

# Extending a Hand to Attackers

## Browser Privilege Escalation Attacks via Extensions

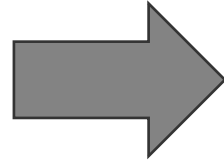
USENIX Security 2023

Young Min Kim, Byoungyoung Lee



# TL;DR: What's Possible?

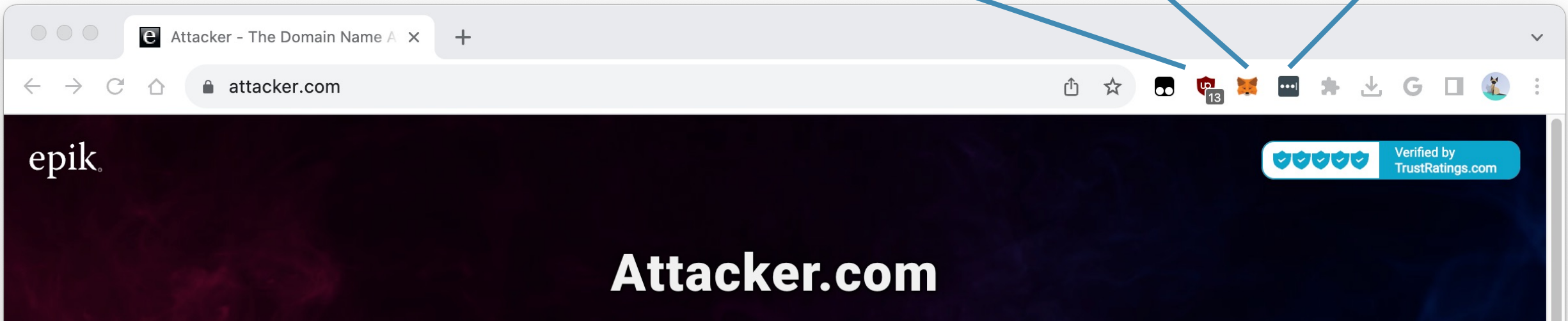
Visit



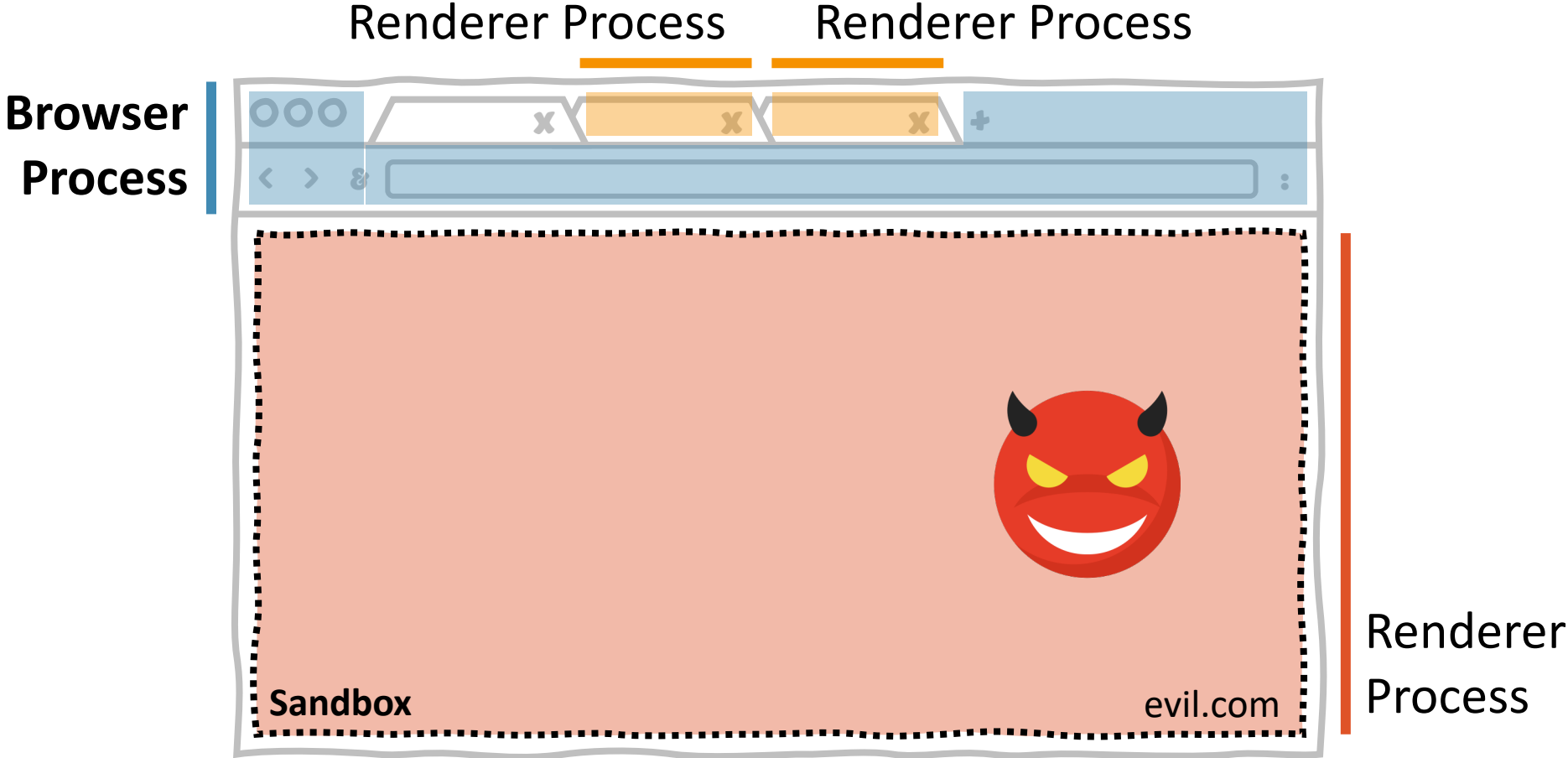
UXSS  
(universal cross-site scripting)

