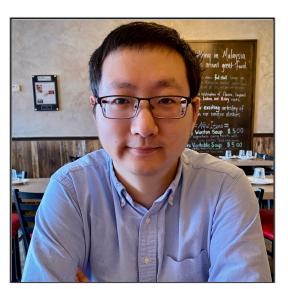
SIEVE is Simpler than LRU:

An Efficient Turn-Key Eviction Algorithm for Web Caches











Yazhuo Zhang, Juncheng Yang, Yao Yue, Ymir Vigfusson, K.V. Rashmi

Emory University, Carnegie Mellon University, Pelikan Foundation

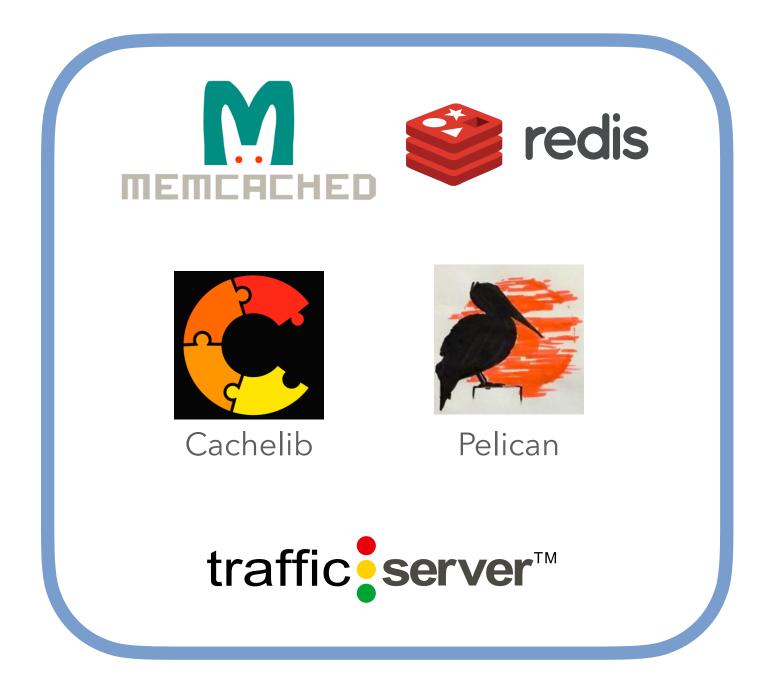
Caching System is Important







Page Cache



Web Caches

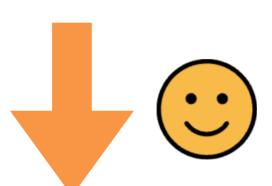
Limited Space!

