadline exceeded from gRPC

Servers. Cascading outage happen when servers spend resources handling requests that will exceed their deadlines on the client.

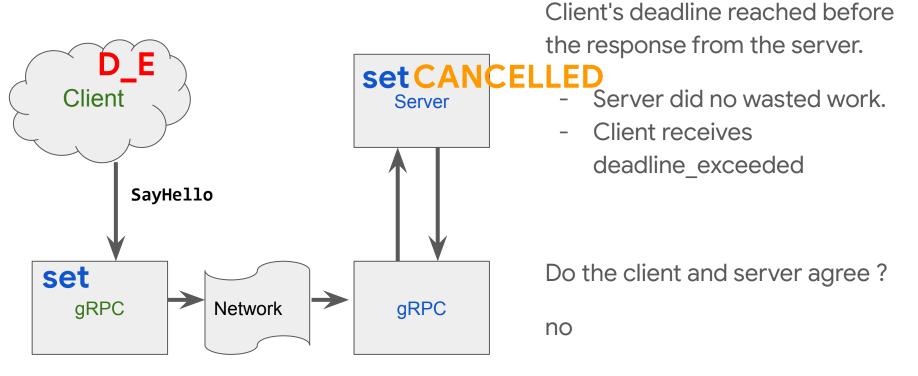
Clients. Think carefully about whether your request is idempotent before considering retries.

Servers can succeed and clients could still be retrying the requests!



greeter_server.cc

```
// Check whether the client deadline has expired before processing.
if (context->IsCancelled()) {
  LOG(INFO) << "Deadline exceeded or Client cancelled, abandoning.";
  return Status::CANCELLED;
}</pre>
```

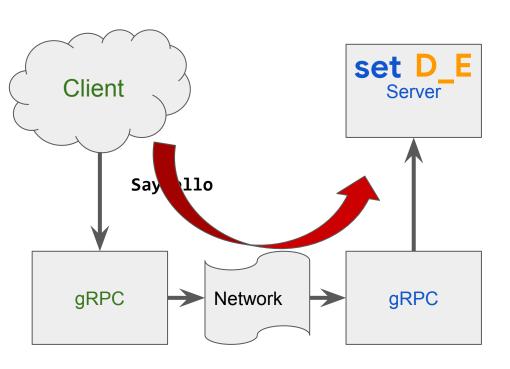


greeter_server.cc

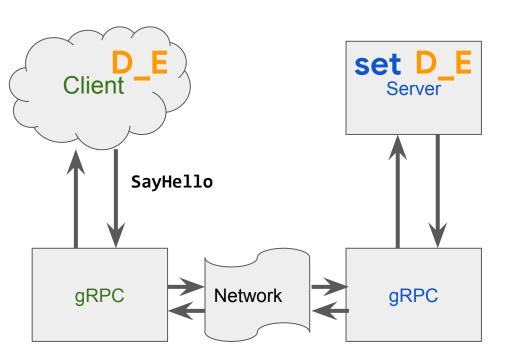
```
// Avoid expensive backend calls for client who won't wait for results.
if (time_left < FLAGS_too_little_time_ms) {
  LOG(INFO) << "Don't call the backends, and set deadline exceeded.";
  return Status(grpc::DEADLINE_EXCEEDED, "Greeter service needs more time.");
}</pre>
```

The proto

```
// Hello world
service Greeter {
 // If request deadline < FLAGS too little time ms remains,
 // returns DEADLINE EXCEEDED.
 rpc SayHello (HelloRequest) returns (HelloReply) {}
message HelloRequest {
  string name = 1;
  string locale = 2;
message HelloReply {
  string greeting = 1;
```

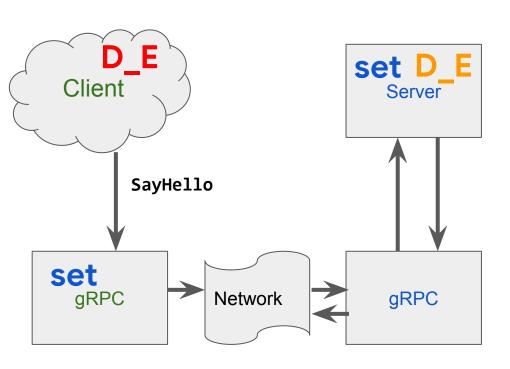


Do the client and server agree ? maybe!



Do the client and server agree?

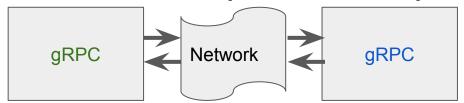
Yes, for the same reason.



Do the client and server agree?

Yes, but for different reasons.

Status Error: yes, no, maybe



CLIENT

- CANCELLED
- UNKNOWN
- DEADLINE_EXCEEDED
- UNAUTHENTICATED
- RESOURCE EXHAUSTED
- UNIMPLEMENTED
- INTERNAL
- UNAVAILABLE

SERVER

- CANCELLED
- UNKNOWN
- DEADLINE_EXCEEDED
- UNAUTHENTICATED
- RESOURCE EXHAUSTED
- UNIMPLEMENTED
- INTERNAL
- UNAVAILABLE

gRPC Core Status Codes

- OK
- CANCELLED
- UNKNOWN
- INVALID ARGUMENT
- DEADLINE EXCEEDED
- NOT FOUND
- ALREADY EXISTS
- PERMISSION DENIED
- UNAUTHENTICATED
- RESOURCE EXHAUSTED
- FAILED PRECONDITION
- ABORTED
- OUT OF RANGE
- UNIMPLEMENTED
- INTERNAL
- UNAVAILABLE
- DATA LOSS