Steal  
Coins

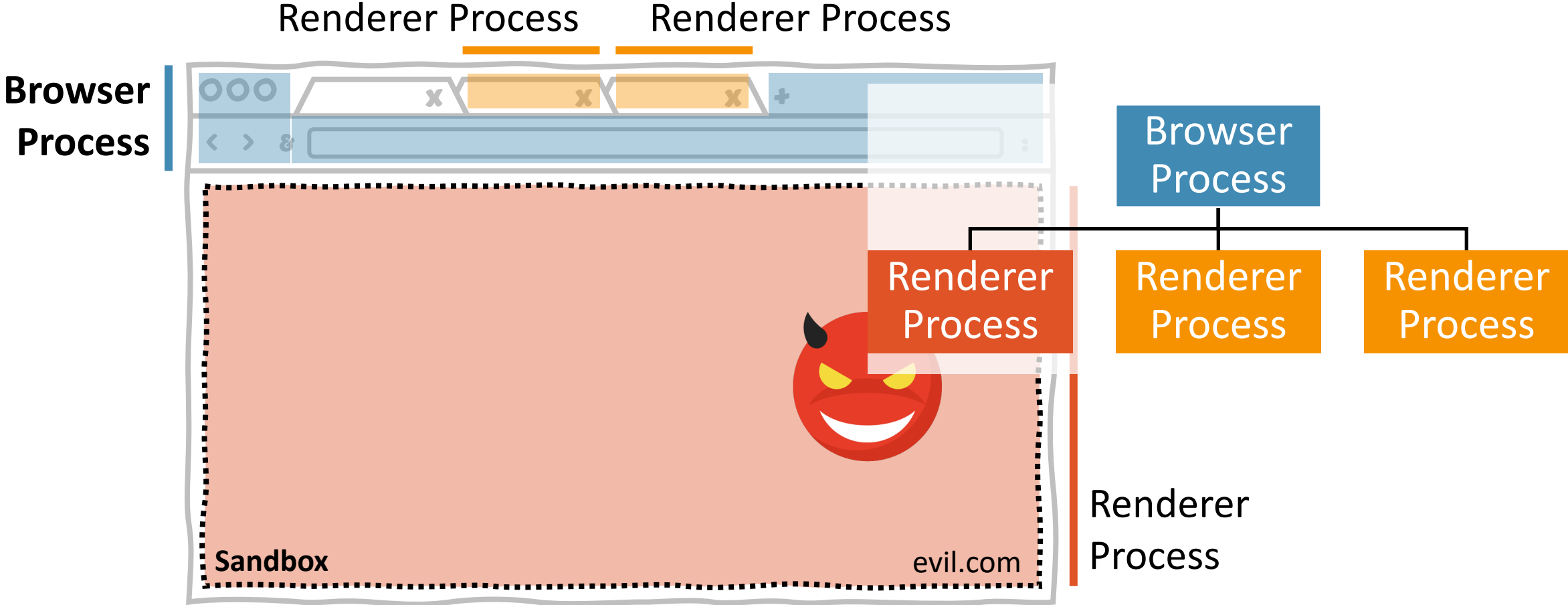
Steal  
Passwords



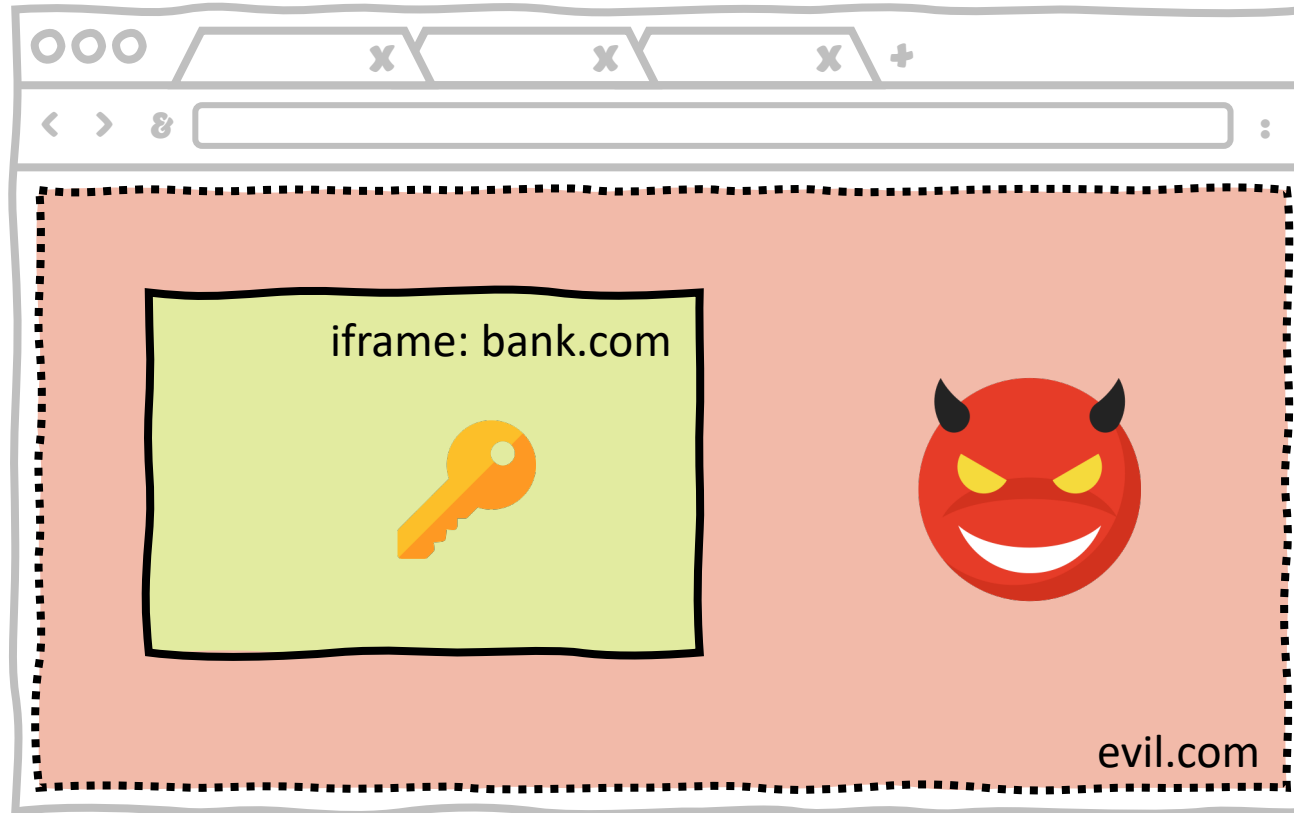
# Multi-Process Architecture



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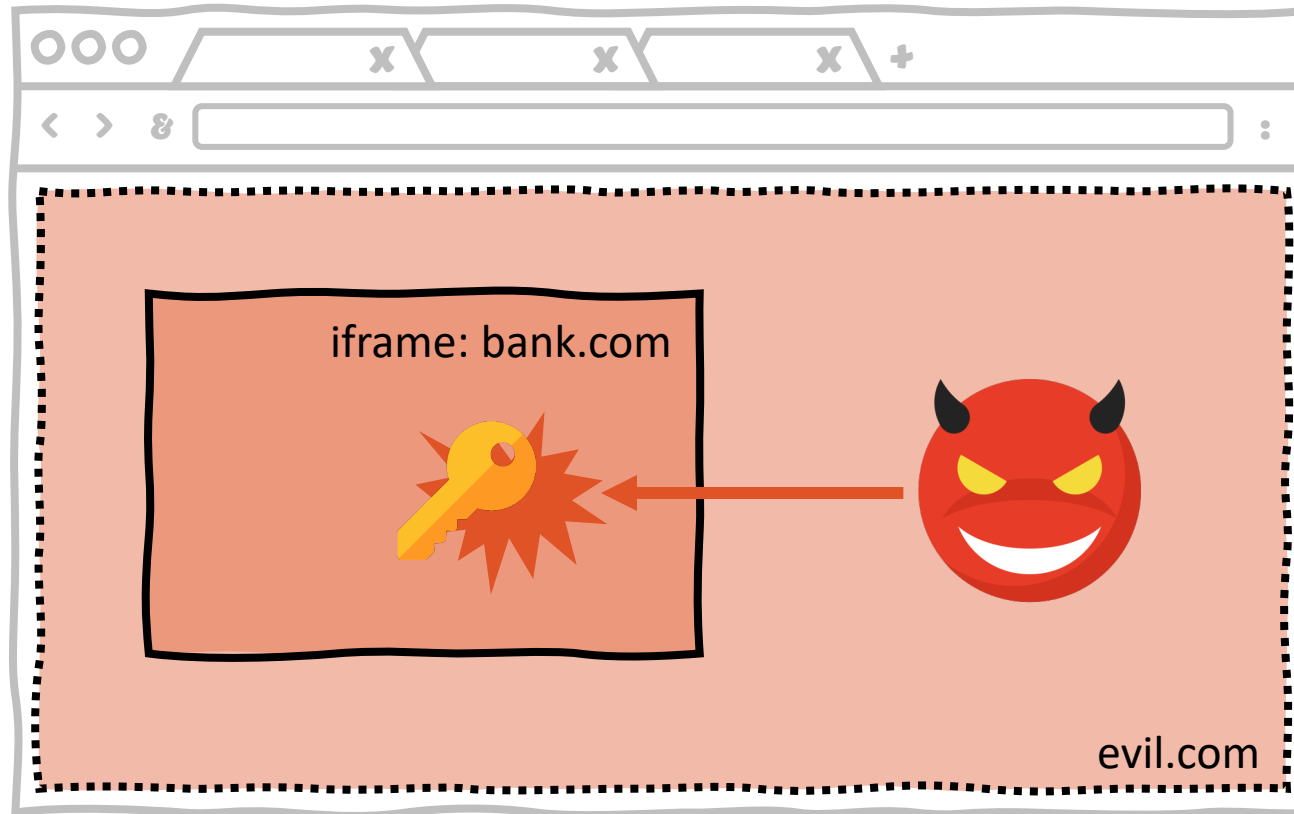


# Threat Model



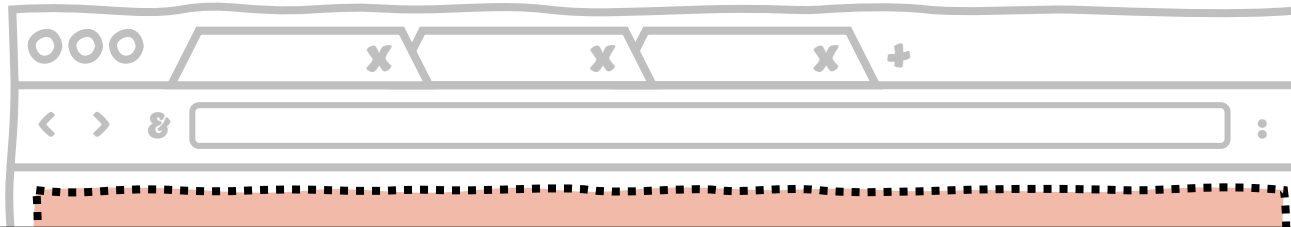
Renderer  
Process

# Threat Model: Attacker<sub>RW</sub>



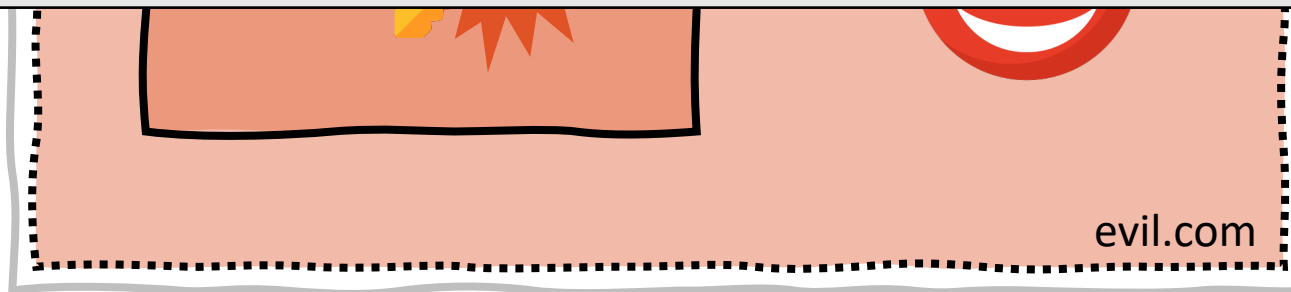
Renderer  
Process

# Threat Model: Attacker<sub>RW</sub>



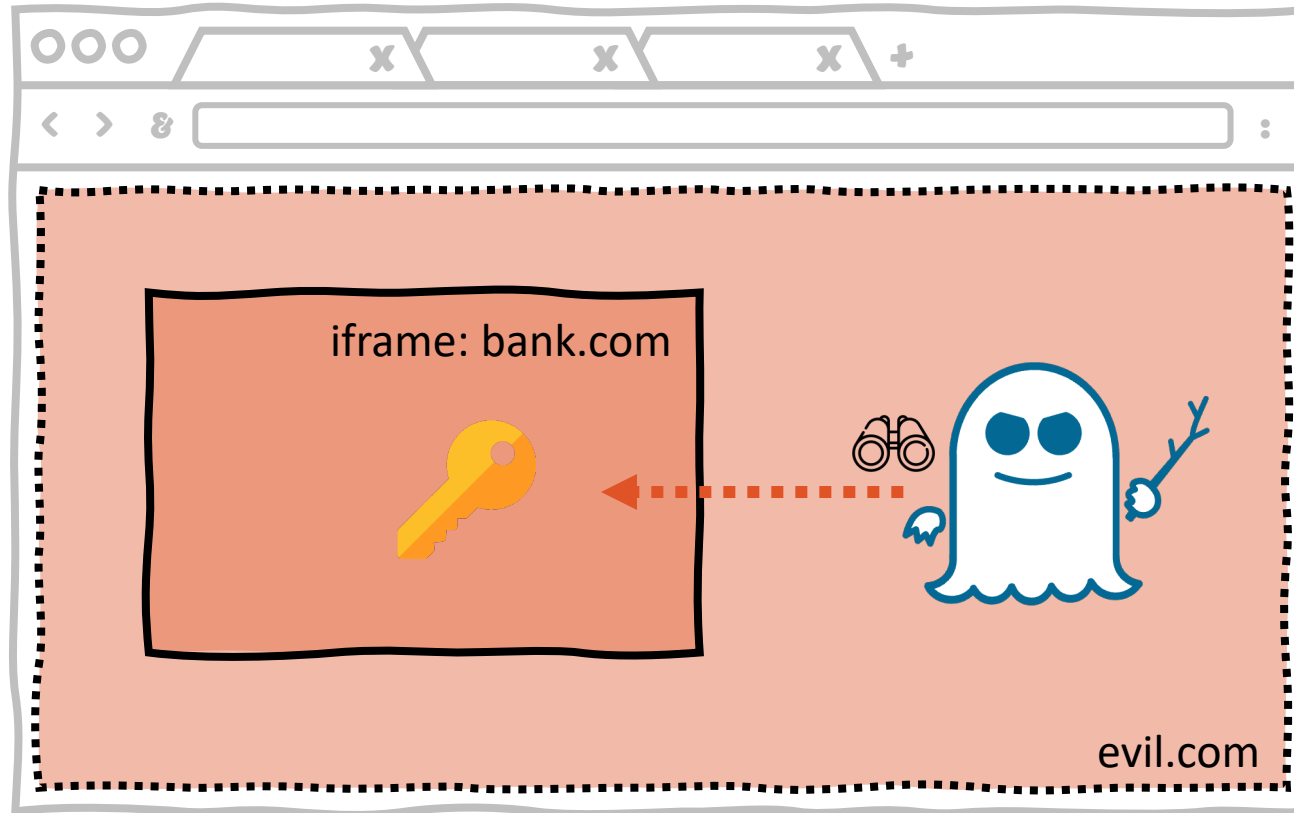
"We assume that determined attackers will be able to find a way to compromise a renderer process"

(Source: <https://www.chromium.org/Home/chromium-security/site-isolation/>)