Core: Eviction Algorithm

Cache Metrics

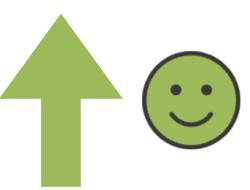
Efficiency

Cache Miss Ratio

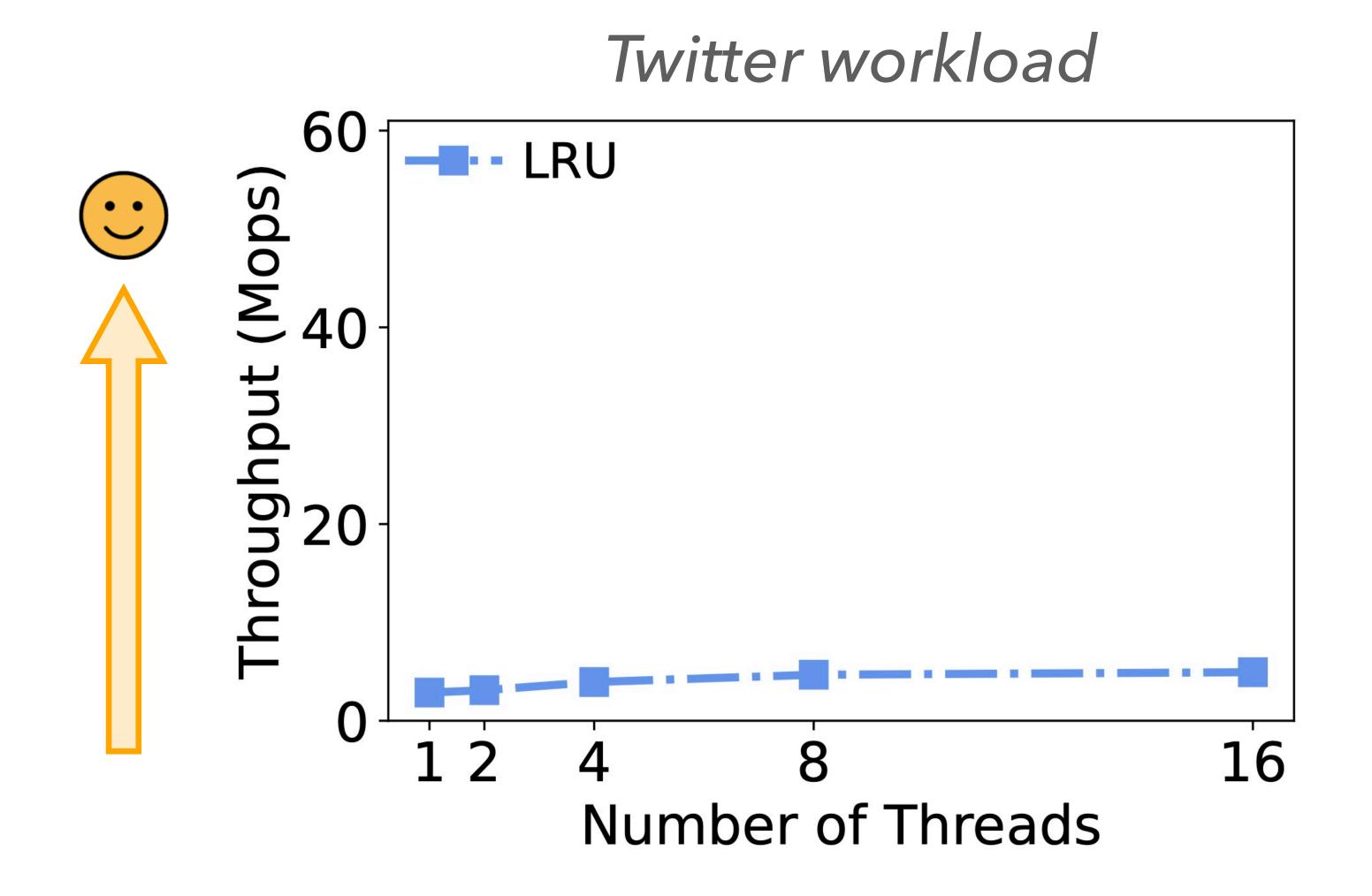


Scalability

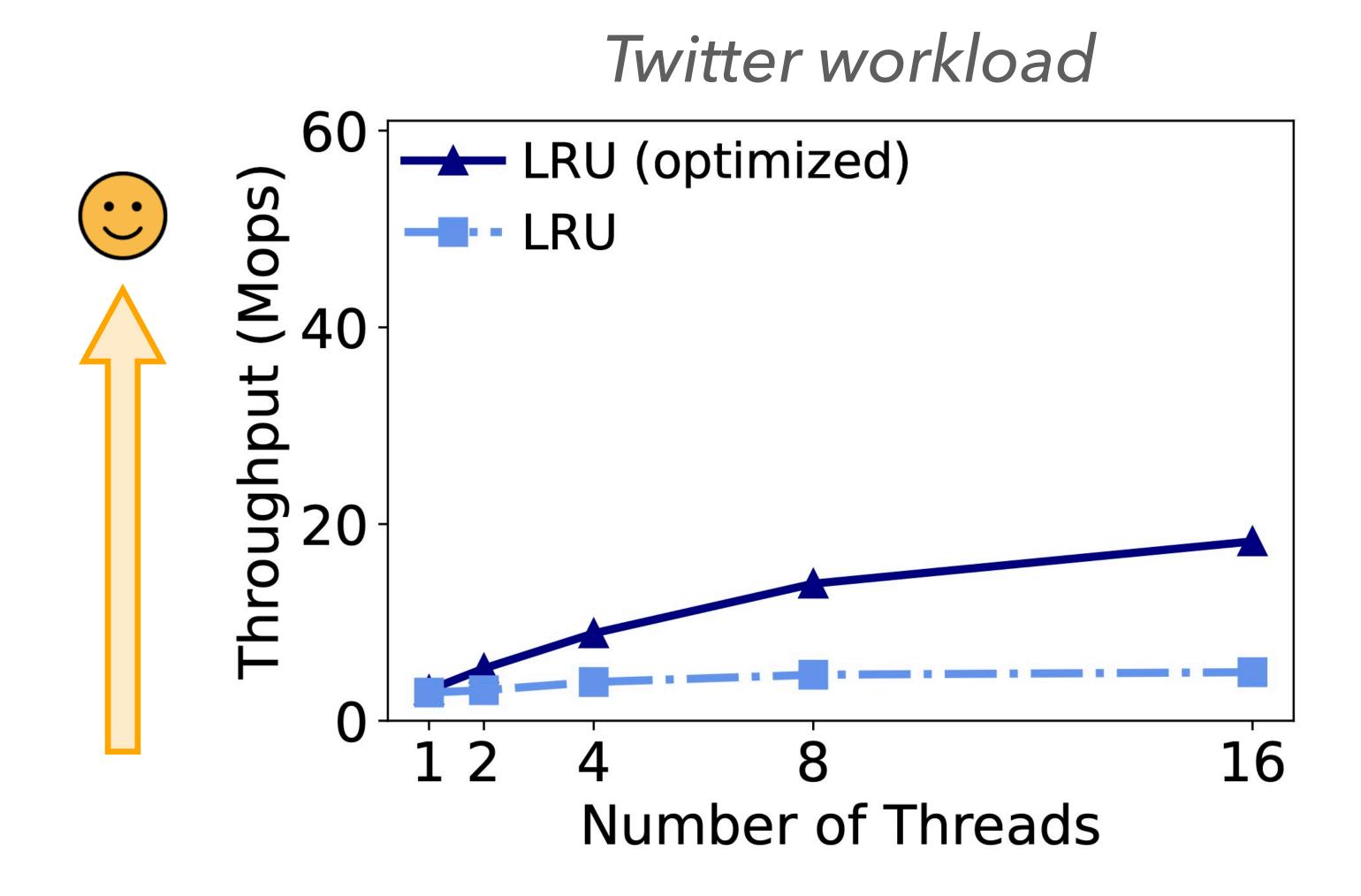
Reqs/Second



Throughput Measured in Cachelib



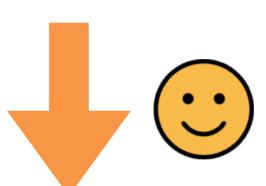
Throughput Measured in Cachelib



Cache Metrics

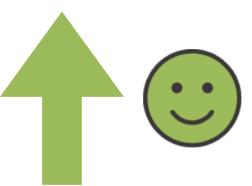
Efficiency

Cache Miss Ratio



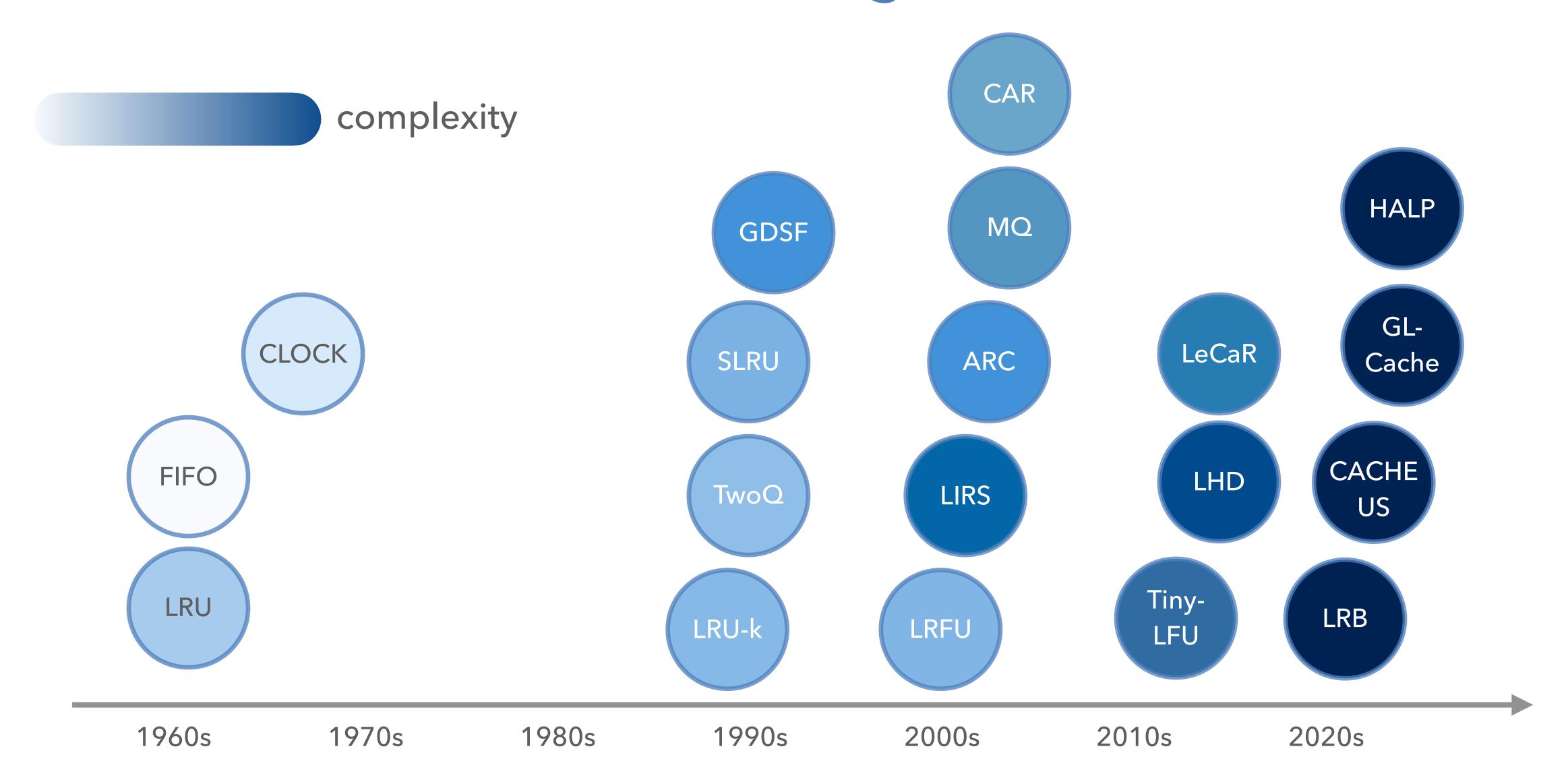
Scalability

Reqs/Second



Simplicity

A Rich Literature of Eviction Algorithms



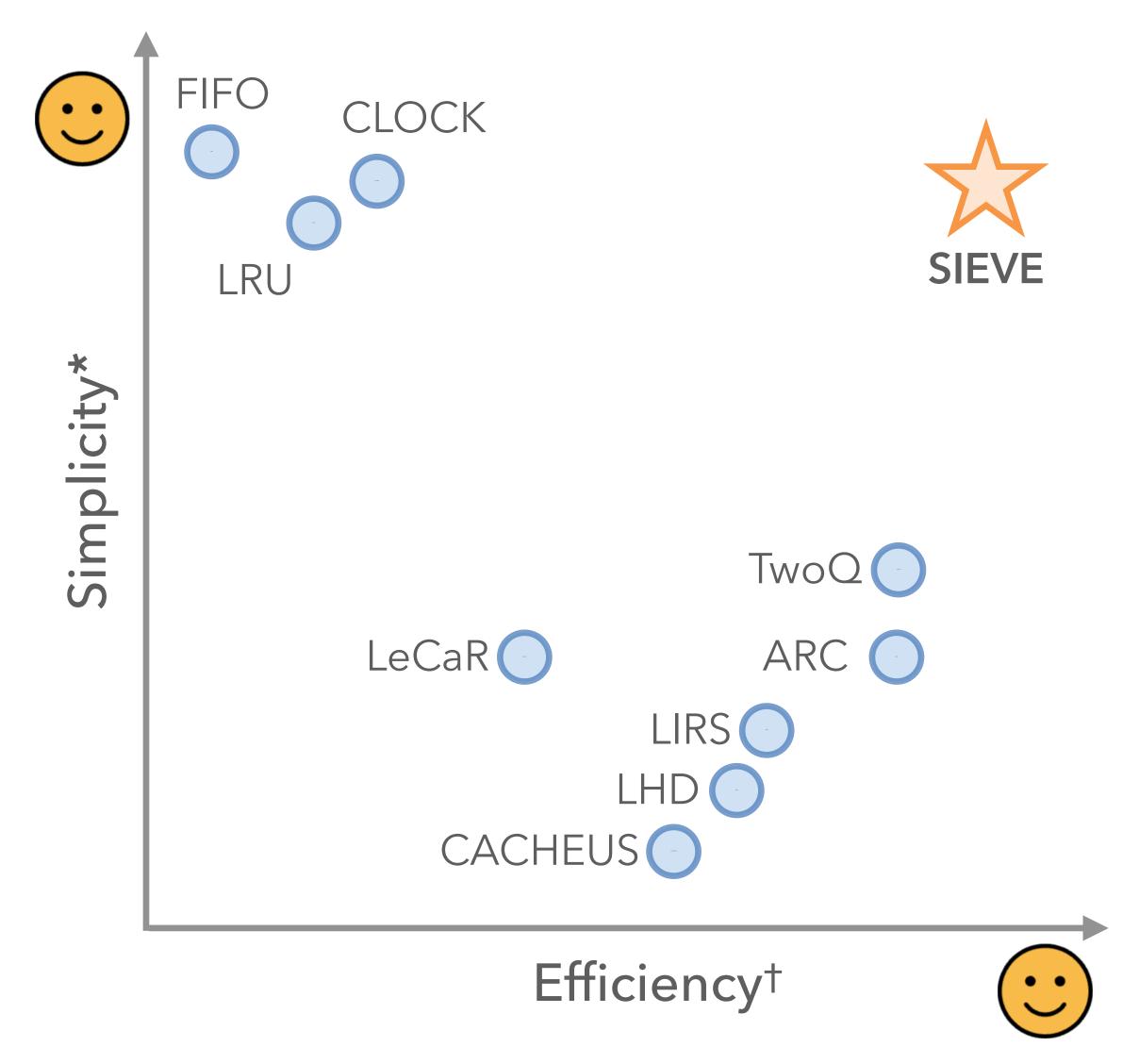
The Trouble with Complexity

- Difficult to debug and maintain
- Difficult to tune the parameters

"Predicting which pages will be accessed in the near future is tricky, and the kernel has evolved many mechanisms to improve its chances of guessing right. But the kernel **not only often gets it wrong**, but also spends a lot of CPU time to make the incorrect choice."