Status Error : yes, no, maybe

OK - It worked (as implemented)

MAYBE - It _might_ have WORKED

NO - It _probably_ didn't WORK.

gRPC Core Status Codes

- OK
- CANCELLED
- UNKNOWN
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- ABORTED
- OUT OF RANGE
- UNIMPLEMENTED
- INTERNAL
- UNAVAILABLE
- DATA_LOSS

Status Error : yes, no, maybe

gRPC Care Status Codes

Error codes

Error codes

ARGUMENT

CEFTOR

are conventions **OK** - It worked (as implemented) MAYBE - It might have \\' NO - |+ Is there any ? source of "truth"? **USTED** NOITIUN -NIED OUT OF RANGE UNIMPLEMENTED INTERNAL UNAVAILABLE DATA LOSS

No

But services can set expectations



Status Error: yes, no, maybe

google.rpc.Codes



- INVALID ARGUMENT
- FAILED PRECONDITION
- OUT OF RANGE
- PERMISSION DENIED UNAVAILABLE
- NOT FOUND
- ABORTED
- ALREADY EXISTS
- RESOURCE EXHAUSTED
- CANCELLED



Server errors

- DATA LOSS
- UNKNOWN
- INTERNAL
- UNAUTHENTICATED NOT IMPLEMENTED

 - DEADLINE EXCEEDED

Status Error : yes, no, maybe

google.rpc.Codes



Client errors

- INVALID_ARGUMENT
- FAILED_PRECONDITION
- OUT_OF_RANGE
- UNAUTHENTICATED
- PERMISSION DENIED
- NOT_FOUND
- ABORTED
- ALREADY_EXISTS
- RESOURCE_EXHAUSTED
- CANCELLED

Server errors

- DATA LOSS
- UNKNOWN
- INTERNAL
- NOT IMPLEMENTED
- UNAVAILABLE
- DEADLINE_EXCEEDED

Clients should **retry** on **UNKNOWN** and **UNAVAILABLE** errors with **exponential backoff**.

The **minimum delay** should be **1s** unless it is documented otherwise.

For **RESOURCE_EXHAUSTED** errors, the client may **retry with minimum 30s delay**.

Status Error: yes, no, maybe

google.rpc.Codes



Client errors

- INVALID_ARGUMENT
- FAILED_PRECONDITION
- OUT_OF_RANGE
- UNAUTHENTICATED
- PERMISSION DENIED
- NOT_FOUND
- ABORTED
- ALREADY_EXISTS

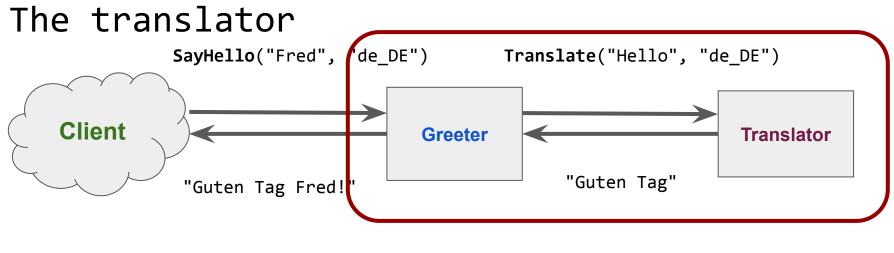
CANCELLED

Server errors

- DATA LOSS
- _
- INTERNAL
- NOT_IMPLEMENTED
- DEADLINE_EXCEEDED

For all other errors:

Retry may not be applicable - first **ensure** your request is **idempotent**, and see the error message for guidance.



```
// Hello world in most languages
service Translator {
   // If translate returns INTERNAL, this serious error is not retryable.
   // If translate returns UNAVAILABLE, is retryable after 1s & exponential backoff.
   rpc Translate (TranslationRequest) returns (TranslationReply) {}
}
```

The greeter

```
// Hello world server
service Greeter {
 // If < FLAGS too little time ms remains, returns DEADLINE EXCEEDED.
 // If locale not set, returns INVALID ARGUEMENT. Not retryable.
 // INTERNAL is not retryable.
 // UNAVAILABLE, is retryable.
 rpc SayHello (HelloRequest) returns (HelloReply) {}
message HelloRequest {
  string name = 1;
  string locale = 2;
message HelloReply {
  string greeting = 1;
```

Status Error : yes, no, maybe

greeter_client.cc

```
// If locale not set, returns INVALID_ARGUEMENT. Not retryable.
DEFINE string(user, "world", "Who to greet.");
DEFINE string(locale, "gd IE", "Locale for greeting, default to Irish.");
// We want to know how often the service is broken.
if (status.error code() == grpc::StatusCode::INTERNAL) {
  ++num broken;
// We want to know how often we're retrying.
if (status.error code() == grpc::StatusCode::UNAVAILABLE) {
  ++num retry;
```

TL;DR

There is no definitive answer but maybe some guidelines?



Status Error : yes, no, maybe

Tell clients which are temporary and which are permanent errors.

Invalid_argument will never work regardless of the state of the server. Unavailable might work later if the server was down.

If more than one error code applies return the most specific.

Out of range versus failed precondition.

Permission denied < unauthenticated < resources exhausted.

Hide implementation, unless you want client decisions to depend on it.

Don't blindly propagate errors. They can contain confidential data.

More?

@sre_grain

Or find me in the hallway