Renderer  
Process

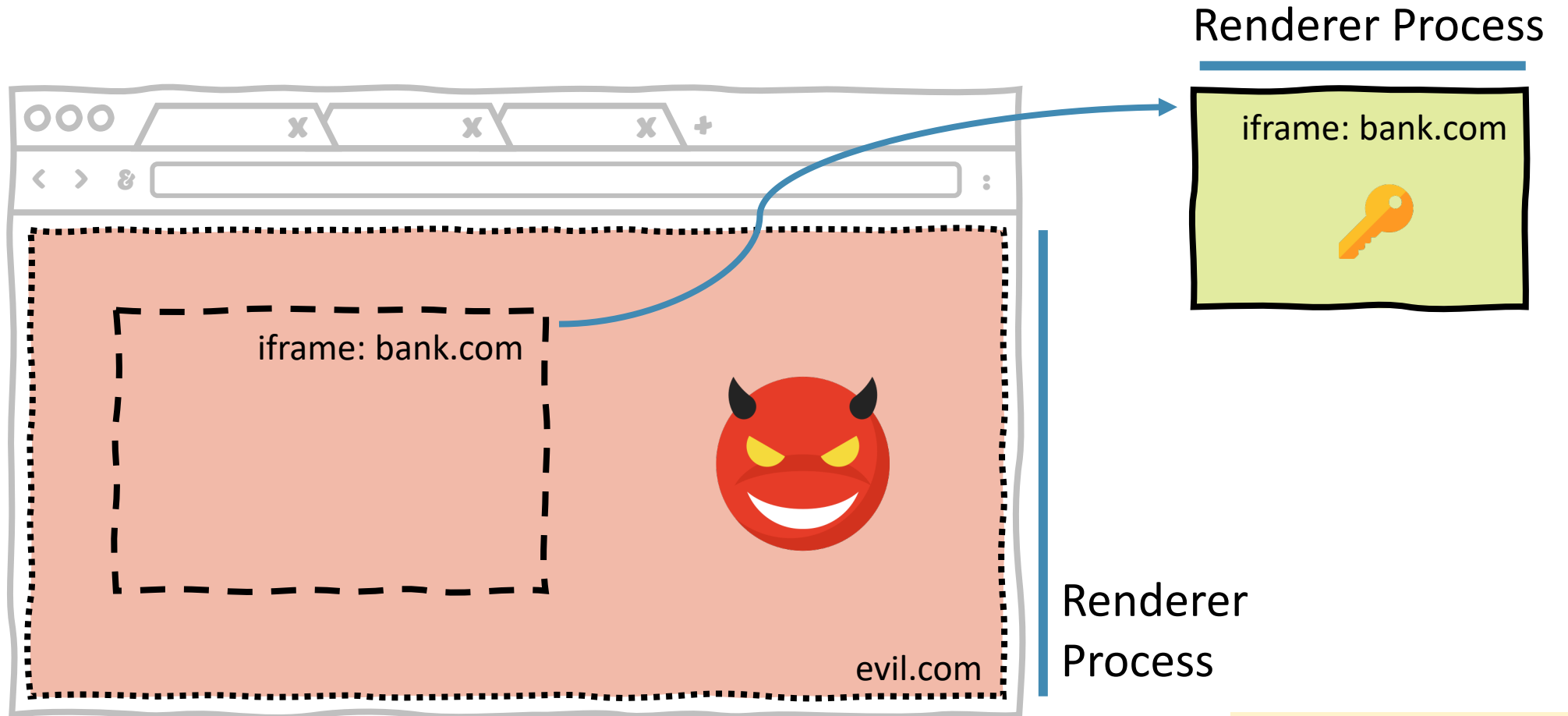
# Threat Model: Attacker<sub>R</sub>



Renderer  
Process



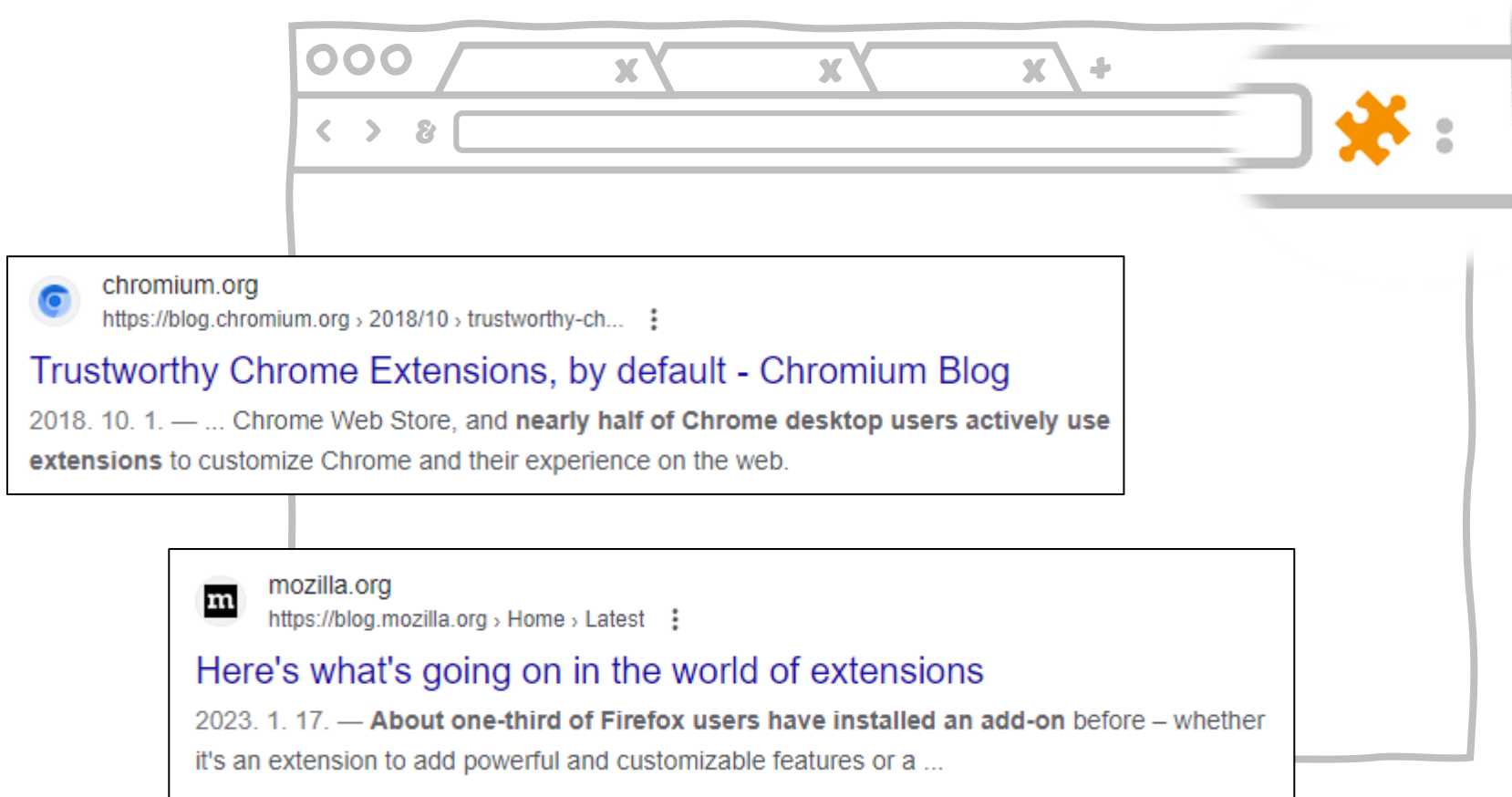
# Site Isolation



Reis et al. (Security '19)

What needs to be done in browser extensions to align with the site isolation?