-- Linux kernel developer

SIEVE: a Simple and Efficient Cache Eviction Algorithm



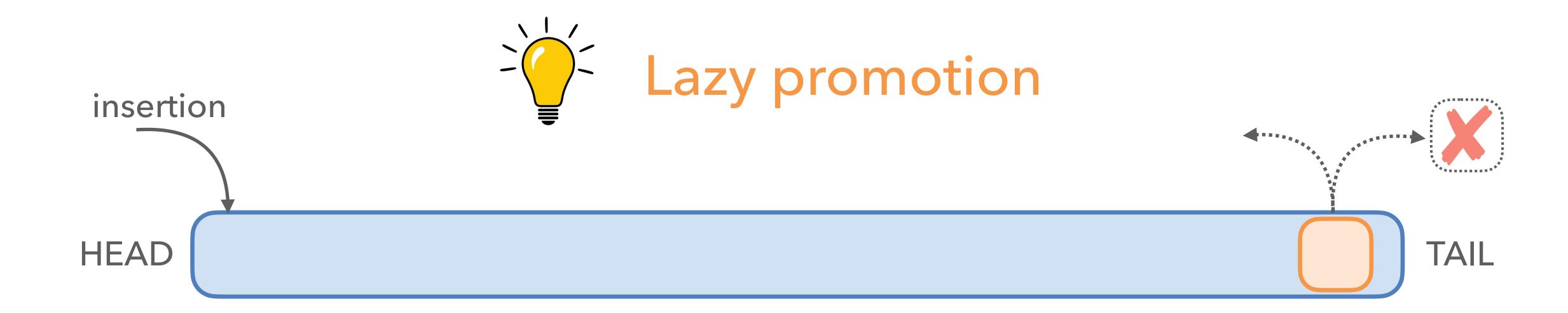
^{*} Measured by lines of code

[†] Measured by average object miss ratio reduction from FIFO

SIEVE Design

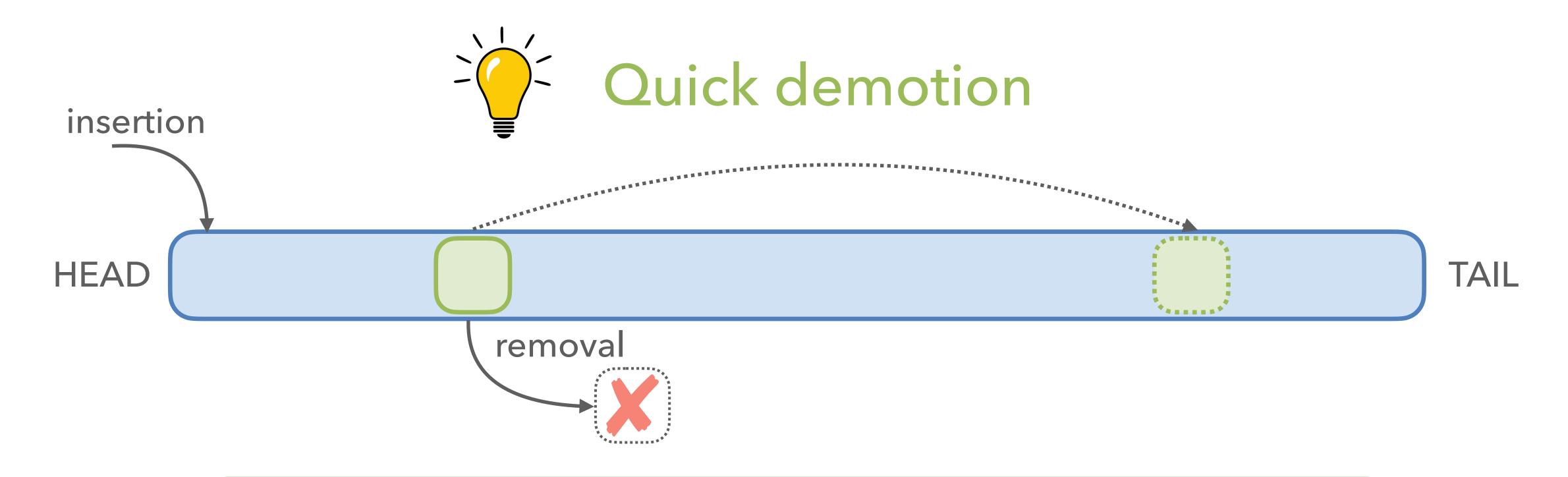






Retain popular objects with minimal effort

- Improve throughput due to less computation
- Improve efficiency due to more information at eviction



Quickly remove most new objects, such as one-hit-wonders (no request after insertion)



