

big as (or bigger than) the size of the text in the caption of the figures. Please do. Really.

In our case, we've explicitly drawn the figure inlined in latex, to allow this tex file to cleanly compile. But usually, your figures will reside in some file.pdf, and you'd include them in your document with, say, `\includegraphics`.

Lists are sometimes quite handy. If you want to itemize things, feel free:

fread a function that reads from a `stream` into the array `ptr` at most `nobj` objects of size `size`, returning returns the number of objects read.

Fred a person's name, e.g., there once was a dude named Fred who separated `usenix.sty` from this file to allow for easy inclusion.

The noindent at the start of this paragraph in its tex version makes it clear that it's a continuation of the preceding paragraph, as opposed to a new paragraph in its own right.

3.1 LaTeX-ing Your TeX File

People often use `pdflatex` these days for creating pdf-s from tex files via the shell. And `bibtex`, of course. Works for us.

Acknowledgments

The USENIX latex style is old and very tired, which is why there's no `acks` command for you to use when acknowledging. Sorry.

Availability

USENIX program committees give extra points to submissions that are backed by artifacts that are publicly available. If you made your code or data available, it's worth mentioning this fact in a dedicated section.

References

- [1] Remzi H. Arpaci-Dusseau and Arpaci-Dusseau Andrea C. *Operating Systems: Three Easy Pieces*. Arpaci-Dusseau Books, LLC, 1.00 edition, 2015. <http://pages.cs.wisc.edu/~remzi/OSTEP/>.
- [2] Carl A. Waldspurger. Memory resource management in VMware ESX server. In *USENIX Symposium on Operating System Design and Implementation (OSDI)*, pages 181–194, 2002. <https://www.usenix.org/legacy/event/osdi02/tech/waldspurger/waldspurger.pdf>.