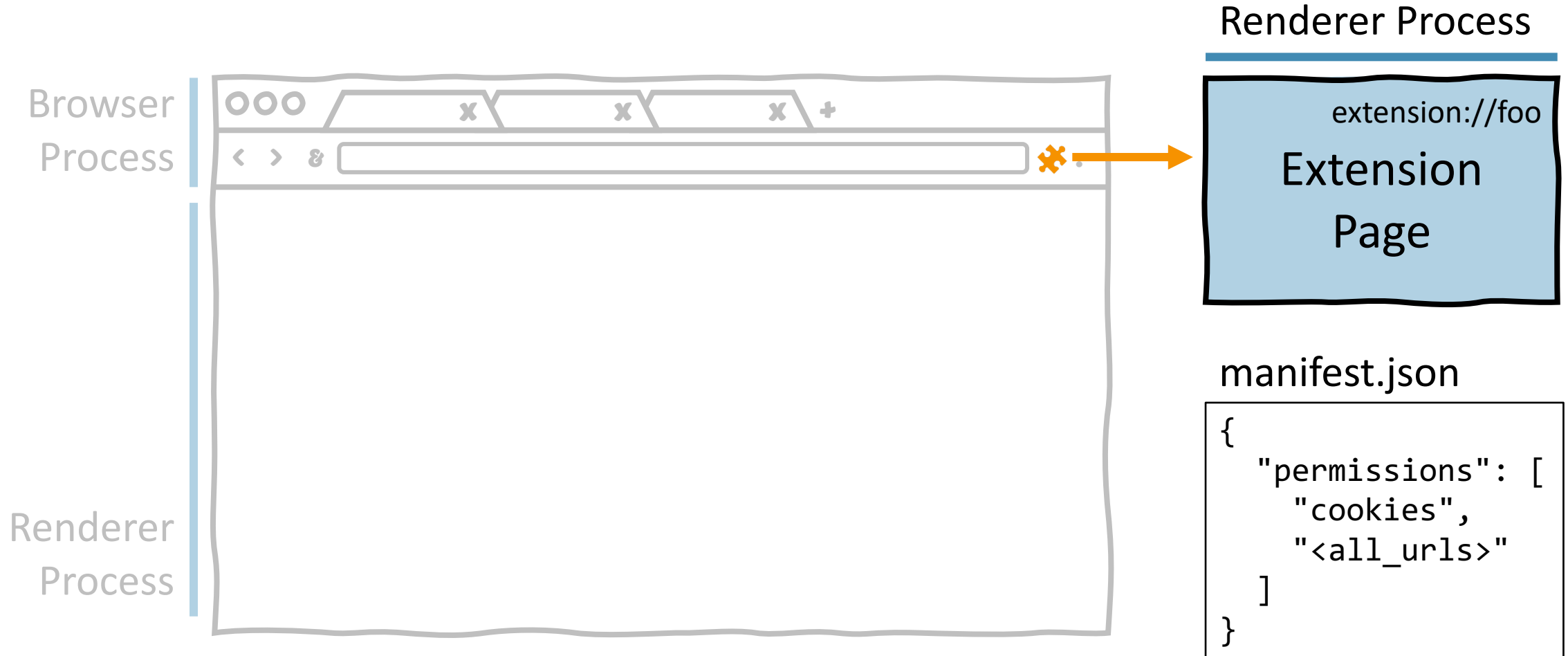
# Browser Extension



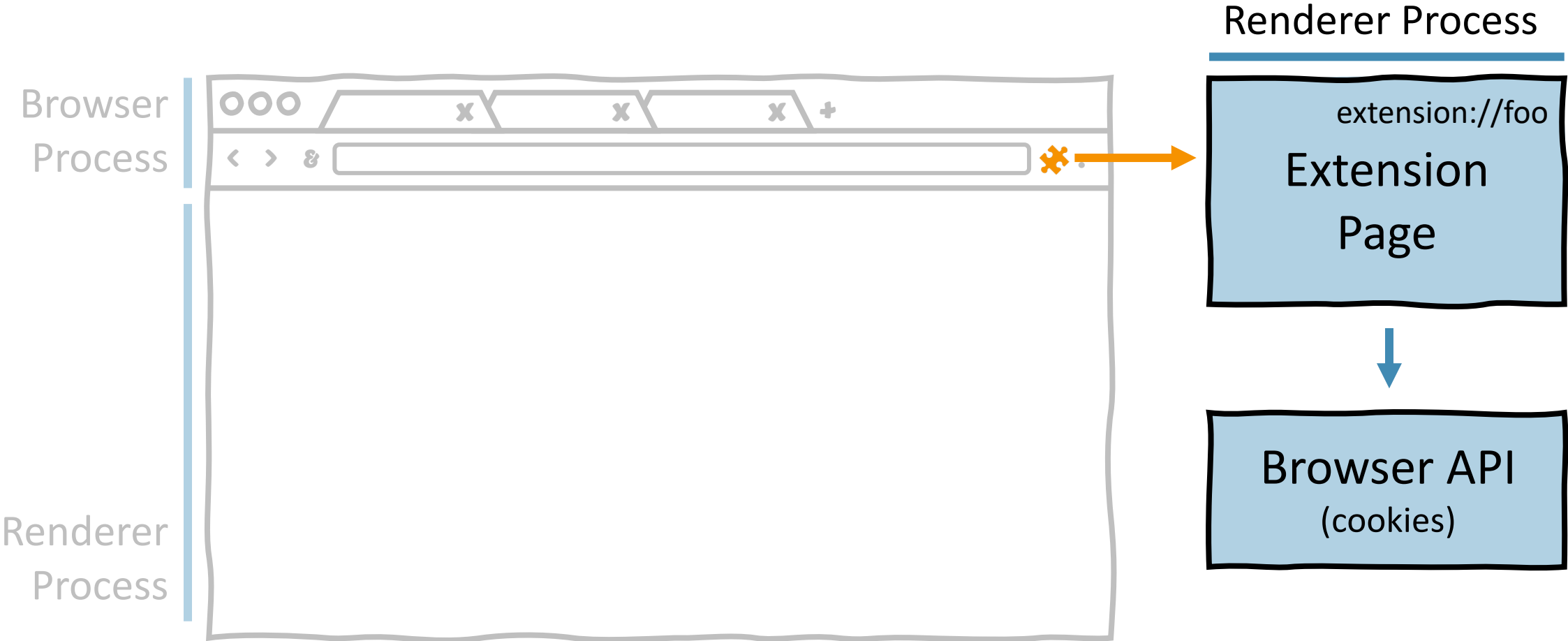
# Browser Extension Architecture



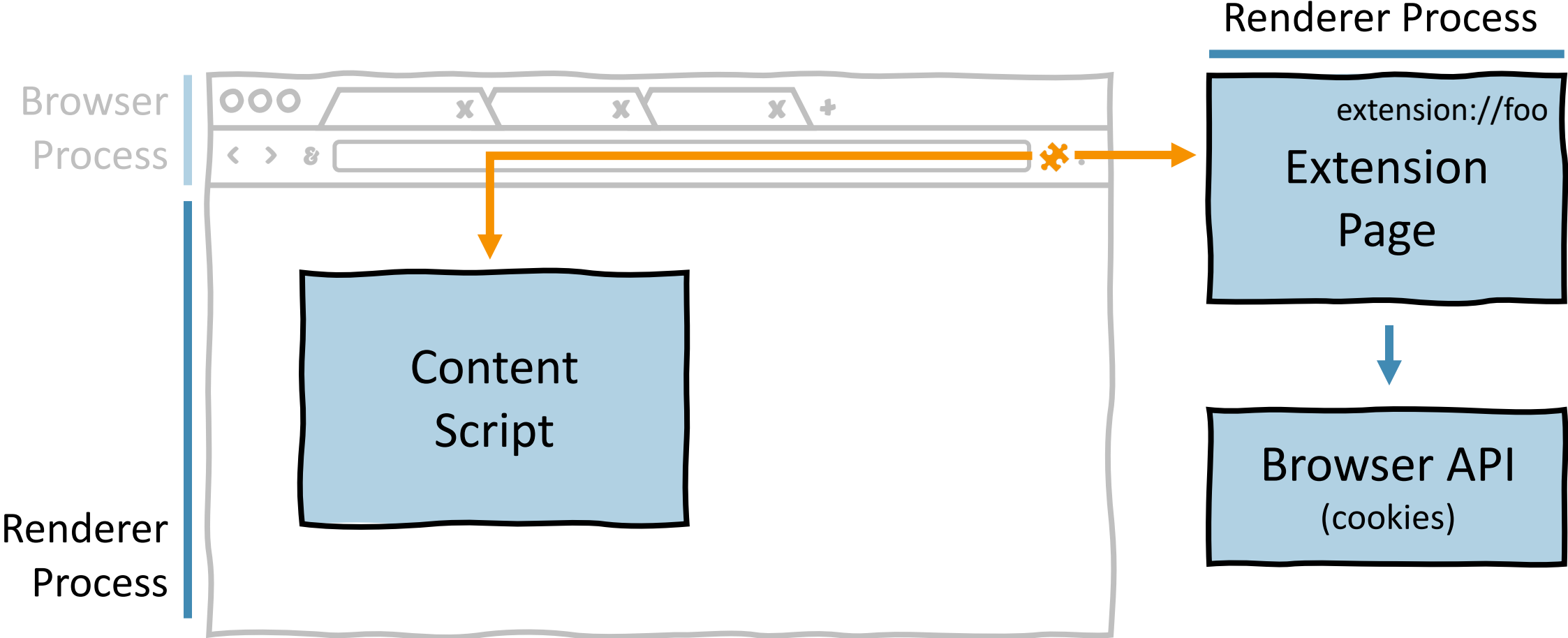
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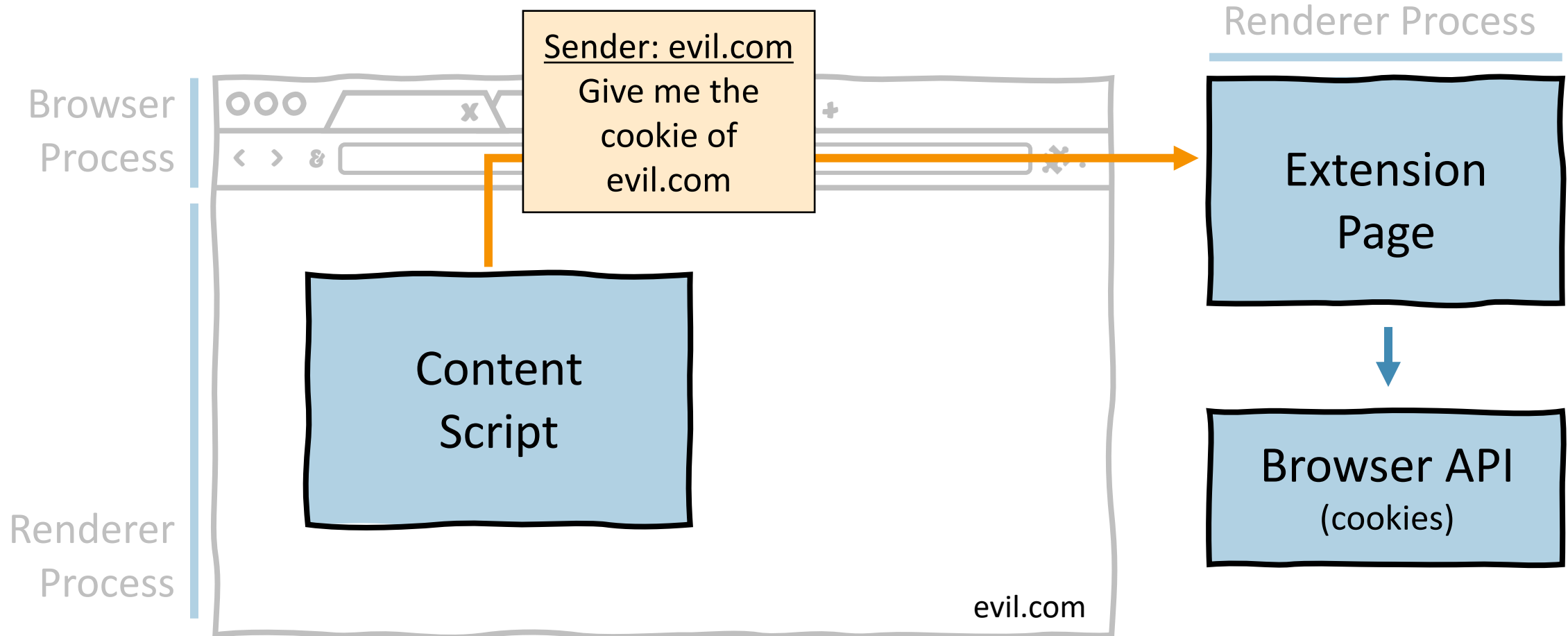
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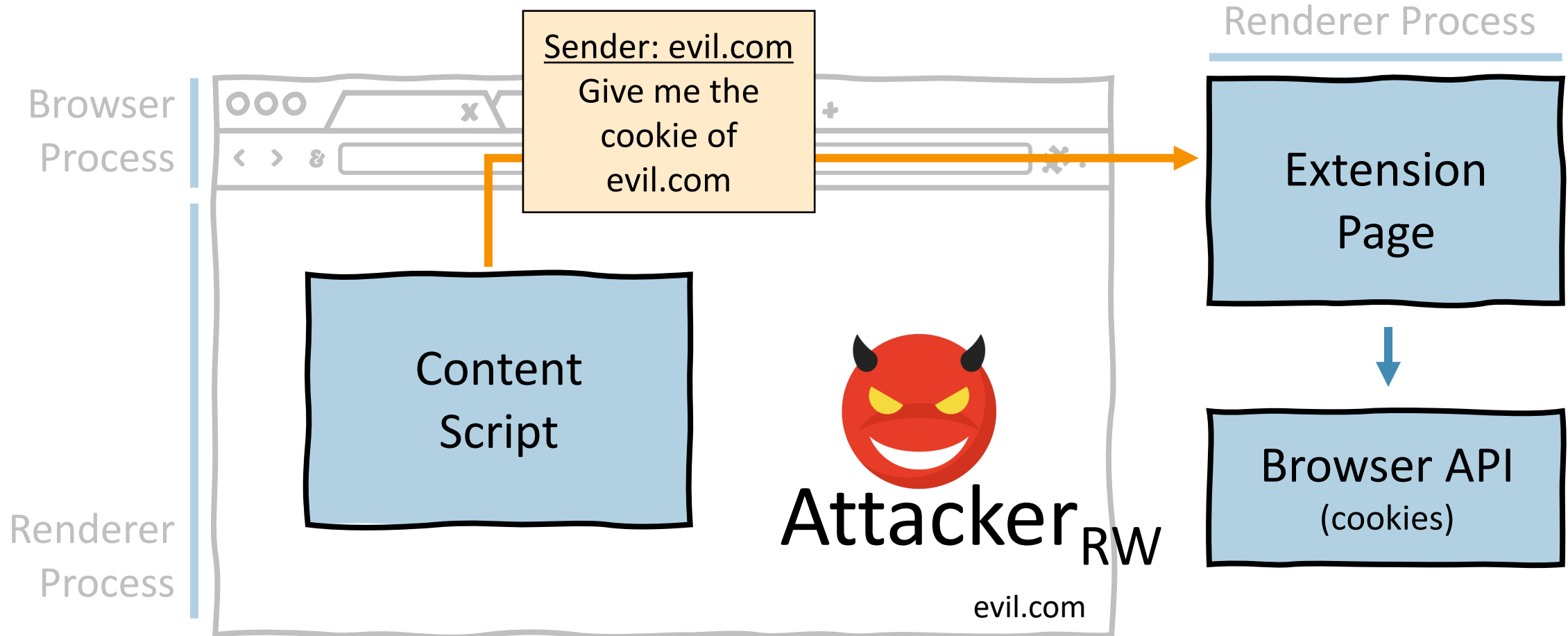