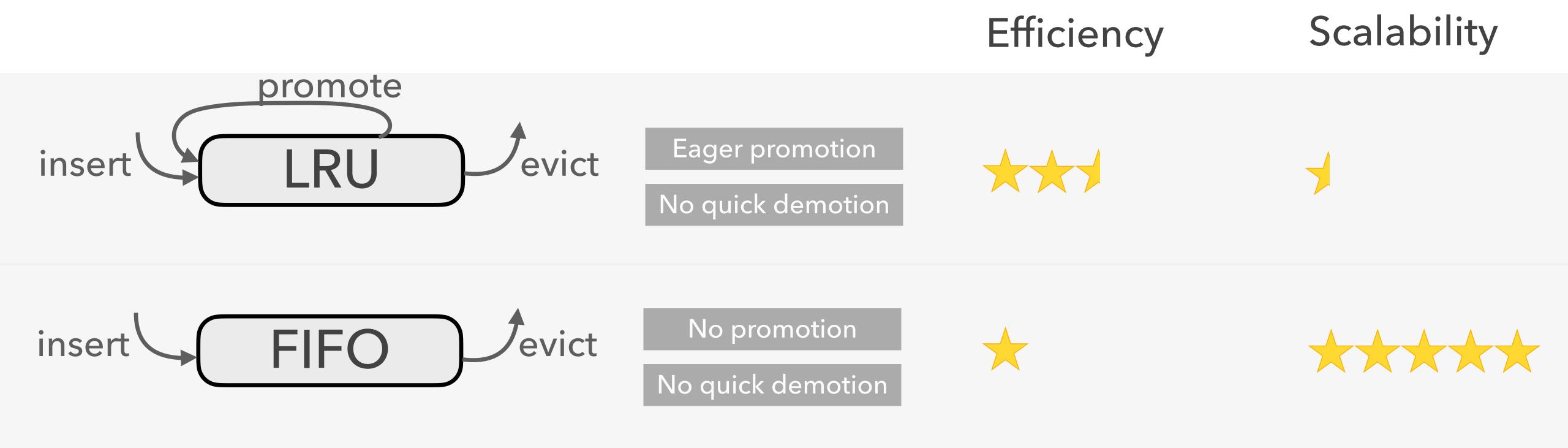
Lazy promotion

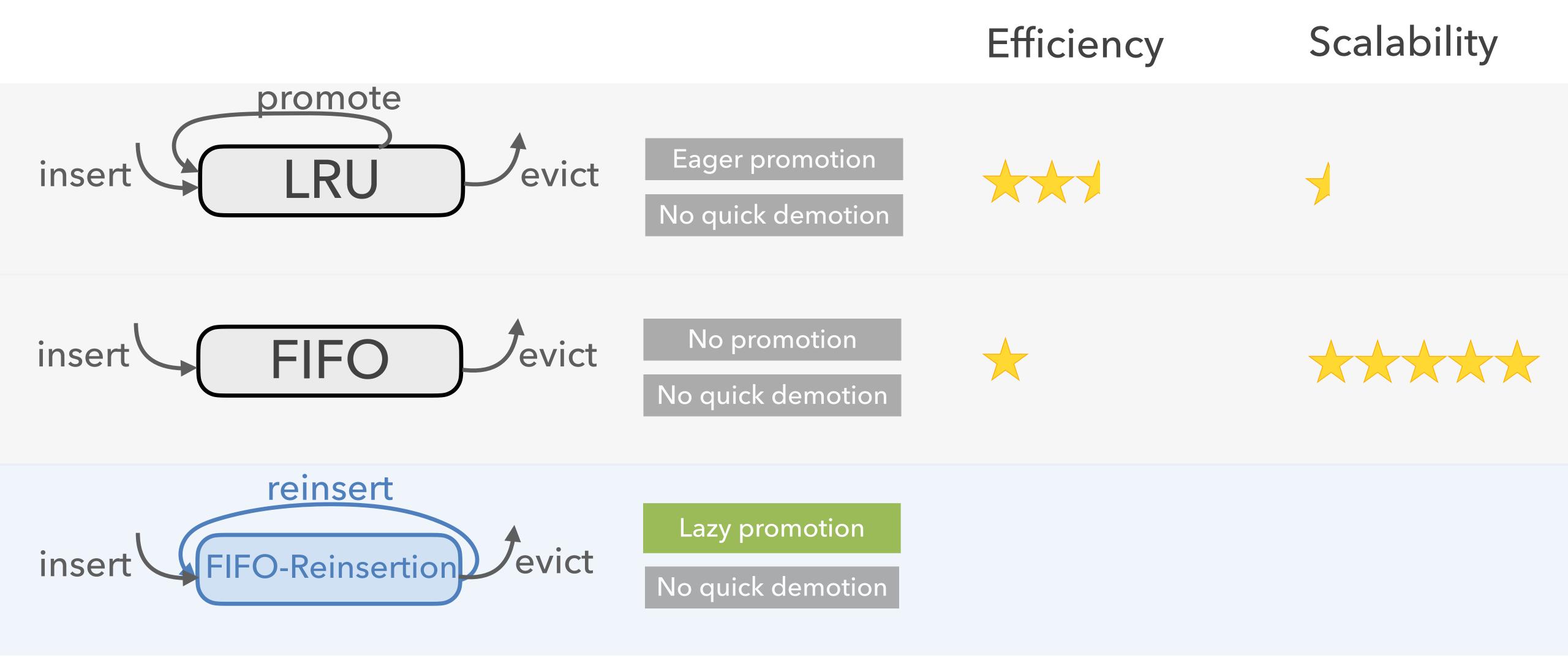
Retain popular objects with minimal effort