# ① Extension Message Passing

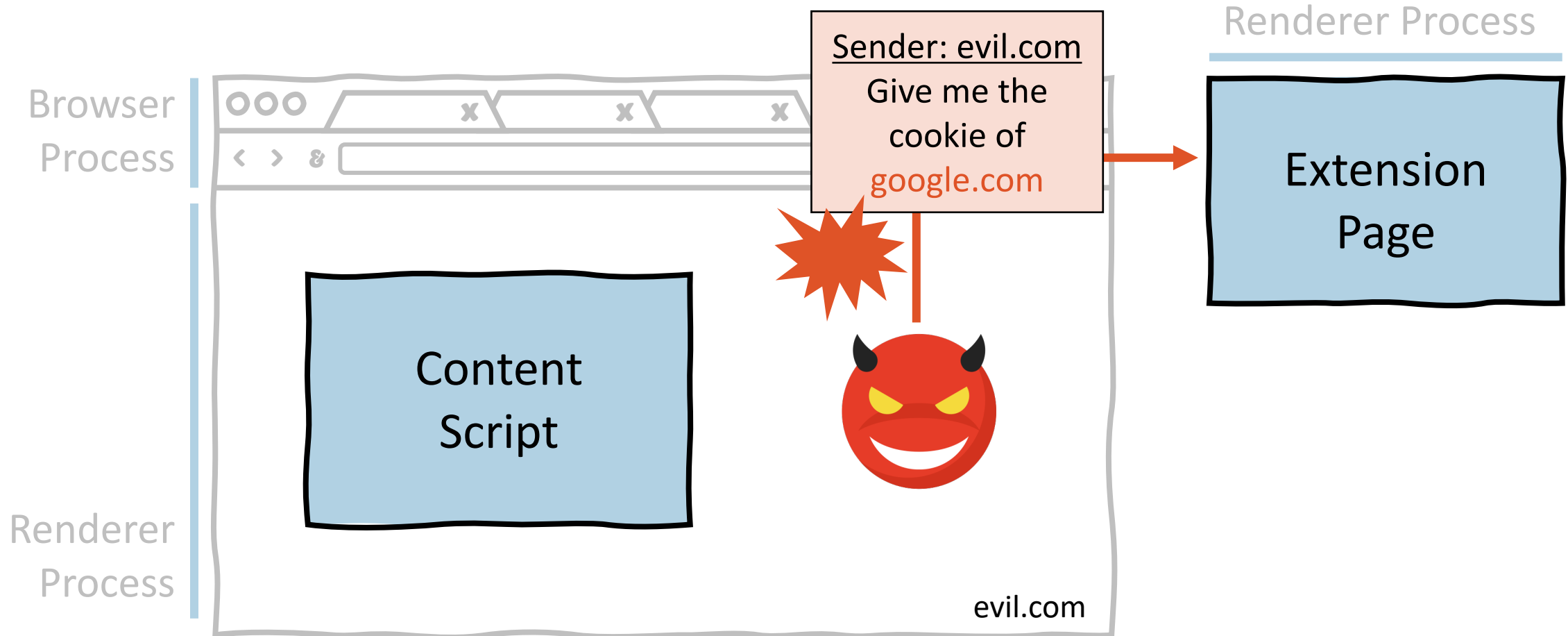




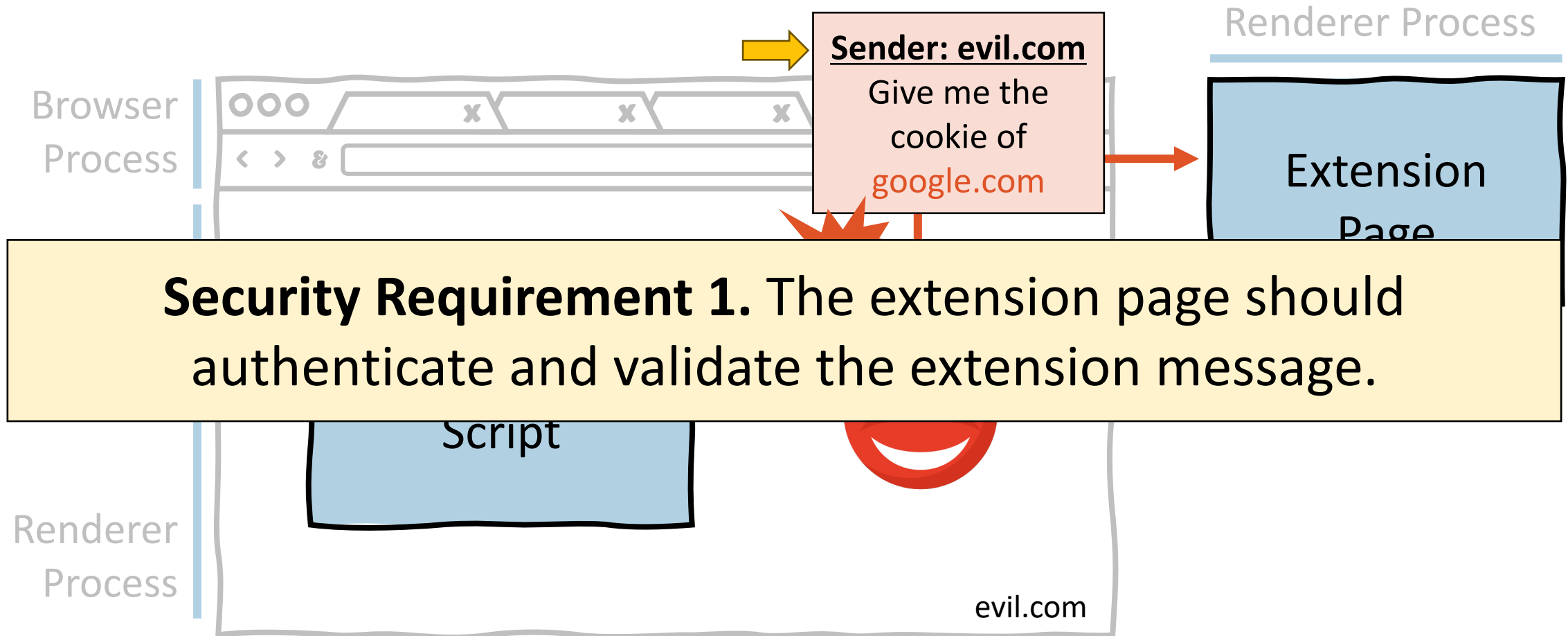
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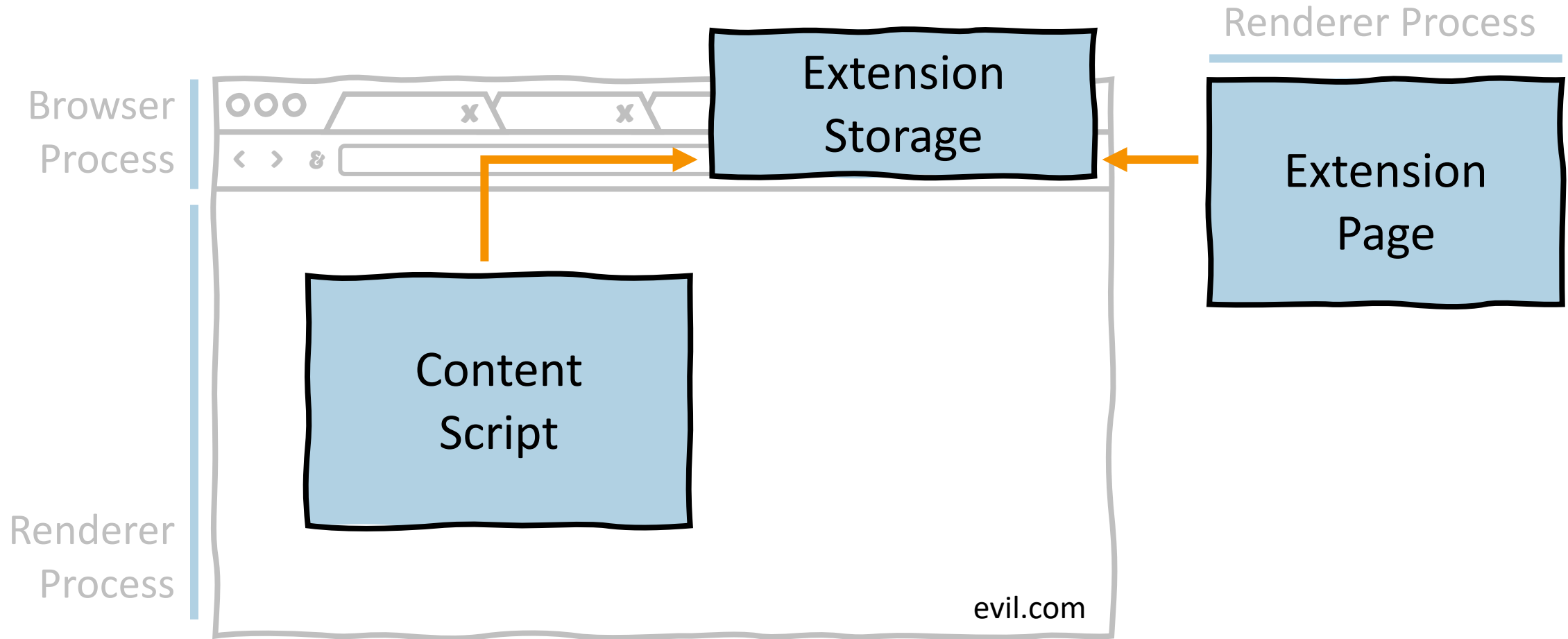
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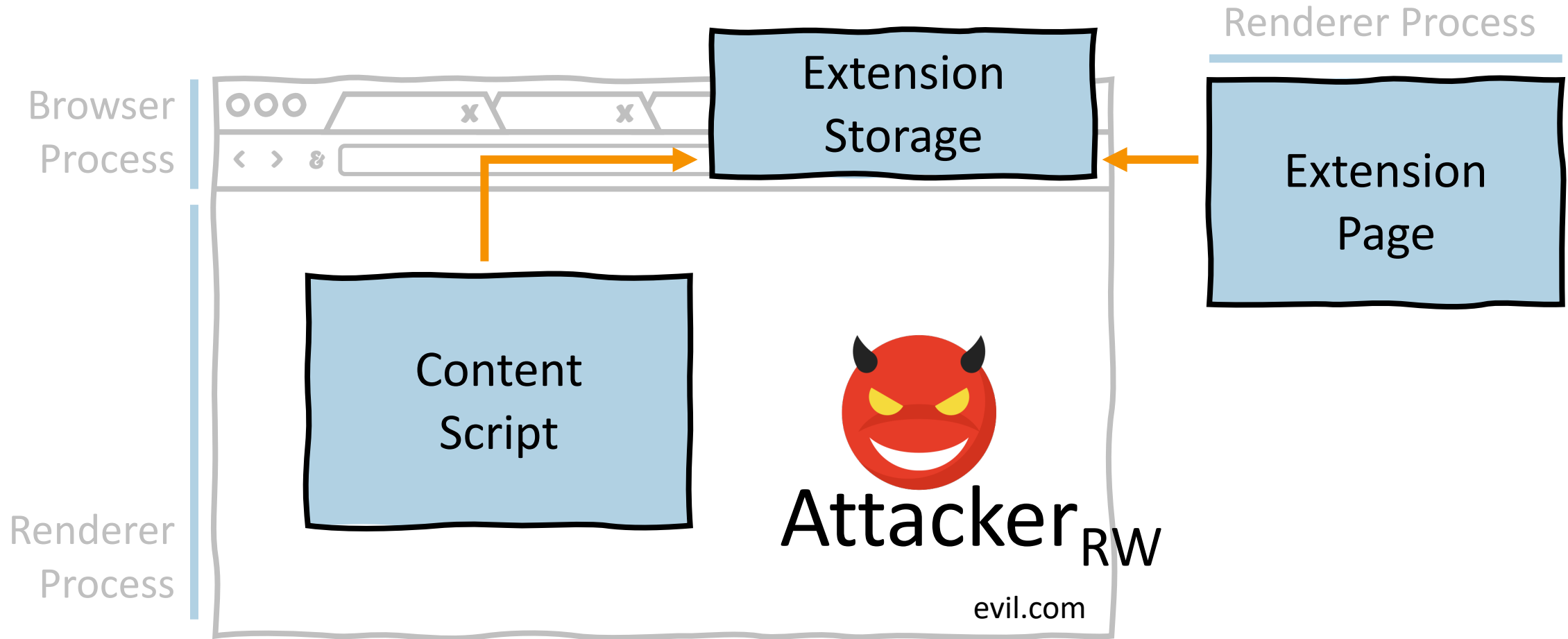
# Browser Issues & Vulnerabilities I

- [~~Chrome~~/Firefox/~~Safari~~] Compromised renderer can spoof `MessageSender.id` of an extension that has not injected a content script
- [~~Chrome~~/Firefox/~~Safari~~] Compromised renderer can spoof `MessageSender.url`
- [Firefox] `MessageSender.origin` is not available
- Sender information may be incorrect or unavailable
- Compromised renderer can send message to disallowed targets
- No API or documentation on how to verify the message

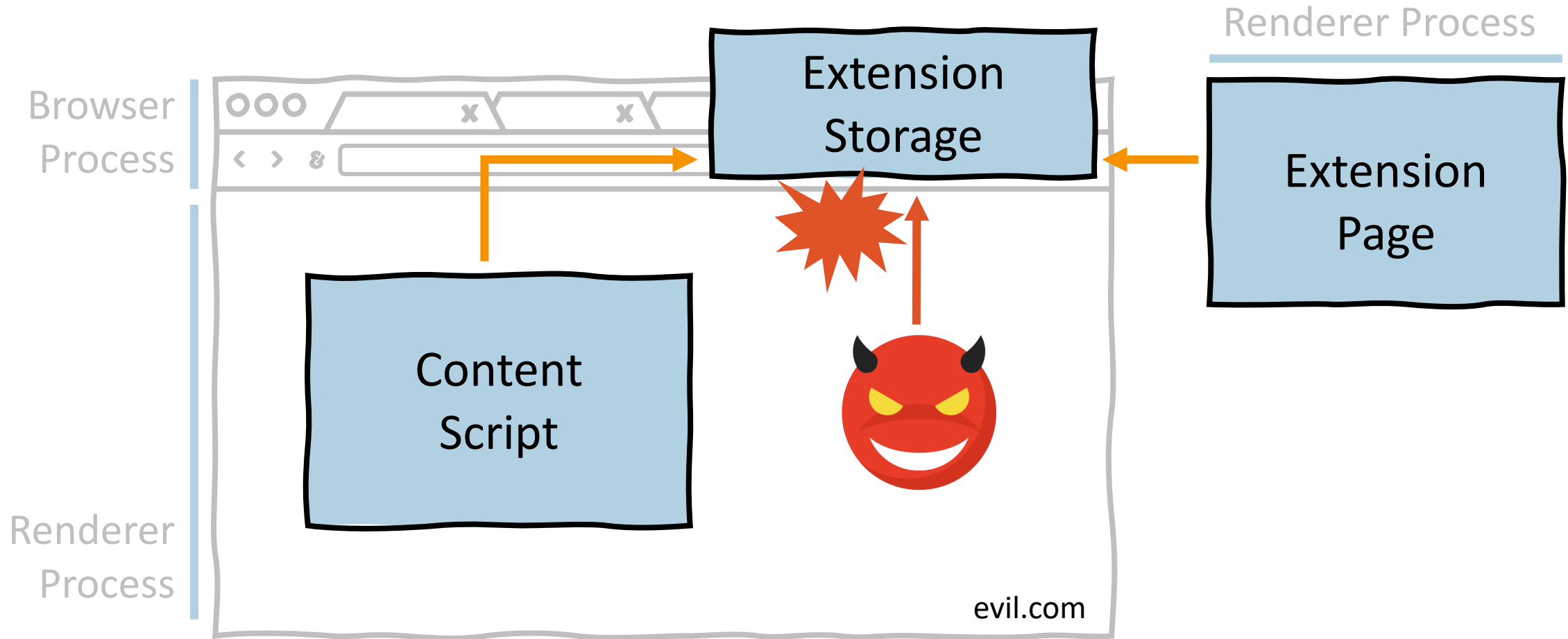
## ② Extension Storage



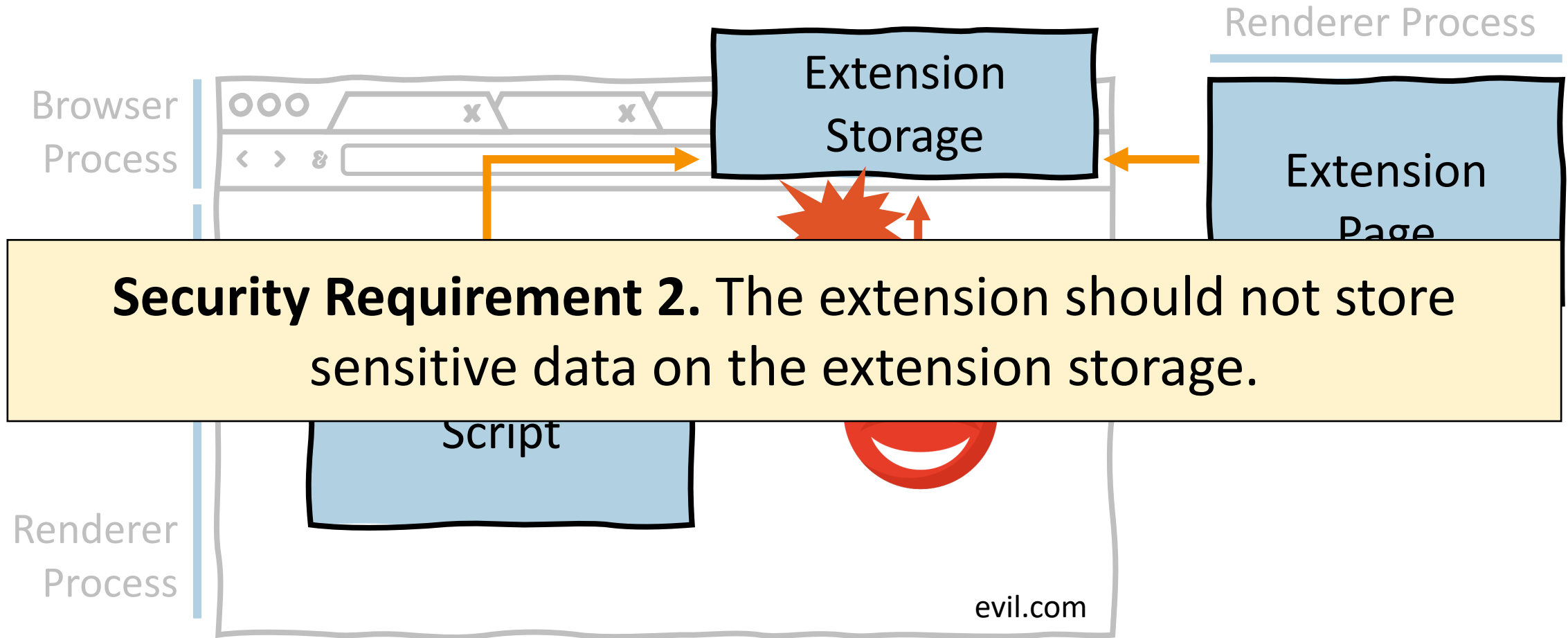
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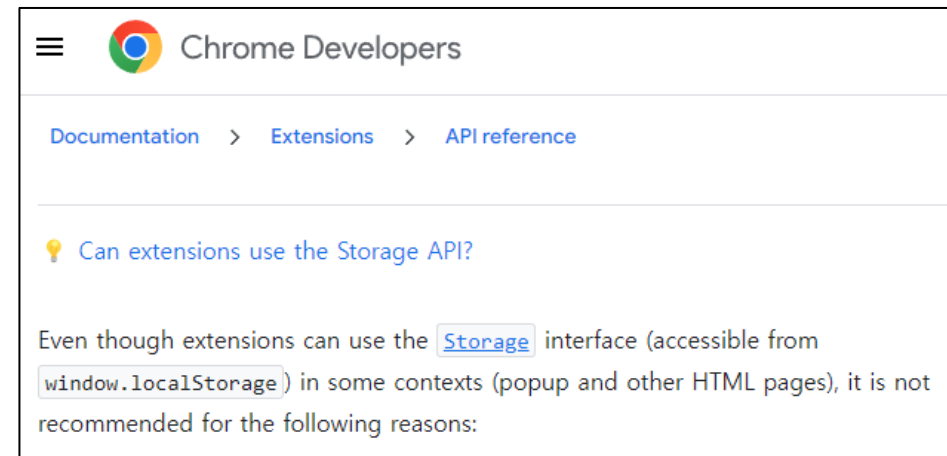
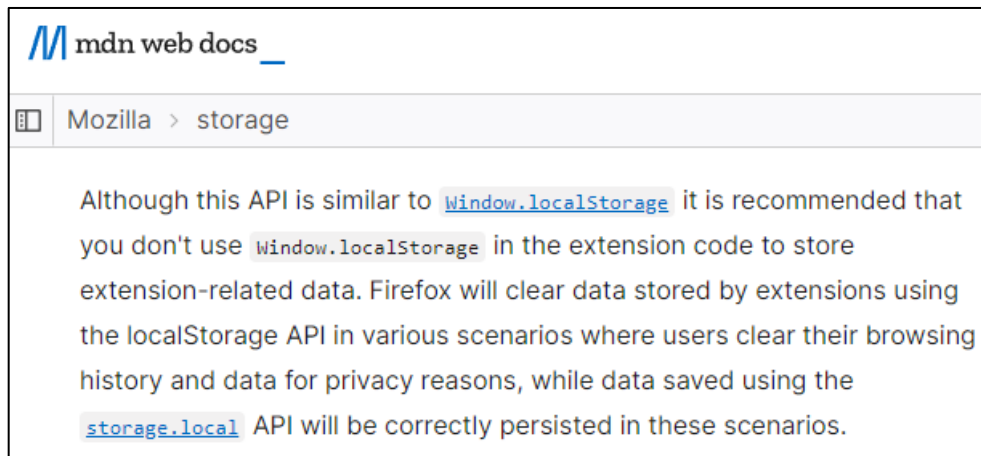
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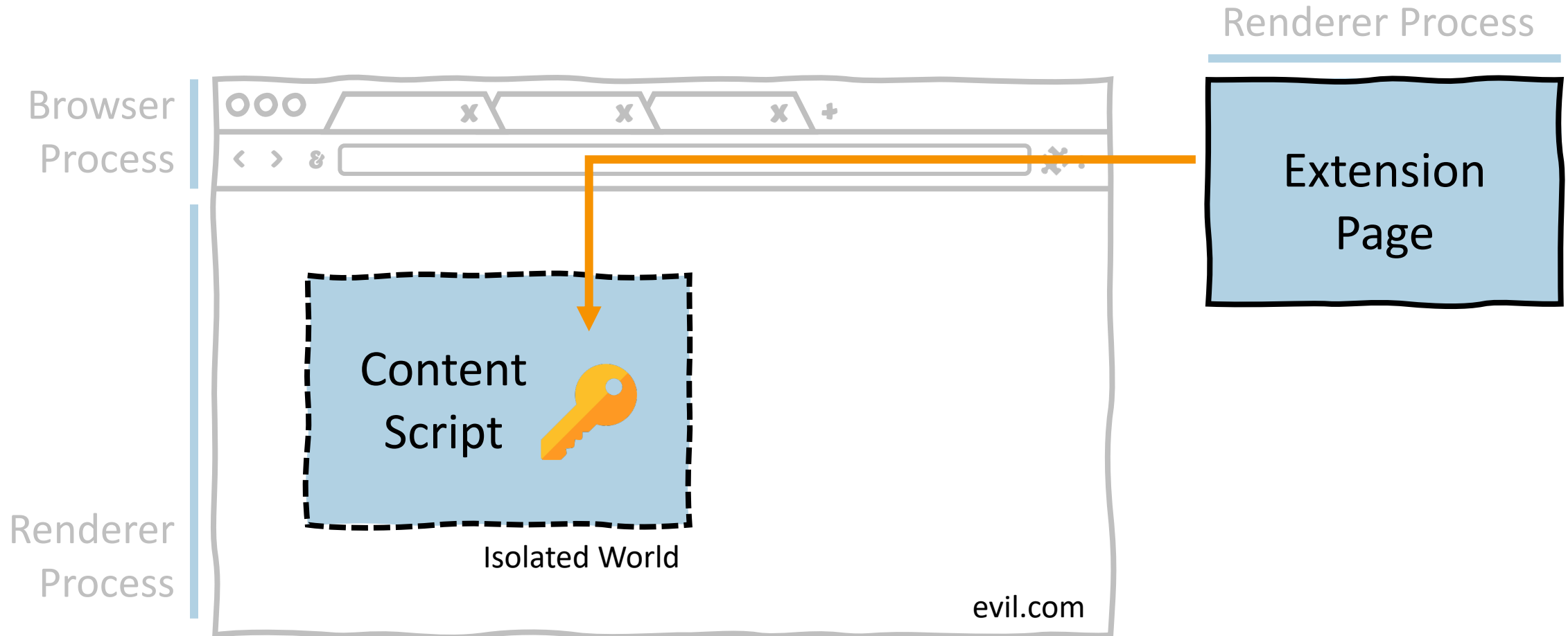