Quick demotion

Remove unpopular objects fast, such as one-hit-wonders







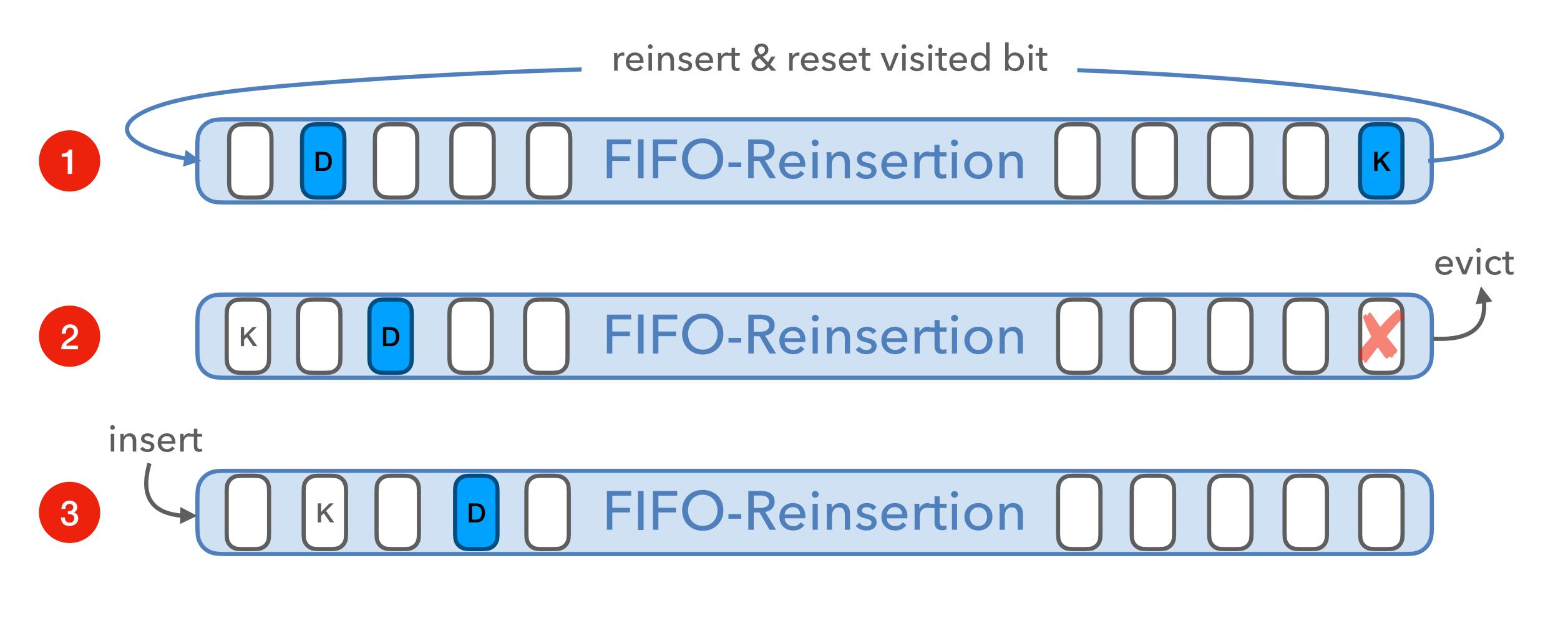


cache hit on D



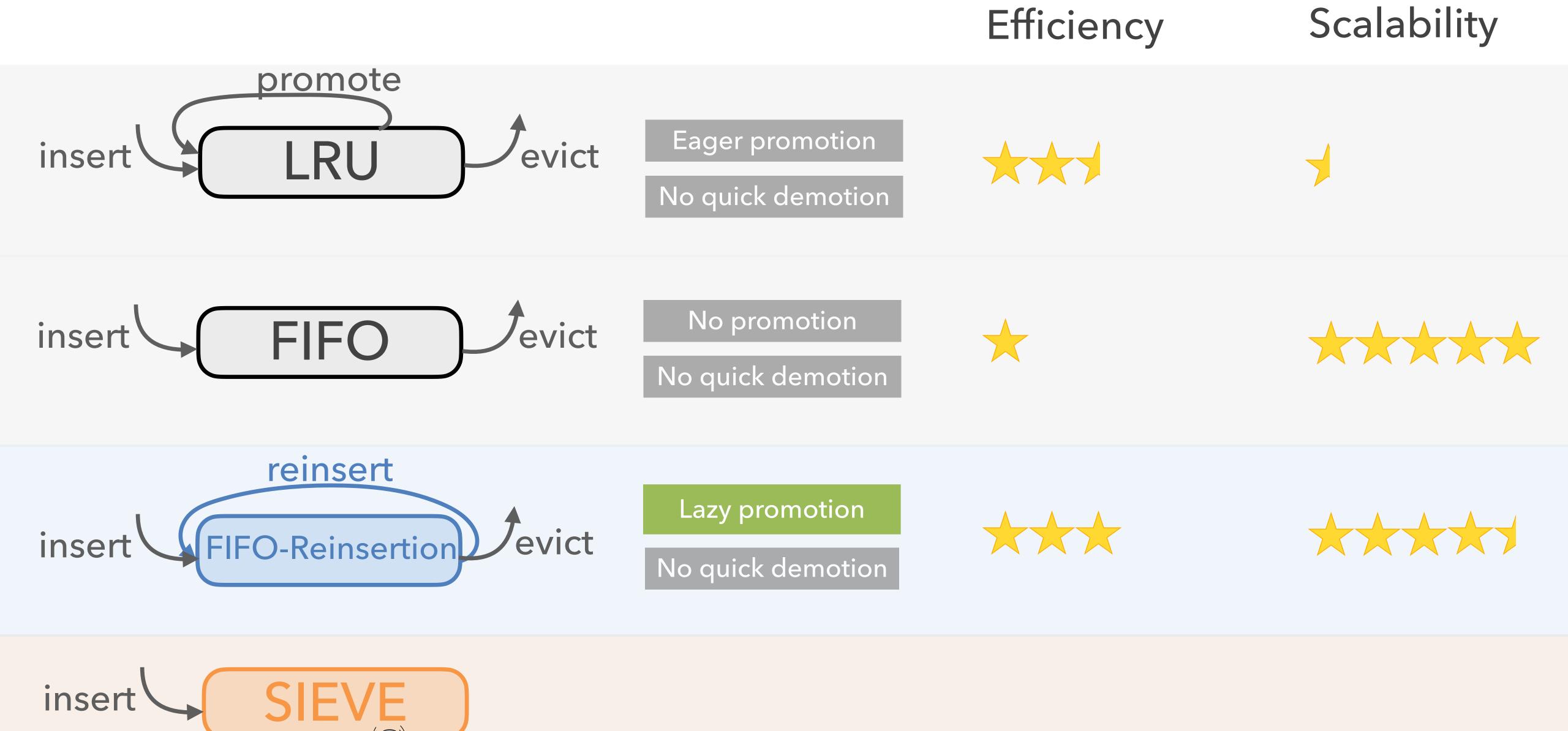


cache miss









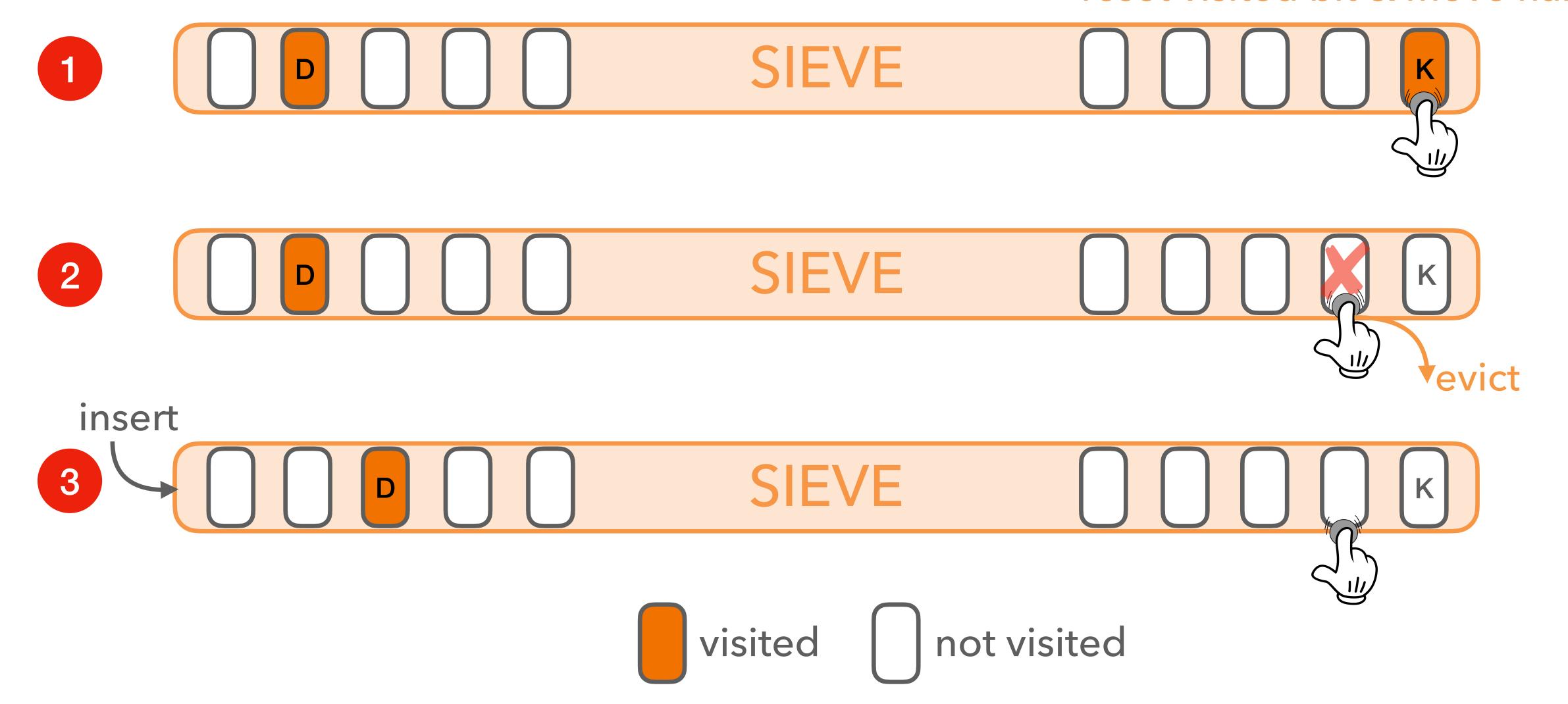


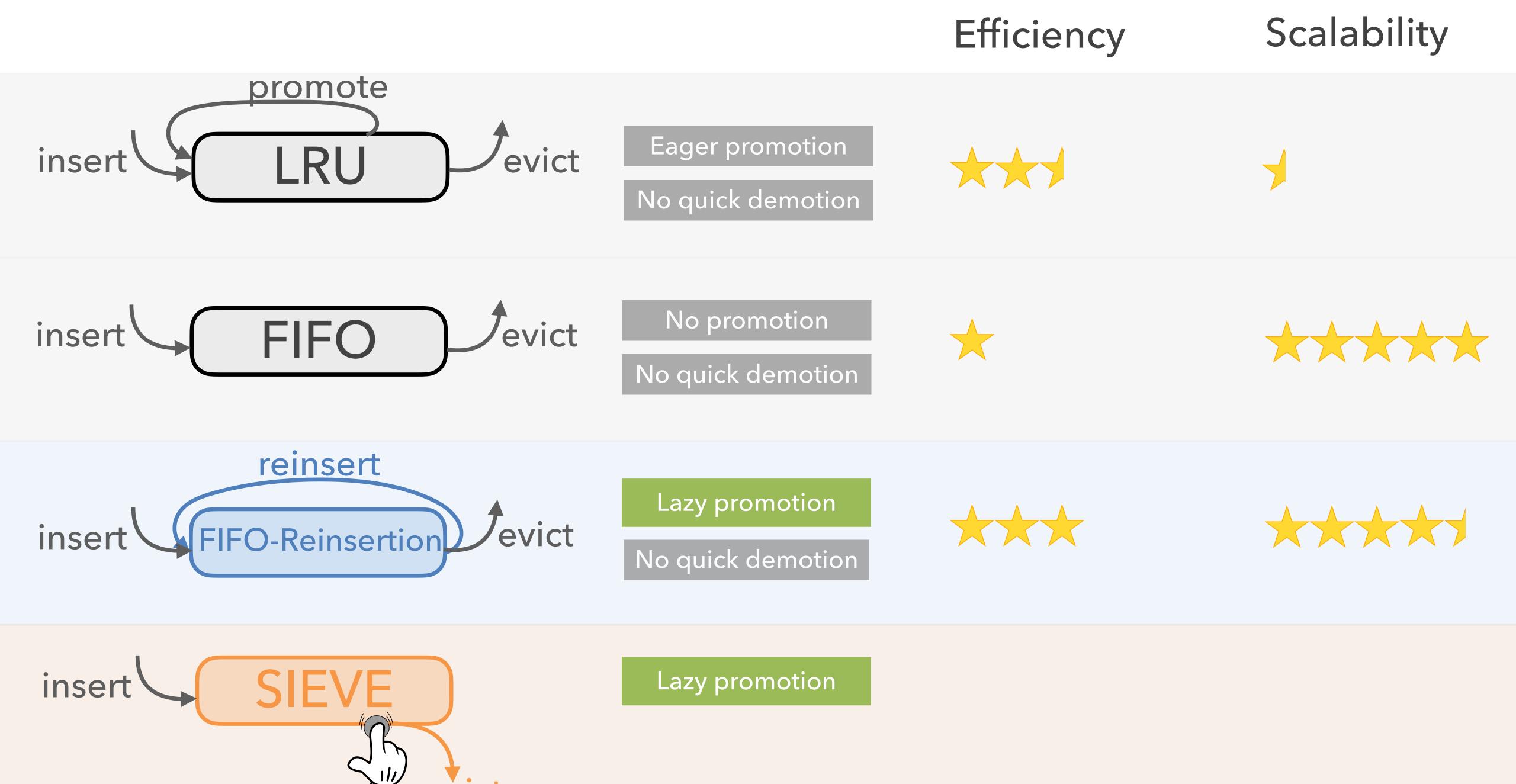
cache hit on D



cache miss

reset visited bit & move hand





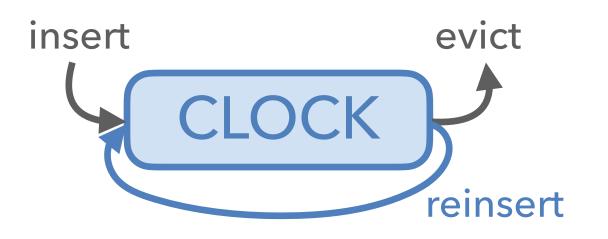


Quickly remove new objects



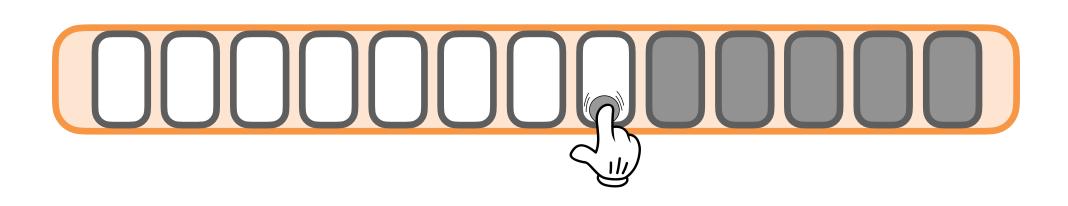


Separate new and old objects



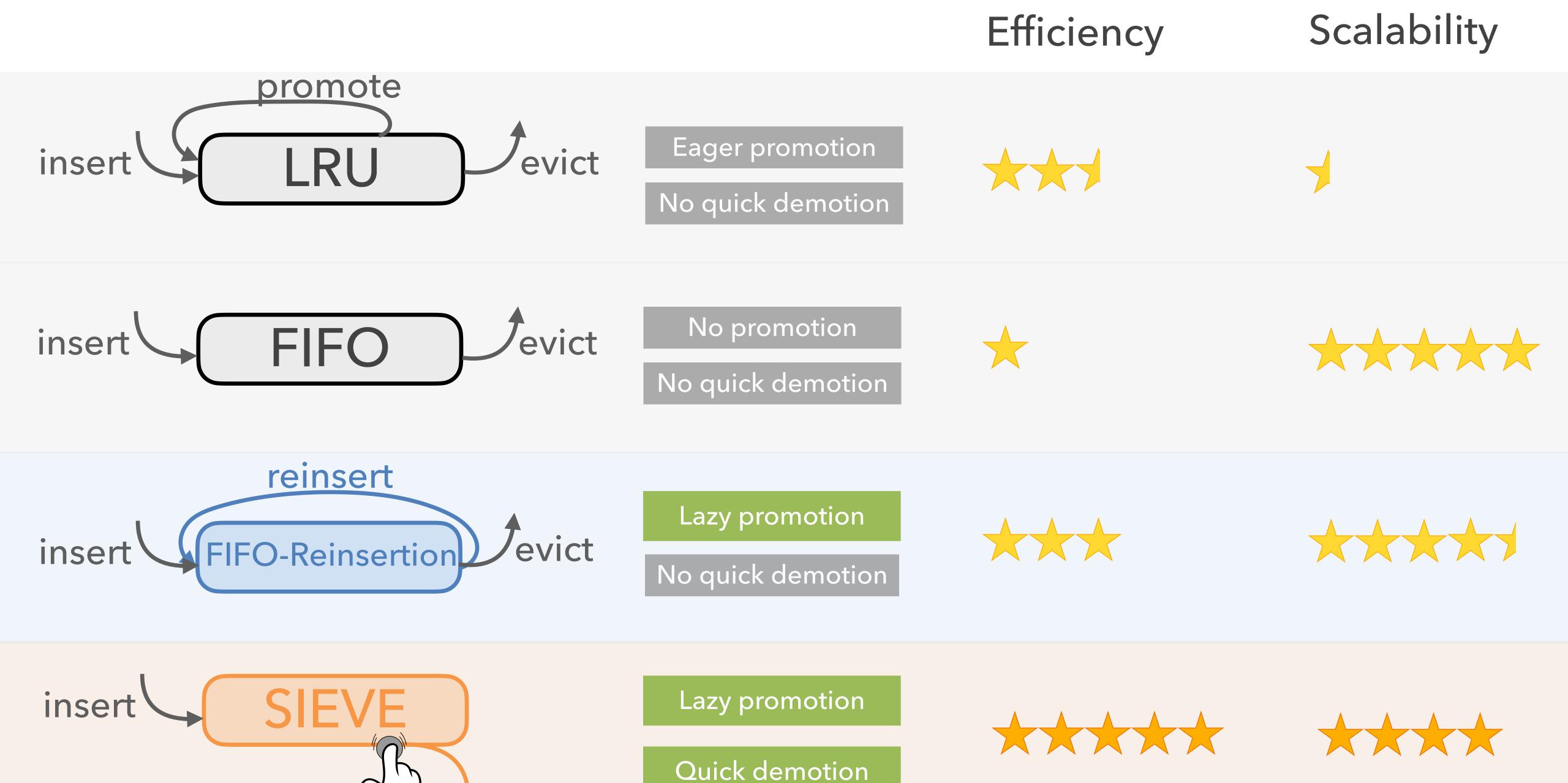








newly inserted object