# Browser Issues & Vulnerabilities II

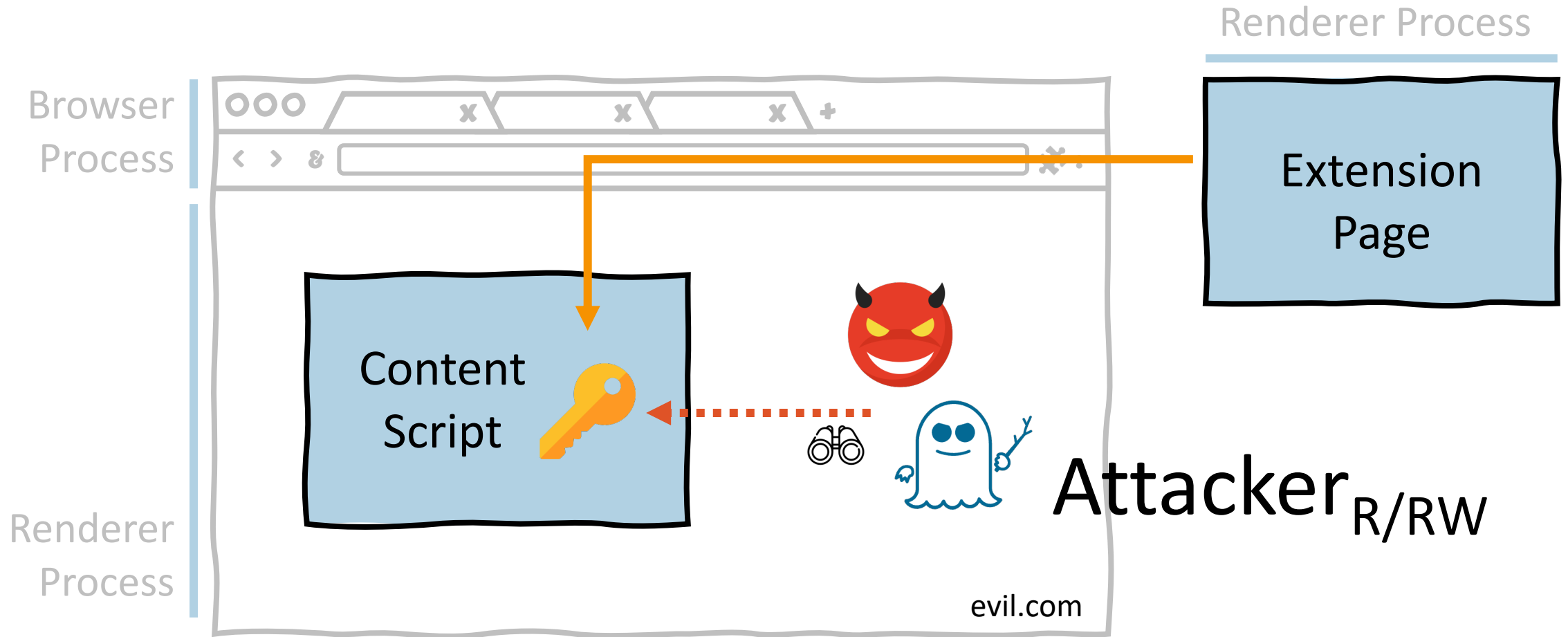
- [~~Chrome~~/Firefox/~~Safari~~] Compromised renderer can access the storage of an extension that has not injected a content script
- Origin-specific (non-shared) storages are discouraged in the documentation:



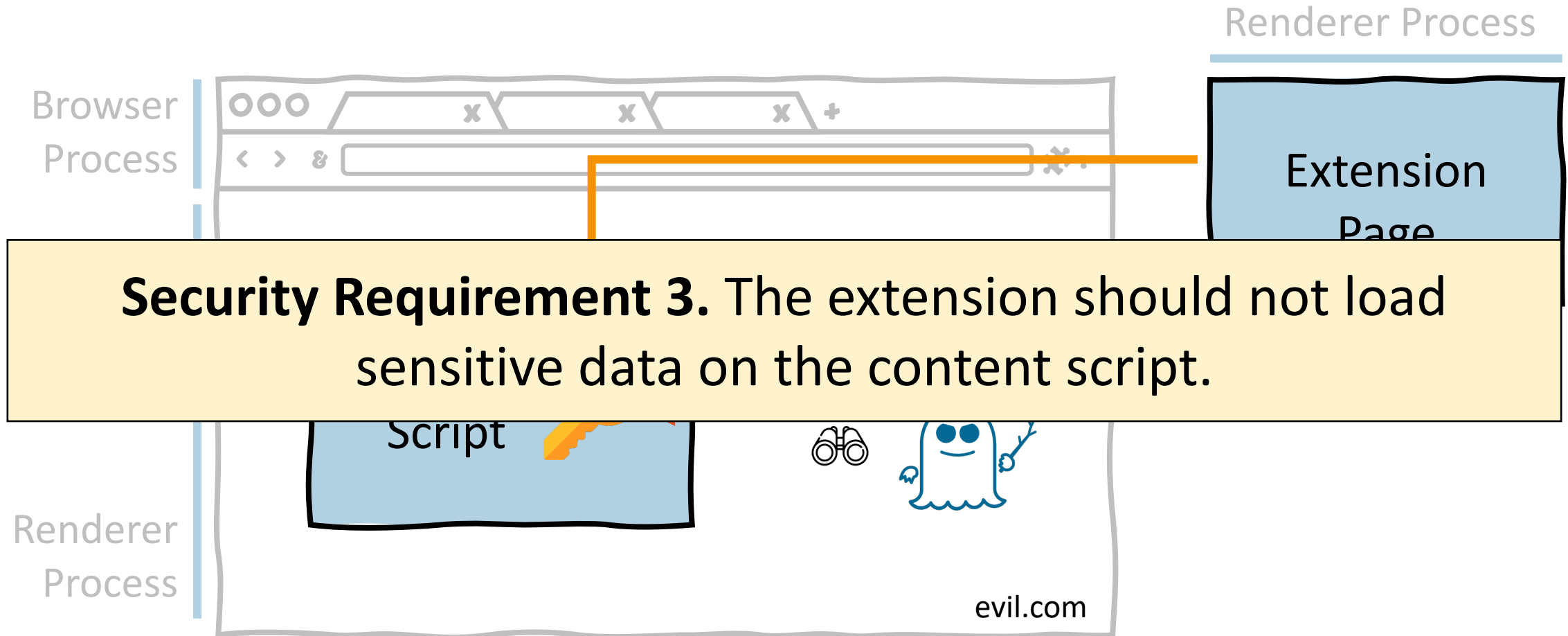
# ③ Isolated World



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How well do extension developers meet these requirements?

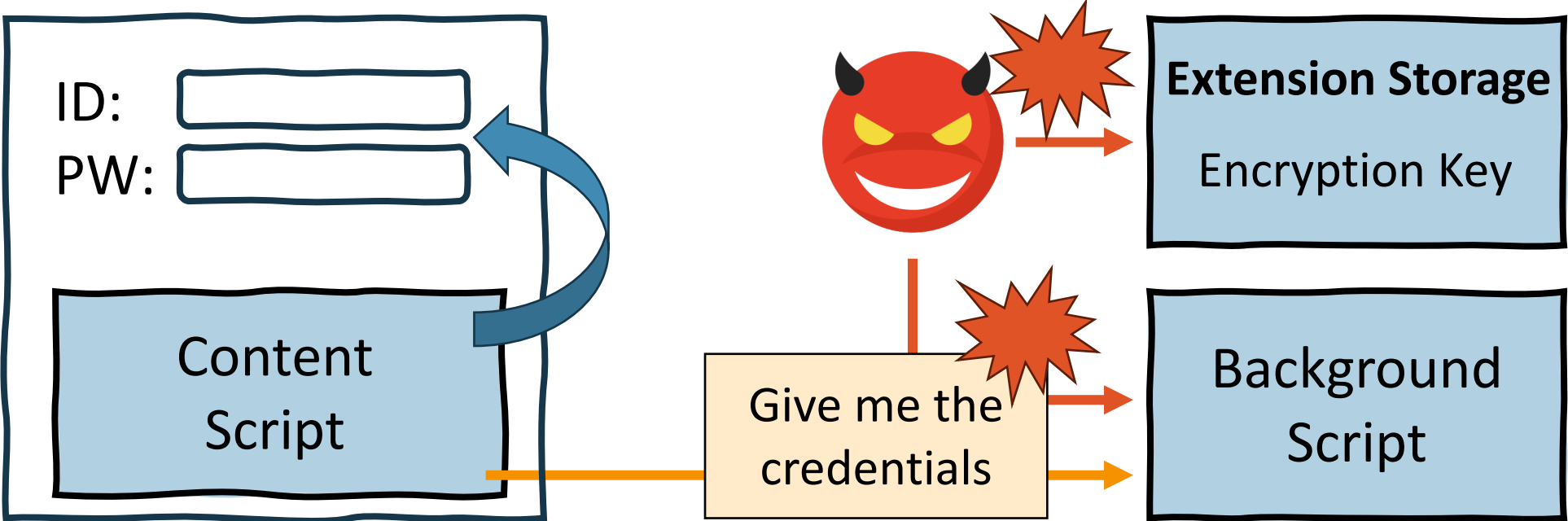
# Privilege Escalation Attacks

- Failure to authenticate the extension **message**
  - Read sensitive data
  - **Modify** sensitive data
  - Execute privileged APIs
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# Password Managers





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# Ad Blockers, Userscript Managers

## JavaScript rules #

AdGuard supports a special type of rules that allows you to inject any javascript code

We **strongly recommend** using **scriptlets** instead of JavaScript rules for debugging, but as a long-time solution a scriptlet rule should be used

### Syntax

```
rule = [domains] "#%#" script
```

### Extension Storage

User filters:  
example.com#%#  
showAd=false



### Extension Storage

User filters:  
example.com#%#  
alert(1)

showAd=false

UXSS

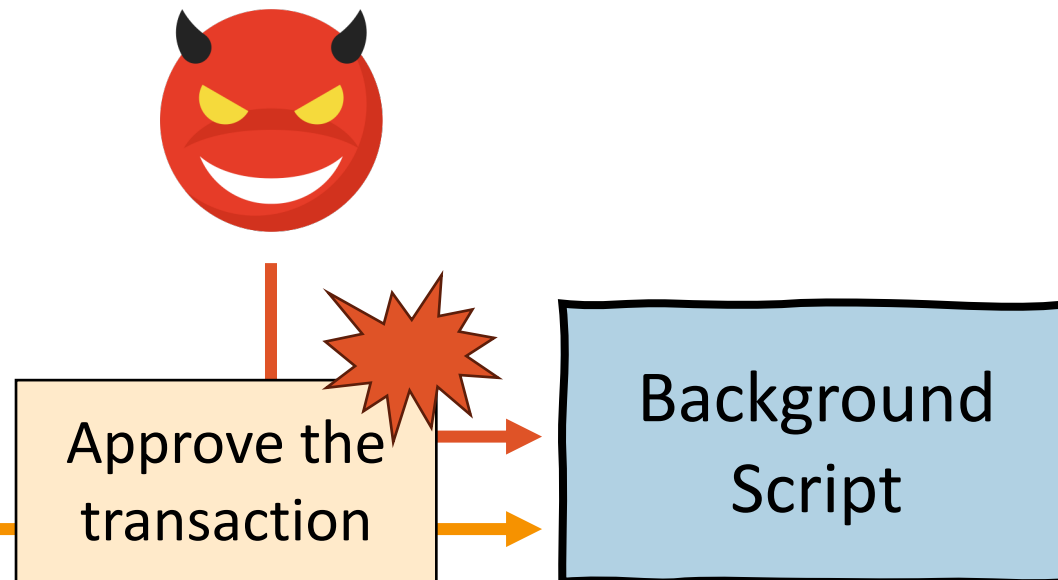
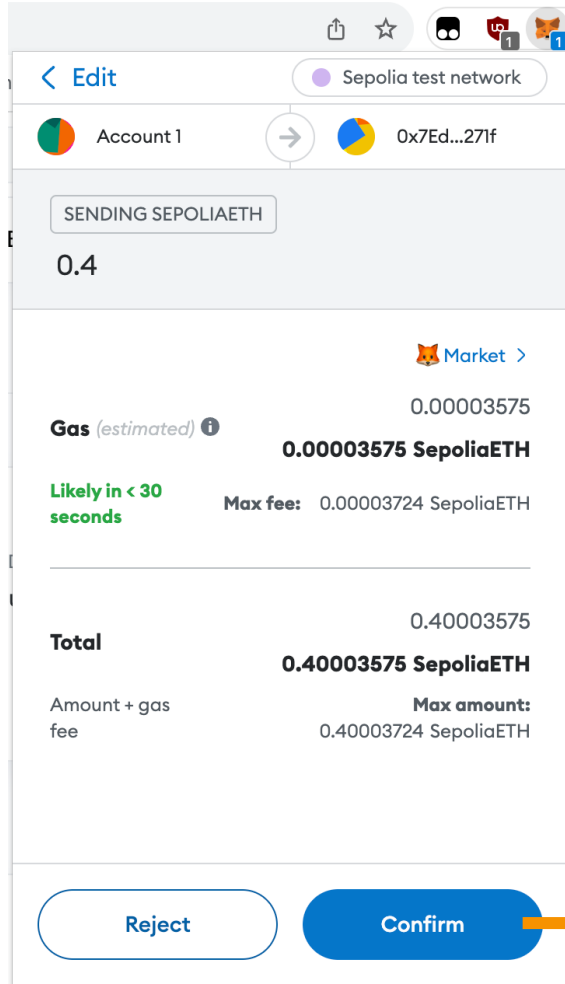
alert(1)