SIEVE Evaluation

Web Cache Workloads

• Simulator: libCacheSim

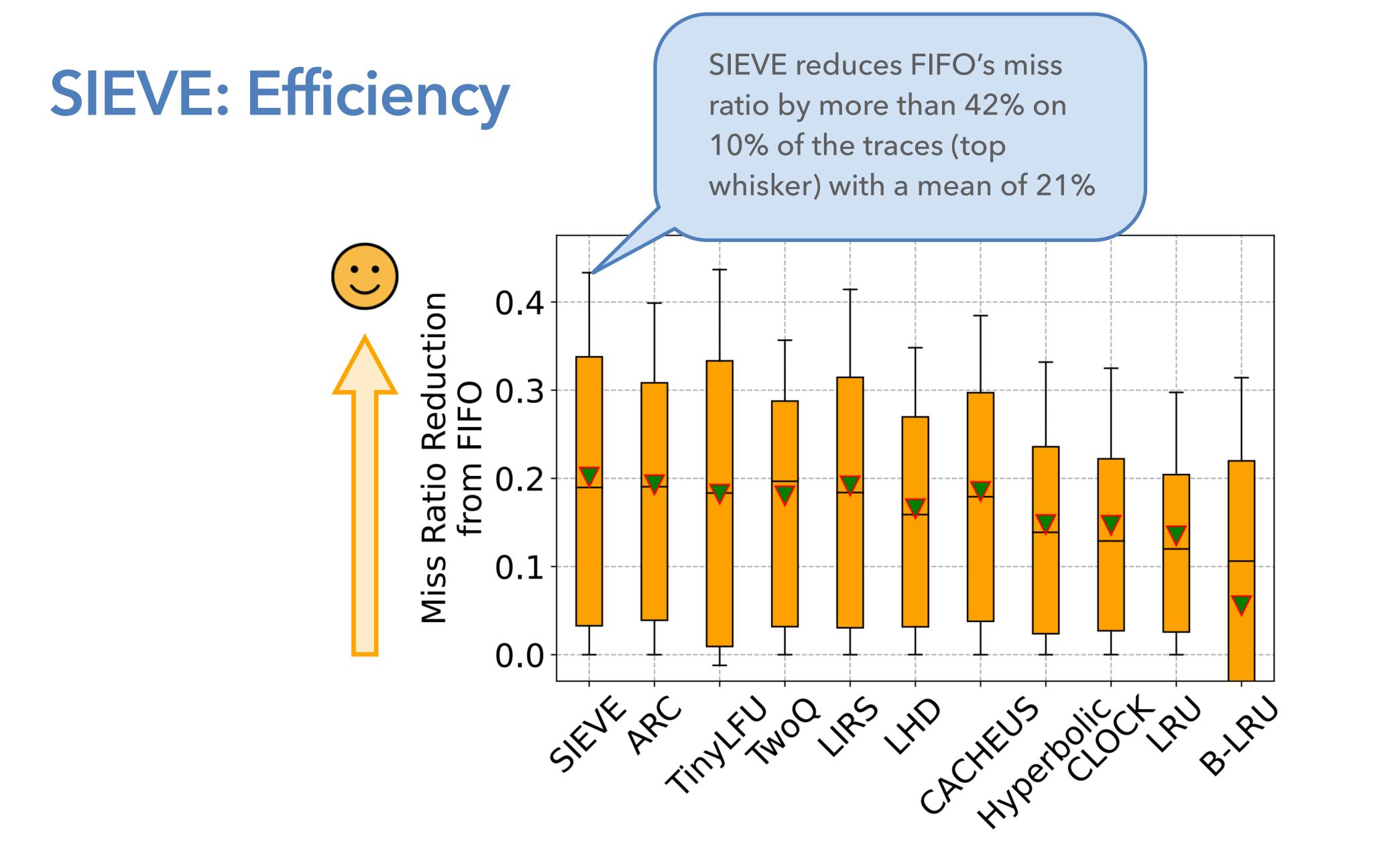
Prototype: Cachelib

• Testbed: Cloudlab



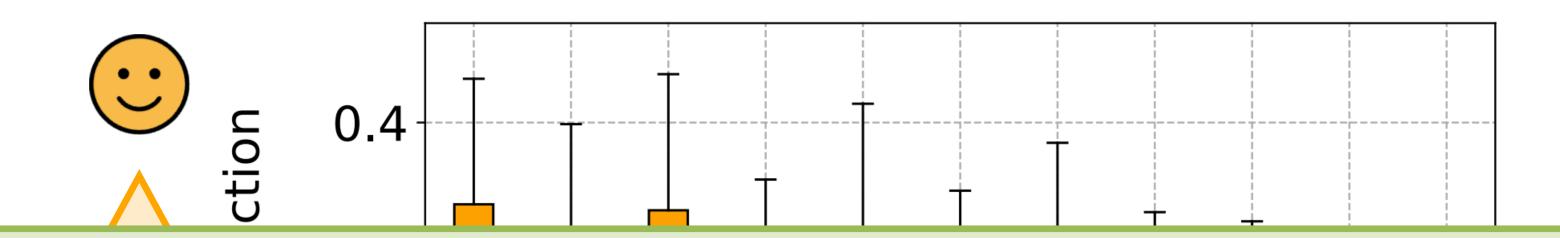
1559 traces | 247,017 million requests | 14, 852 million objects

trace collection	collection time	#traces	cache type	# request (million)	# object (million)
CDN1	2021	1273	object	37,460	2,652
CDN2	2018	219	object	3,728	298
Tencent Photo	2018	2	object	5,650	1,038
Wiki CDN	2019	3	object	2,863	56
Twitter KV	2020	54	KV	195,441	10,560
Meta KV	2022	5	KV	1,644	82
Meta CDN	2023	3	object	231	76

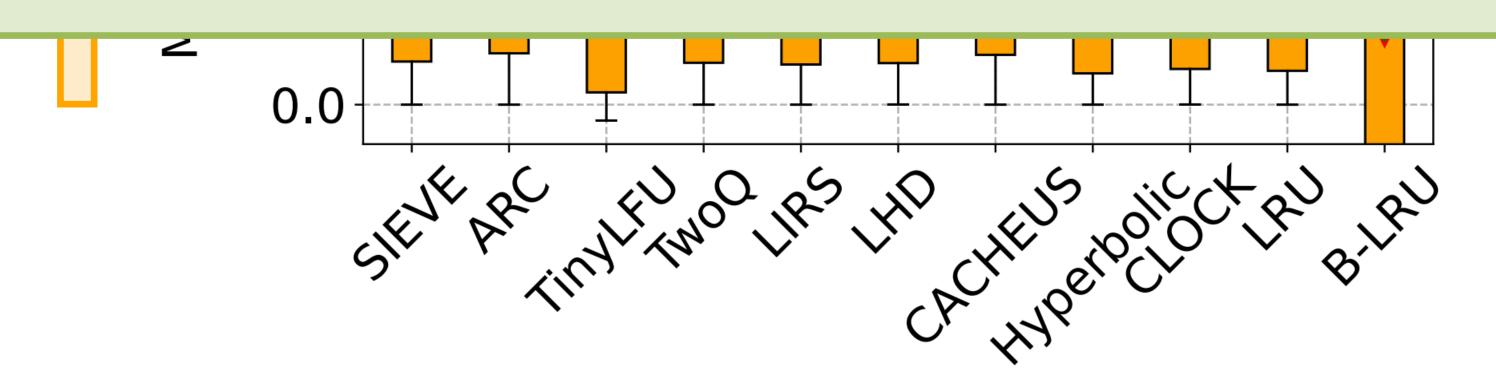


CDN1, 1273 traces (37,460 million requests)

SIEVE: Efficiency

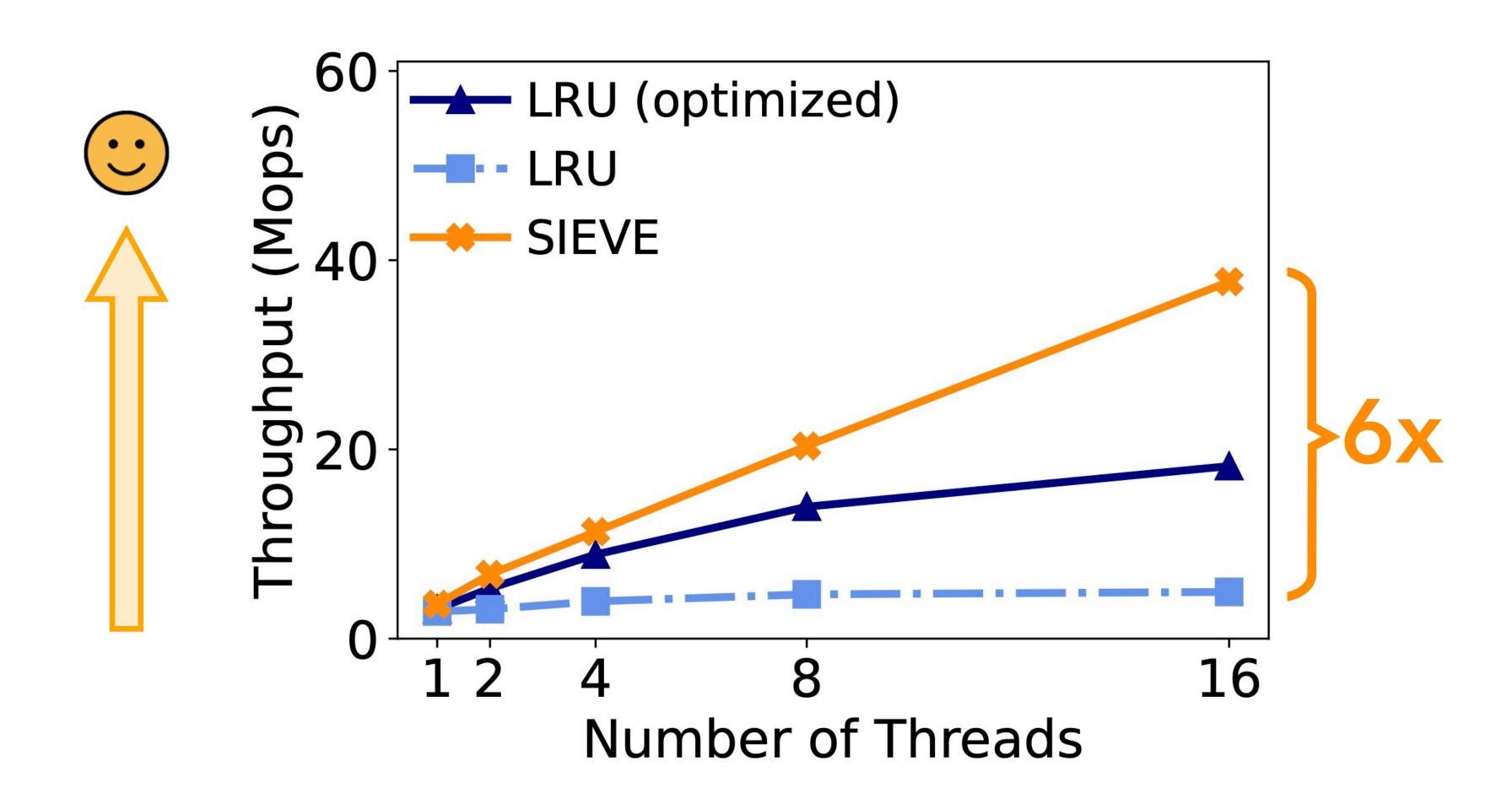


SIEVE achieves the best efficiency on the well-studied Zipfian workloads



CDN1, 1273 traces (37,460 million requests)

SIEVE: Throughput



SIEVE: Simplicity

Cache library	Language	Lines of change	
groupcache	Golang	21	
mnemonist	Javascript	12	
lru-rs	Rust	16	
Iru-dict	Python + C	21	

SIEVE: Simplicity

Cache library	Language	Lines of change
groupcache	Golang	21
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Iru-dict	Python + C	21

Adoption

Large systems: Pelikan Nyrkiö skift SkiftOS DragonFly

DNSCrypt-proxy encrypted-dns-resolver

Cache libraries: Spolang-fifo sp-sieve rust-sieve-cache spo-sieve

sieve_cache (Ruby) zig-sieve (Zig) sieve (Swift)

sieve (JavaScript) sieve (Elixir) sieve (Nim)

sieve-cache (Java) sieve (Python) sieve-cache-in-rust

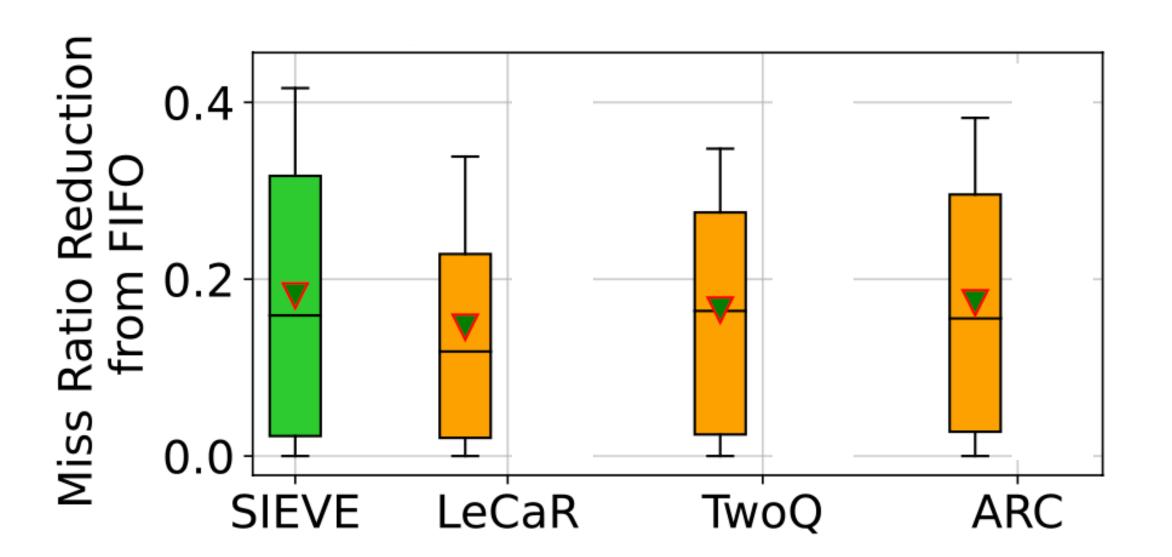
sieve-cache (JavaScript) gosieve, sieve (typescrpt)