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# Cryptocurrency Wallets

## Popup

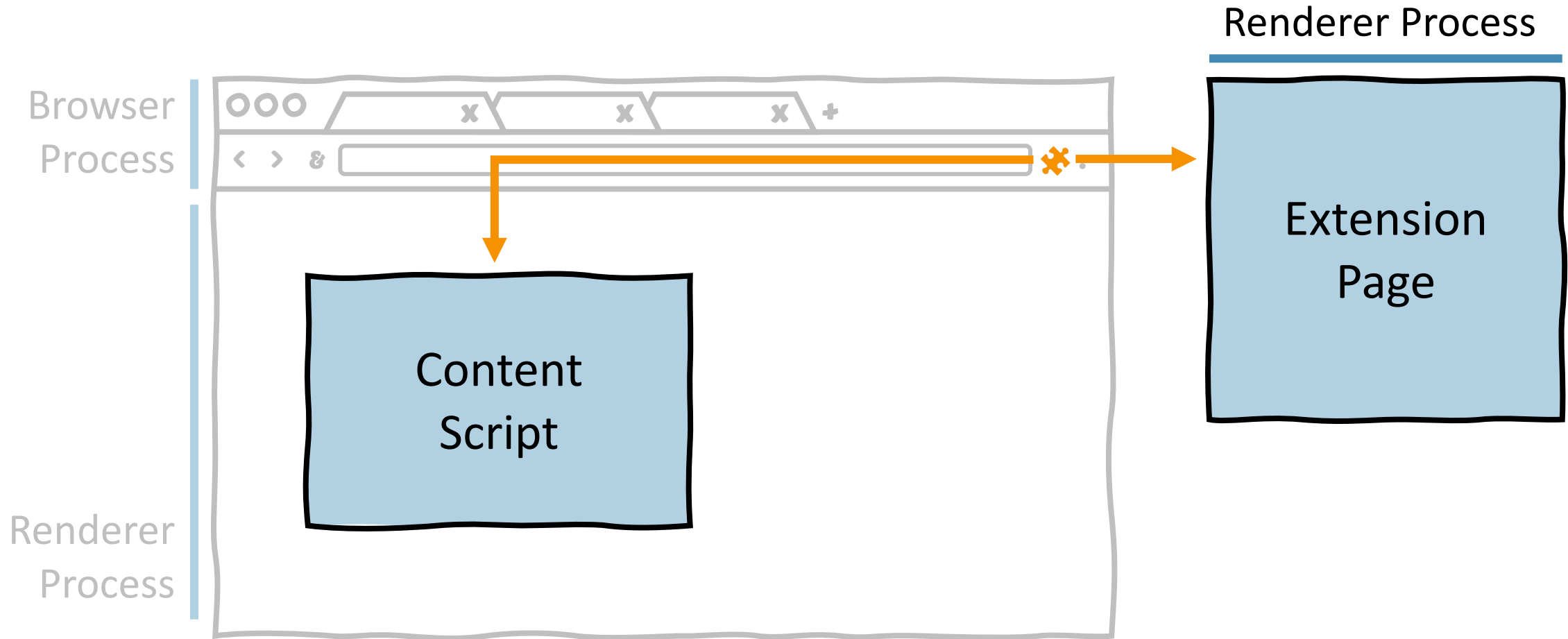


# Vulnerabilities found in...

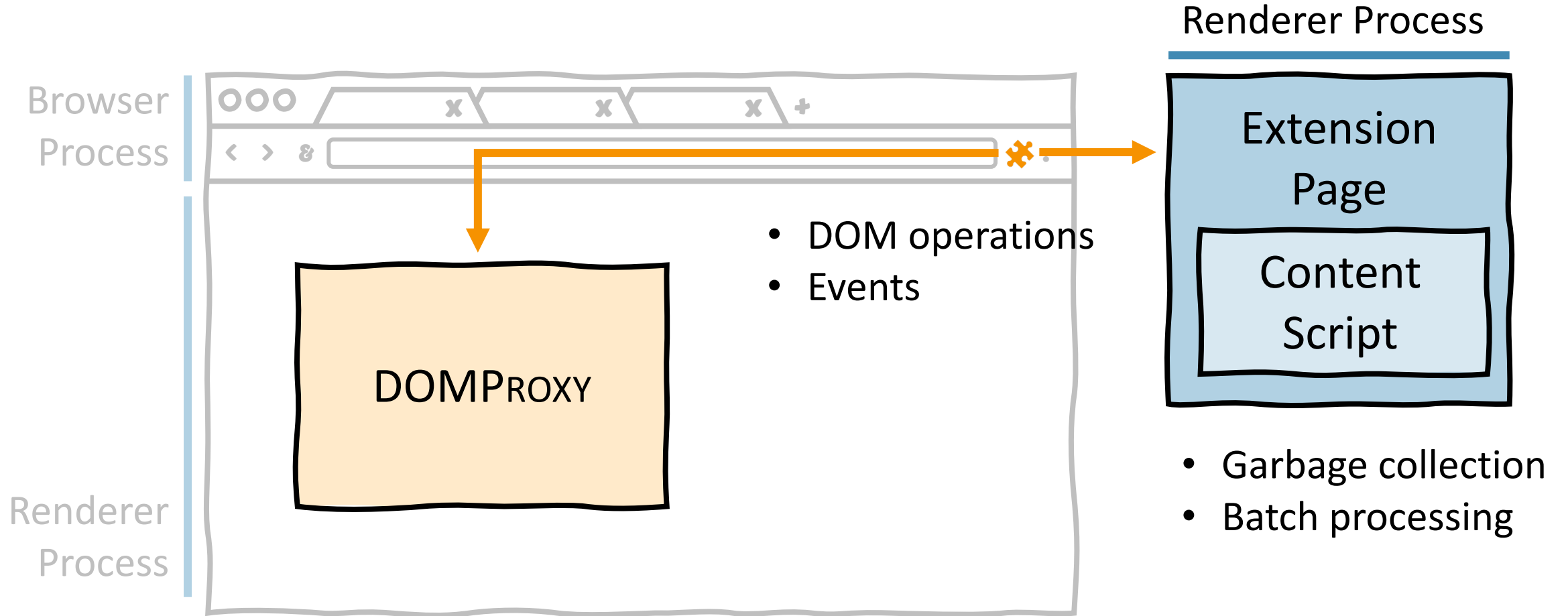
- Google Translate
- AdGuard AdBlocker
- Honey
- Adblock Plus
- uBlock Origin
- Adblock for YouTube
- Tampermonkey
- Kami
- Adobe Acrobat
- AdBlock
- LastPass
- Read&Write
- Remote Desktop
- ClassLink OneClick
- Cisco Webex
- Grammarly
- Screencastify
- MetaMask
- Clever
- Teleparty
- Windows Account

# Problem: Security requirements imposed on extension developers

# Our Solution: FISTBUMP

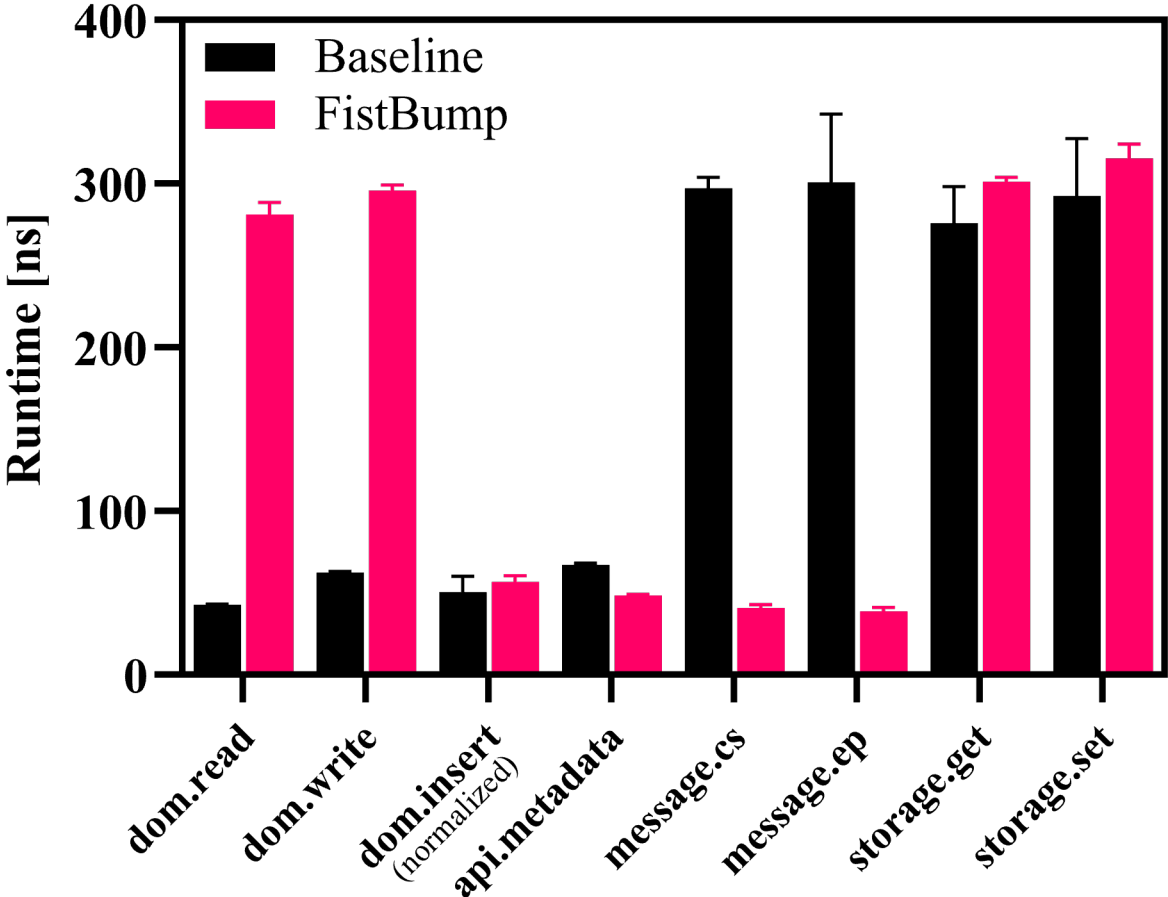


# Our Solution: FISTBUMP





# Evaluation



# Summary

- Current extension architecture imposes difficult **security requirements** on extension developers
- These lead to **privilege escalation attacks**, rendering the site isolation useless
- We propose FISTBUMP, a new extension architecture that **moves the content script to the extension process**



ym.kim@snu.ac.kr