SIEVE: Primitive

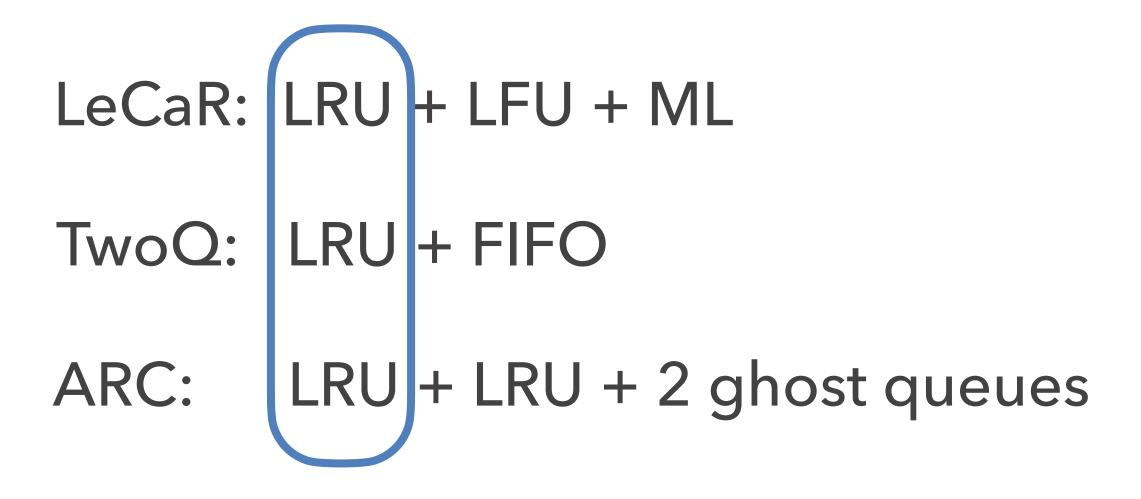
LeCaR: LRU + LFU + ML

TwoQ: LRU + FIFO

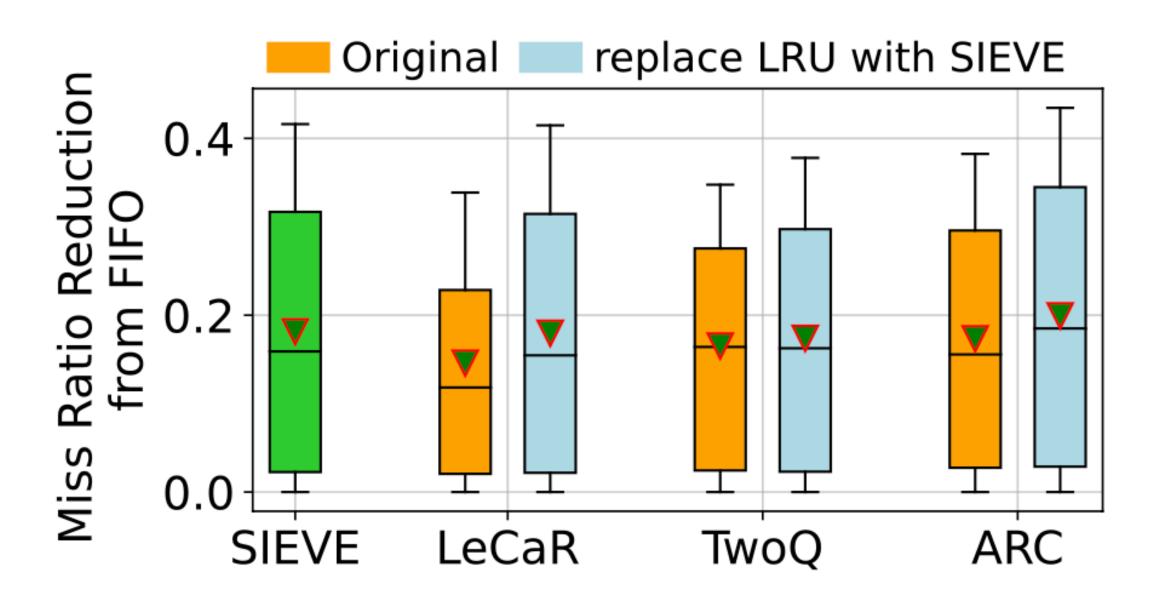
ARC: LRU + LRU + 2 ghost queues



SIEVE: Primitive



Replace LRU with SIEVE

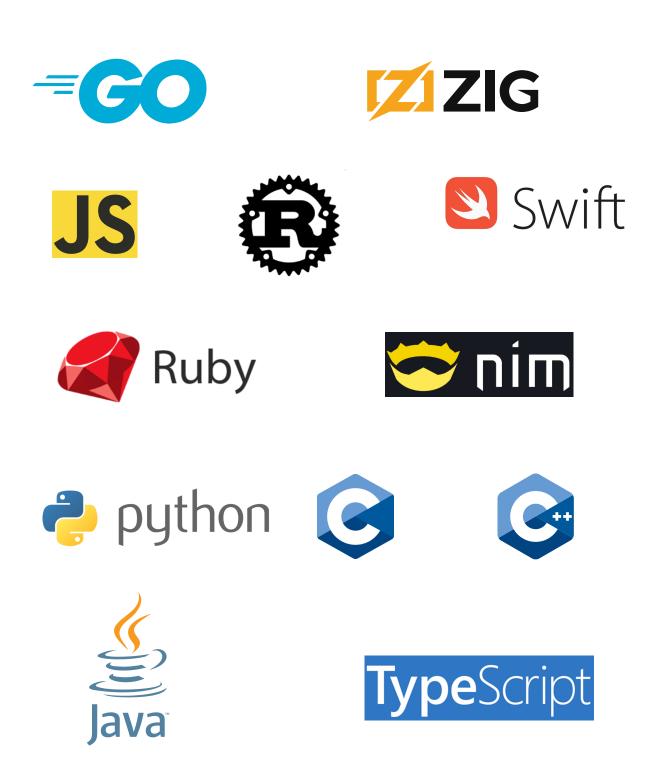


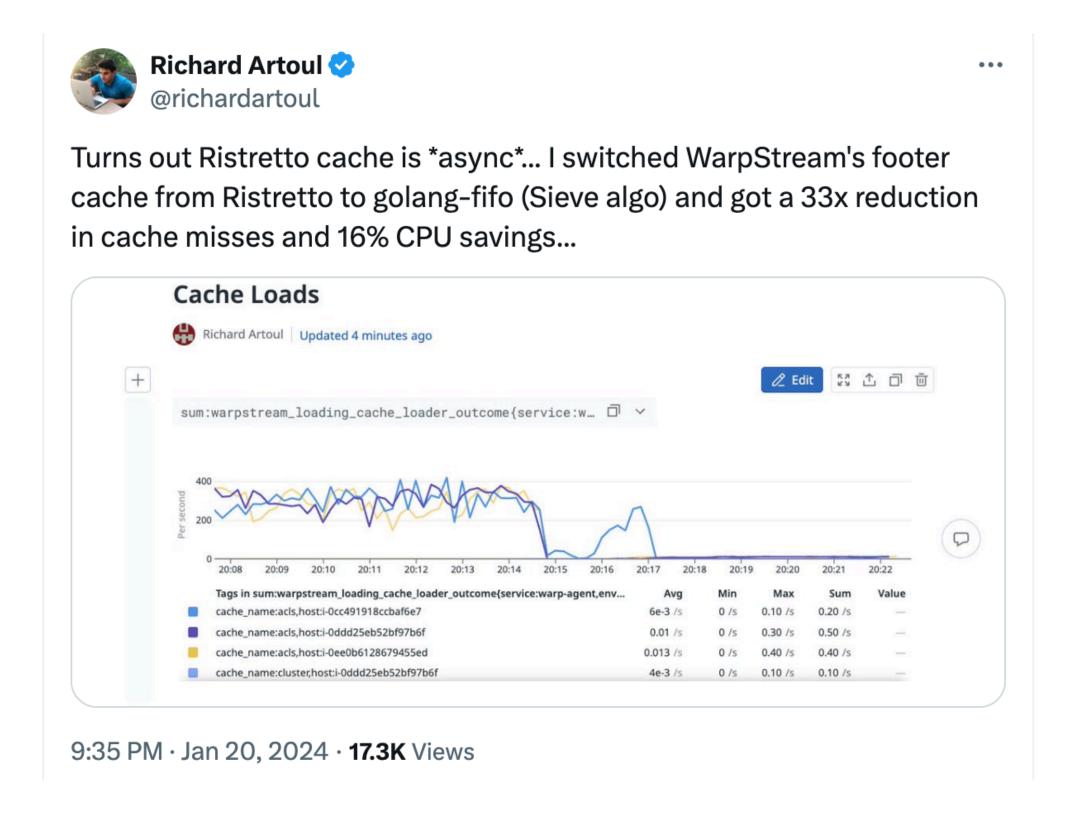
More in the paper

- Why SIEVE is effective
- Byte miss ratio
- When SIEVE is not effective
- Comparison to ML algorithms

SIEVE Adoption

- SIEVE is available in over 20 cache libraries with 10+ programming languages
- Production systems start integrating SIEVE: Pelican, SkiftOS, DragonFly, and etc





Takeaway

- Lazy promotion and quick demotion are key to efficient eviction algorithm
- SIEVE uses a moving hand to 1) retain popular objects in place, and 2) remove unpopular objects quickly
- The simplest algorithm with state-of-the-art efficiency and scalability

